

SMITH DECLARES FOR IMMEDIATE MODIFICATION OF VOLSTEAD ACT, EVENTUAL STATE SALE OF LIQUOR

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BUTLER PRAISES SMITH'S STAND ON PROHIBITION

Educator Says New Yorker's
Treatment of the Question Is "Frank and Forward Facing."

INSISTS ON REPEAL OF 18TH AMENDMENT

He Thinks, However, That
Democrat Nominee's Mod-
ification Plan Would
Relieve Present Situation.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, who a few days ago wrote a letter criticizing the stand of Herbert Hoover on prohibition and national defense, made the following statement to the Herald-Tribune on Gov. Smith's speech of acceptance:

"The address of acceptance of Gov. Smith is a statesmanlike document, well conceived, well phrased and admirably expressed. It shows the Governor at his best—and we New York Republicans know by long experience how good that is. His setting forth of the case of the Democratic party in this campaign is sane and on a high plane. This can only be met by like or better arguments on a similarly high plane."

"Of course, the Governor's viewpoint is a strictly partisan one. On all three paramount subjects of agriculture, foreign policy with respect to international prohibition, the Governor speaks with no uncertain sound. No one can mistake what he means or what he will do if elected. His treatment of prohibition is frank, constructive and forward-facing. If Gov. Smith can bring the Democratic party to the support of the position which he takes an enormous service will thereby be rendered to the nation. It remains for those of us Republicans of the old-fashioned sort who are profoundly interested in fundamental political principles to see whether we can get to something with the Republican party."

"The proposed modification of the Volstead act is fully within the present powers of Congress and would perhaps have some slight extent of the difficulties of the present situation. It would not, however, reach the root of the matter, which is the eighteenth amendment itself."

"For reasons of moral and political principle which I have frequently given and which have never been answered I urge and shall continue to urge absolute repeal of that amendment. Gov. Smith now proposes an ingenious and practicable plan by amending the eighteenth amendment, and returning to those states whose people desire it the authority to control the liquor traffic within their several borders after the fashion which has proved so successful in Quebec, and other Canadian provinces."

"The objection to the eighteenth amendment itself would not be met entirely by this method of dealing with the subject. That amendment would remain to plague the Constitution with false doctrine for years to come."

"It will be most interesting to observe the reaction of public opinion to Gov. Smith's very definite and reasonable recommendation."

Joseph Daniels Thinks Stand on Prohibition Unwise.

RALPH, N. C., Aug. 23.—Joseph Daniels, Secretary of the Navy in President Wilson's Cabinet, said Gov. Smith's acceptance speech "rings true upon the fundamentals of democracy," but declared the nominee's stand against prohibition to be "unwise."

"Nothing could be more inconsistent," he said, "than Smith's desire to let the states decide the alcoholic content of beverages and having enforcement to the Federal Government."

"As a matter of fact," he continued, "there are just two courses to pursue: Continual prohibition with concurrent enforcement by State and Federal governments or a return to complete State control."

"Even if Gov. Smith's position were tenable the proposal of amending the eighteenth amendment is one which is now so impossible of accomplishment that it is nothing more than the expression of a personal opinion."

SMITH NOTIFICATION CEREMONIES HELD INSIDE DUE TO RAIN

Continued From Page One.

erendum, the right to sell intoxicating liquors.

Calling attention to the Canadian system of handling liquor sales, he asserted that he would never consent to the return of the saloon, and advocated instead sale of intoxicants by state agencies. He promised the farmers sympathetic consideration of their problem and reiterated that, if elected, he would seek the best possible counsel in framing a relief program.

The Governor frequently halted

Gov. Smith's Statement of His Plans for Modification of National Prohibition

THE President of the United States has two constitutional duties with respect to prohibition. The first is embodied in his oath of office. If, with one hand on the Bible and the other hand reaching up to Heaven, I promise the people of this country that "I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States and to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States," you may be sure that I shall live up to that oath to the last degree. I shall to the very limit execute the pledge of our platform "to make an honest endeavor to enforce the eighteenth amendment and all other provisions of the Federal Constitution and all laws enacted pursuant thereto."

The President does not make the laws. He does his best to execute them whether he likes them or not. The corruption in enforcement activities which caused a former Republican Prohibition Administrator to state that three-fourths of the dry agents were political ward heelers named by politicians without regard to civil service laws and that prohibition is the "new political pork barrel," I will ruthlessly stamp out. Such conditions can not and will not exist under any administration presided over by me.

The second constitutional duty imposed upon the President is "To recommend to the Congress such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient." Opinion upon prohibition cuts squarely across the two great political parties. There are thousands of so-called "wets and dries" in each. The platform of my party is silent upon any question of change in the law. I personally believe that there should be a change and I shall advise the Congress in accordance with my constitutional duty of what ever changes I deem "necessary or expedient."

It will then be for the people and the representatives in the national and state legislatures to determine whether these changes shall be made.

I will state the reasons for my belief. In a book "Law and Its Origin," recently called to my notice, James C. Carter, one of the leaders of the bar of this country, wrote of the conditions which exist "when a law is made declaring conduct widely-practiced and widely regarded as innocent to be a crime." He points out that in the enforcement of such a law "trials become scenes of perjury and subornation of perjury; juries find abundant excuses for rendering acquittal or persisting in disagreement contrary to their oaths" and he concludes, "perhaps worst of all is that general regard and reverence for law are impaired, a consequence the mischief of which can scarcely be estimated." These words written years before the eighteenth amendment or the Volstead act were prophetic of our situation today.

Temperance vs. Disregard for the Law.

I believe in temperance. We have not achieved temperance under the present system. The mothers and fathers of young men and women throughout this land know the anxiety and worry which has been brought to them by their children's use of liquor in a way which was unknown before prohibition. I believe in reverence for law. Today disregard of the prohibition laws is invidiously sapping respect for all law. I raise, therefore, what I profoundly believe to be a great moral issue involving the righteousness of our national conduct on the protection of our children's morals.

Jeffersonian Principles.

The remedy, as I have stated, is the fearless application of Jeffersonian principles. Jefferson and his followers foresaw the complex



GOV. ALFRED E. SMITH.

activities of this great widespread country. They knew that in rural, sparsely settled districts people would develop different desires and customs from those in densely populated sections and that if we were to be a nation united on truly national matters, there had to be a differentiation in local laws to allow for different local habits. It was for this reason that the Democratic platform in 1894 announced: "We oppose summary laws which vex the citizens and interfere with individual liberty," and it was for this reason that Woodrow Wilson vetoed the Volstead act.

In accordance with this Democratic principle, some immediate relief would come from an amendment to the Volstead law giving a scientific definition of the alcoholic content of

intoxicating beverage. The present definition is admittedly inaccurate and unsatisfactory. Each State would then be allowed to fix its own standard of alcoholic content, subject always to the proviso that that standard could not exceed the maximum fixed by the Congress.

Amendment to the Eighteenth Amendment.

I believe moreover that there should be submitted to the people the question of some change in the provisions of the eighteenth amendment. Certainly, no one foresaw when the amendment was ratified the conditions which exist today of bootlegging, corruption and open violation of the law in all parts of the country. The people themselves should after this eight years of trial, be permitted to say whether existing conditions should be rectified.

I personally believe in an amendment to the eighteenth amendment which would give to each individual State itself, only after approval by a referendum popular vote of its people, the right wholly within its borders to import, manufacture or cause to be manufactured and sell alcoholic beverages, the sale to be made only by the State itself and not for consumption in any public place. We may well learn from the experience of other nations. Our Canadian neighbors have gone far in this manner to solve this problem by the method of sale made by the state itself and not by private individuals.

No Return to the Saloon.

There is no question here of the return of the saloon. When I stated that the saloon "is and ought to be a defunct institution in this country" I meant it. I mean it today. I will never advocate nor approve any law which directly or indirectly permits the return of the saloon.

Such a change would preserve for the dry states the benefit of a national law that would continue to make interstate shipment of intoxicating beverages a crime. It would preserve for the dry states Federal enforcement of prohibition within their own borders. It would permit to citizens of other states a carefully limited and controlled method of effectuating the popular will wholly within the borders of those states without the old evil of the saloon.

A Solution Based on Democratic Principles.

Such a method would re-establish respect for law and terminate the agitation which has injected discord into the ranks of the great political parties which should be standing for the accomplishment of fundamental programs for the nation. I may fairly say even to those who disagree with me that the solution I offer is one based upon the historic policy of the Democratic party, to assure to each State its complete right of local self-government. I believe it is a solution which would today be offered by Jefferson, or Jackson or Cleveland or Wilson, if those great leaders were with us.

The text of Gov. Smith's address is on pages 22 and 23 of this edition of the Post-Dispatch.

the applause by holding up his hand. Outside the handclapping and cheering greeted almost every subject he touched upon, the farm surplus crop problem, the Republican administration and particularly its Latin-American policy, a "real" endeavor to outlaw war, and immigration.

Attitude on Tariff. Also meeting with applause were his statements against any "suggestion of drastic" changes in the tariff, for maintaining public ownership and control of water power resources; his references to labor, veterans, conservation, Government department reorganization, and his emphasis that his appointments, if he were elected, would not be influenced by a person's wet or dry attitude, financial or sectional considerations, or religious affiliations.

Smith was greeted with an ovation, lasting four minutes, as he rose to deliver his speech, and was heralded, would not be influenced by a person's wet or dry attitude, financial or sectional considerations, or religious affiliations. Previously, Senator Pittman of Nevada had notified Smith that he had been chosen "commander-in-chief of the hosts of Democracy" with full confidence that you will carry our banner to victory."

Reaching the name of Woodrow Wilson in his notification address, the Senator paused for some handclapping, and as this died down, some one shouted in the stillness: "Al is greater than all."

Speaking at the rate of more than 100 words a minute, and with few gestures, Smith frequently paused to drink some water. He took an hour and 15 minutes to complete the address.

After it was over he walked out to the east steps to thank the crowd, still standing in the rain. "There have been many times when I have regretted the inadequacy of the Assembly chamber," he said, "but that inadequacy never was so forcefully borne upon me as tonight."

"I watched them build this platform," I saw it grow from a thing of rough planks to its present finished state, and I kept figuring to myself every day what a good time I was going to have Wednesday night.

"Well it was ordered otherwise, but I am given to understand that you heard it all any way—through the horn."

"Senator Pittman told you, at the conclusion of his speech that I would come down here and speak to you for a few minutes. That's why I'm here; what I want to do is to introduce to you some

of the figures you listened to over the microphone, so that you will know what they look like."

Smith then introduced Robinson, Pittman and Chairman Raskob of the National Committee. Then a voice came up from the drenched throng:

"I ruined a perfectly good hat coming here to hear you tonight, Al."

"Yes, and I'm ruining a perfectly good voice," the Governor shot back. "Furthermore," he said, "You'll only need that hat until Sept. 15, but I'm going to need this voice for two and a half months."

Waited Hours in Rain. After the speech was over it remained for the rain-soaked throngs on the Capitol lawn to give Gov. Smith a sample of the demonstration that might have been, if the notification ceremonies had been held outside.

For hours they had waited with the rain pouring down their backs, with their eyes getting punched by umbrellas, and with their feet seeking wet ground. On the man they had listened to on the radio—and when he appeared they gave vent to their feelings with the enthusiasm of a college crowd wild over a touchdown.

As the voice of the Democratic presidential nominee ceased to

WILL ROGERS EXPLAINS WHAT FARMER NEEDS

Punch in Jaw if He Believes
Either Party Cares About
Him After Election.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—This week's issue of Life publishes the following from the pen of Will Rogers, who has announced himself as the anti-bunk candidate for President:

"Al can hand the farmer a couple of subway tickets and Hoover can slip him a blue print, and that's all either one can really deliver."

"Now that the notification ceremonies is over, with no refusals, we can just sit down and figure out what was it all about, anyhow. 'The object of these notification ceremonies was to let Hoover and Smith what the delegates did at Kansas City and Houston. And what did the delegates do at Kansas City and Houston? They made a couple of things called platforms and there is no more difference in the two platforms than there is in two musical shows. How could there be? They are both catering to the same voters?"

"They both want the farmer's vote. So what can they do but promise him in payment for it that they will do something for him? The only thing about the bargain is that the farmer has got to help them first."

"I am the only candidate that is running on either side that has ever looked a mule in the face (or otherwise) down a corn row. I know what the farmer needs, but I can't give it to him. But I am going to tell him before election that I can't give it to him—and not afterwards."

"A vote for me means you will be disappointed earlier than you will be disappointed by either of the other two recent farmers."

"I can tell you in a few words what the farmer needs. He needs a punch in the jaw if he believes that either one of the parties cares a damn about him after election."

"That's all the farmer needs and that's all he'll get."

ASSASSIN WOUNDS ITALIAN CONSUL AT FRENCH RESORT

By the Associated Press.

NICE, Aug. 23.—The Marquis de Muro, Italian consul at St. Raphael, a nearby resort, was wounded from ambush with a shotgun last night but only slightly hurt. His assailant fired from behind a tree as he was leaving his house, shots struck the consul in the face. A maid servant who was walking beside him also was hit.

Sound over the radio, shouts arose from all parts of the spacious lawn.

"We want Al, we want Al," came from every quarter and then, "Down with that umbrella—Hoy you, get that umbrella out of my way."

Umbrellas Torn Down. Here and there an umbrella came down with a struggle. Camera men sent off batteries of flashes, and one photographer who had been flashing with regularity more than an hour sent off a blast that made many jump, and several women scream.

As those near the door saw Smith emerge, they set up a shout and this was carried down the line. There was a rush for the little wooden stairway, which like a gang plank led from the Capitol to the east steps of the broad seventy-four step granite stairway, and only the efforts of the New York State police kept them from sweeping it away.

"Hey, you, stop that grabbing," shouted a trooper as one enthusiast attempted to grab the Governor's hand.

"Get that umbrella down," came a chorus far down the stairway as Smith proceeded under the protection of the troopers stationed down the line.

Senator Robinson Recognized. "Hip, hip, hooray for Al," shouted someone and then midway down the little "gangplank," a commotion was stirred up—Senator Robinson had been recognized.

Apparently no one had thought of surrounding him with protection and before troopers arrived he had been jostled by those trying to grab his hand.

"Good boy, Joe," sang out the same fat man who had shouted the "Hip, Hip, Hooray for Al." Then the Senator was rescued by the troopers.

It was a heterogeneous gathering. Many had come miles or the notification only to be denied entrance. In the crowd outside were many of those high in the councils of the Democratic party and they rubbed elbows with street urchins who ducked in and out, here and there.

Among those on the outside were Franklin D. Roosevelt and his wife—the man who eight years ago was the party's vice presidential nominee, and not far from them stood a newswoman, unprotected and soaked by the rain.

His name was Dominic Anandrucci, a typical American newswoman, and when asked what he thought of the man who himself in boyhood days sold newspapers, he declared without hesitation: "He ought to be elected."

The text of Gov. Smith's speech of acceptance is on pages 22 and 23 of this edition of the Post-Dispatch.

Smith Program Based on Progressive Plan

Continued From Page One.

plus without controlled sale of the surplus." He said that the Democratic platform pointed the way to the tariff effective for these commodities. While he believed that Government should interfere in business as little as possible, it was "bad logic, bad economics and an abandonment of Government responsibility" to say that the Government should assist others and let the farmer languish.

"Our platform," he said, "declares for the development of co-operative marketing and an earnest endeavor to solve the problem of the distribution of the cost of dealing with crop surpluses over the marketed unit of the crop whose producers are benefited by such assistance. Only the mechanics remain to be devised."

He said that, if elected, he would immediately summon to this task a conference of farmers and farm leaders, "sound economists and fair-minded leaders of finance and business," and would present to Congress their solution of the problem.

"I shall support the activities of this body," he promised, "until a satisfactory law is placed upon the statute books."

Public Ownership of Power Sites. Smith came out unequivocally for public ownership and control of waterpower sites. "Where they are owned by the Federal Government," he said, "they should remain under Federal control. Where they are owned by an individual state, they should be under the control of that state, or where they are owned by states jointly, they should be under the control of those states."

He denounced hotly the "dishonest and unpatriotic" propaganda disclosed by the investigation of the utility corporations. His methods used by private interests to gain control of water-power resources was an indication, he said, of the value of this heritage. He promised to carry into Federal administration the same policy which he had maintained in New York.

"It is to me unthinkable," he said, "that the Government of the United States are any state thereof will permit either the direct or indirect alienation of water-power sites."

Addressing himself specifically to the proposed Colorado River development, Smith said that the electricity generated as an incident to the regulation of the flow of this river "should be equitably distributed among the states having right of ownership." The duty of the Federal Government, in his view, was confined to navigation. He believed that the best plan was to set up a "Colorado River authority, representative equally of all the states concerned."

He declared that the Government should retain ownership and control of Muscle Shoals and use it for the production of nitrates and electric power.

Smith said that, if elected President, he would maintain "that direct contact with the people" which had enabled him as Governor to put through a constructive program of legislation.

Touching briefly on corruption, he said that in the last campaign the Republican managers had been partly successful in making the people believe that the dishonesty might arise, to discharge the responsibilities entailed by the Monroe Doctrine, to do everything possible to bring about concerted action between the United States and all the Latin-American countries.

It would be his policy, he continued, whenever any occasion might arise, to discharge the responsibilities entailed by the Monroe Doctrine, to do everything possible to bring about concerted action between the United States and all the Latin-American countries.

He approved the multi-lateral treaties of the present administration, but said their usefulness was impaired by the defensive-war reservations attached to them by various nations. "As those reservations are interpreted in the light of President Coolidge's record," he added, "to follow this declaration with regard to Mexico, as well as the other Latin-American countries."

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the President for the last year were half a billion dollars more than for the first year of his administration. He said that, though tax rates had been reduced, the Government was collecting a greater total of taxes than in the first year under Coolidge.

"I wish," he added, "to focus the public attention on these fundamental facts and figures which are so often overlooked in the offices at night."

If the Administration had been truly economical, Smith said, it would not have adopted a policy of refusal "to make necessary expenditures for purposes which would have effected a real economy. It was not economy, he said, for the Government to continue to pay rent of \$20,000,000 a year, or to keep our soldiers in barracks "which the Chief of Staff of the Army recently stated were inadequate and below the standard for the means of housing permitted anywhere."

Smith said he would ask Congress to carry out the tariff declaration of the Democratic platform. Nothing would be done under his leadership, he said, that would cause "business upheaval and popular distress."

Take Tariff Out of Politics.

Having laid down that principle, he attacked the Fordney-McCumber tariff by quoting a Republican historian against it, and declared that he would seek to take the tariff out of politics and put it on a strictly business basis. President Wilson, he said, had shown the way by the establishment of the Tariff Commission.

"I shall restore this commission," he promised, "to the high level upon which President Wilson placed it, in order that, properly manned, it may produce the facts that will enable us to ascertain how we may increase the purchasing power of everybody's income or wages by the adjustment of those schedules which are now the result of logrolling and which, upon their face, are extortionate and unnecessary."

Hits at Secret Diplomacy.

Smith hit at secret diplomacy. He said he would regard it as a paramount duty to keep alive the interest of the people in our foreign relations and to advise them as to facts and policies. It was highly important, he said, that cordial relations between the United States and Latin-America should be restored. The recent administration, he continued, had been false to the declaration of a great Republican, Elihu Root, who said that the weakest member of the family of nations should be treated with as much respect as the greatest. He spoke scathingly of the interference of the United States in Nicaragua, and declared his hearty accord with the Democratic platform statement that "interference in the purely internal affairs of Latin-American countries must cease."

"I specifically pledge myself," he added, "to follow this declaration with regard to Mexico, as well as the other Latin-American countries."

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would approve a doctrine which would give Germany, or France, or England, or any other country, the right to regard a citizen of this country or the property of a citizen of that country situated within the borders of the United States as part of the national domain of the foreign country."

For Waterway Development. Smith spoke for inland waterway development, and in this connection made a significant statement with regard to the proposed shipway to the sea from the Middle West by way of the Great Lakes. As he remarked, there has been controversy as to the relative merits of the St. Lawrence route and the so-called all-American route. Northwestern farmers favor the St. Lawrence route, and the fact that Hoover has supported it against the other proposal (though he did not do so in his acceptance speech) has counted with them in his favor. Smith has been on the other side. Discussing this subject, he said that he had based his advocacy on engineers' reports made to him.

"The correctness of these reports and also of those favoring the St. Lawrence route," he went on, "has been challenged. As President of the United States, therefore, it would be my duty to re-open this question, and to have the accuracy of the reports above question. When the results of such a study are given to Congress, I am entirely willing to abide by the decision of Congress."

Smith said that some lines had been laid down for the solution of the Mississippi flood control problem and that the policy thus initiated "must be carried through." He advocated also the "boldest development of the Mississippi river and its tributaries as arteries of commerce."

He pledged himself to a "progressive liberal conservation policy," based upon the principle of his New York policy.

Labor and Immigration.

Declaring his friendly attitude toward labor, he pledged himself to co-operate in doing those things which had attended the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes.

As to immigration, Smith said that he stood squarely on the platform pronouncement in favor of limitation, but favored the removal of "the harsh provision which separates families and opposes restrictions based on a census 10 years old."

Concluding, Smith assumed himself as confident of victory and pledged himself to "complete devotion to the welfare of our country and our people."

ROBINSON SAYS SMITH'S
SPEECH WAS CLEAR, FORCEFUL

Vice Presidential Nominee Declares It Will Rank as Very Great Address.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Returning here on route to his home at Little Rock, Senator Robinson of Arkansas, declared that Gov. Smith's acceptance speech was "frank, clear and forceful" and that "no one who understands English is left in doubt."

"The profound interest of the public," the vice presidential nominee continued, "was demonstrated in a remarkable manner. Probably more than 20,000 people stood in the rain for several hours to hear the address, and to see the candidate of the Democratic party for President. It is doubtful if any other man in public life has received such a tribute."

"The address was a characteristic Smith statement of his opinion concerning a number of the most important subjects embracing the platform. It is frank, clear and forceful. No one who understands English is left in doubt. It will go down in history as a very great speech."

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Smith expressed deal of victory and to "complete the defense of our country."

S. SMITH'S CLEAR, FORCEFUL

Nominee Declares as Very Great

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NEW RECEIVERS OF INTERNATIONAL TO ACT TOMORROW

Court Sets Hearing of Recommendations on Reinsurance or Reorganization for 10 A. M.

OFFERS FROM OTHER SOURCES POSSIBLE

Judge Reeves Considers Possibility of Bids in Addition to That of Missouri State Life.

Receivers of the International Life Insurance Co. will submit their recommendations for reinsurance or reorganization of the company at 10 a. m. tomorrow when Federal Judge Albert L. Reeves of Kansas City will reopen the receivership hearing with a view to deciding the future of the company.

In court this morning Judge Reeves inquired if the two receivers he appointed yesterday, Messrs. Wilson and Hyde, had any offers from other sources possible. The receivers, who are Messrs. Wilson and Hyde, are the founders of International Life and Ben C. Hyde, Superintendent of the State Insurance Department, were ready then to submit their report. An attorney for the insurance company reported that the receivers were in conference with insurance commissioners and others and would not be likely to have a report today, inasmuch as there were some changes to be made in the reinsurance contract offered by the Missouri State Life Insurance Co.

"Very well," said Judge Reeves, "then I will set 10 a. m. tomorrow for a hearing on their report."

May Direct Action.

On leaving the bench, Judge Reeves declared he wanted to dispose of the International Life problem as quickly as possible but did not want to preclude the possibility of receiving bids for reinsurance from other companies that might be interested in the company.

In the event the receivers cannot agree on a recommendation, Judge Reeves said he would take such action as he thinks warranted, and indicated he might direct the action of the receivers. He said he would examine witnesses and take testimony at the hearing tomorrow in order to be sure that the reinsurance plan was a proper one and that no commission or bonuses would be paid in the transaction.

W. Scott Hancock, attorney for the receivers of the Chicago Investment house of Toombs & Daily said Judge Reeves for permission to see the contract offered by the Missouri State Life, which was granted. He said he also represented Chicago capital which might be interested in entering another reinsurance proposal.

Receivers Wilson and Hyde were appointed yesterday on the recommendation of Charles G. Revelle, counsel for International Life. Hyde is in and Robert E. Daly, actuary of the State Insurance Department, is serving in his place. Daly and F. P. Wilson had been temporary receivers under appointments by Federal and State Courts respectively.

Revelle Urges Reinsurance.

In addressing the court, Revelle announced that objection to Federal receivership was withdrawn in the interest of early disposition of the case. Speaking for officers of the company and majority stockholders, he urged Judge Reeves to accept the reinsurance plan by which the Missouri State Life Insurance Co. would take over the \$10,000,000 of insurance of International Life. He said he was supported in his plea by spokesmen for the Committee of Insurance Commissioners of nine states who in investigating the company's affairs discovered the \$2,500,000 shortage in assets withdrawn from the company by its president, Roy C. Toombs of Chicago.

Missouri Life Offer.

The proposal of the Missouri State Life Insurance Co. for reinsurance of the International Life, now before the receivers and Federal Court, states that the liabilities assumed will exceed the assets conveyed. Therefore, it is declared, the accounting to be made will necessarily commence with a deficit.

The Missouri State Life proposes to assume all obligations on the International policies and take over all future premiums, with the result of the International, but assumes no obligation on account of any fraudulent, excessive or fictitious issue of stock.

Earnings or profits derived from the business thus acquired shall be calculated semiannually, and "25 per cent shall be paid to the International, and the balance applied to the reduction of the deficit, as long as the balance sheet shows a deficit. In any semiannual period in which the balance sheet shall show a surplus, the same shall be prorated 75 per cent to International and 25 per cent to Missouri State Life. The payments to International to continue until the sum of \$1,000,000, with interest at 5 per cent, shall have been paid, or until 15 years from the date of this contract, whichever shall first occur, and when an amount shall have been paid, Missouri Life shall be entitled to discontinue such separate

7-Year-Old Boy Killed in Fall Off Running Board, With Cousin



WILLIAM WEIS.

Riding on running boards was his favorite diversion. He lost his life doing it.

accounting and retain all profits and assets of the business thereafter."

Hearing Here Tuesday in Toombs & Daily Receivership.

A hearing will be held Tuesday morning, before the Referee in Bankruptcy, in the ancillary receivership proceedings involving Toombs & Daily, Toombs' Chicago brokerage firm. Nine men, who were named in subpoenas issued for yesterday's hearing on the insurance receivership, were directed by Judge Reeves to attend the referee's hearing, to be conducted by Acting Referee Harry Alexander in Referee Coles' office in the Merchants-Laclede building.

The former owners of the insurance company are included in the group summoned for the Toombs & Daily hearing. Those summoned are J. R. Paisley, W. K. Whitfield, David W. Hill, John M. Atkinson, Massey Wilson, Jacob L. Babler, Robert E. Daly, Charles G. Revelle and James Bruce.

Time Given Toombs to Find More Assets of Chicago Firm.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Referee in Bankruptcy Garfield Charles today continued until Monday the hearing of the bankruptcy firm of Toombs & Daily in order that the receivers might have more time to examine the books and find missing assets of the firm. The continuance was made by Attorney Louis Cohen, representing the receiver, who said Toombs wished until Monday to find more assets of the firm.

DENIES HE SIGNED PAPER TOOMBS PLEDGED IN LOAN

Continued From Page One.

rowed \$250,000 from Jacob L. Babler, one of the founders of the company, who sold his interest to the Paisley-Whitfield Syndicate, which sold to Toombs.

"Toombs one day asked me to advance him \$250,000 on the certificate," Babler told a Post-Dispatch reporter, "and I met him at the bank and gave him my check for that amount, taking the certificate and his note as collateral."

"I have since learned this was an oversight for the time being, but the Toombs later charged off \$800 shares in smaller certificates against the certificate he gave me, thus validating my certificate. He paid \$90,000 on this loan, leaving a balance of \$160,000. The man's security appeared to be good and I believed in him. He might have got me for more."

Much Over-Issue Stock Out.

In the Federal Court yesterday Charles G. Revelle, general counsel of International Life, in presenting the company's case in the receivership proceeding, told Judge Reeves there were 13,500 shares of over-issue stock out, and that any man seeking to rehabilitate the company would have to face the possibility of damage suits on that stock. It is the opinion of Revelle and others that holders of over-issue stock certificates issued by officials of a corporation have a preferred claim over holders of genuine certificates because they became creditors in a sense, and creditors take precedence of stockholders in liquidation.

Floyd Bennett Field Dedicated.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Aug. 23.—Floyd Bennett, former naval aviator who gave his life in an attempt to rescue the crew of the trans-Atlantic flight plane, Bremen, today was honored with the dedication of a flying field here, named for him. Dedication of the flying field was in connection with the State American Legion convention, in session here. A crowd estimated at 25,000 attended.

BOY, 7, KILLED IN FALL FROM RUNNING BOARD

William Weis Succumbs to Skull Fracture After Tumble From Machine Driven by Friend.

William Weis, 7 years old, who liked to ride on the running boards of automobiles, died early today of a fractured skull suffered last night in a fall from one.

A close family friend, Paul Garrett, 1918 Oregon avenue, visited Henry Weis, 1814 Oregon avenue. When he left and entered his house, William followed him, hopped on the running board and said, "I will ride home with you, Paul."

Garrett drove to his home in the next block. In front of Garrett's home, William either lost his hold or fell from the running board or lost his balance in jumping. His head struck the curb. He was taken to City Hospital, where he died at 1:20 a. m.

Truck Driver Killed When He Swerved to Avoid Collision.

Jesse P. McNeely, 29 years old, a truck driver, of 5801 Minnesota avenue, was killed at noon today when he swerved to avoid a collision at Twenty-second street and Chouteau avenue. The heavy truck, used by the General Material Co. for hauling concrete, smashed into the window of a grocery store at 2140 Chouteau and then swerved across the street, hitting another truck. McNeely was thrown to the street and killed outright.

Edwardsville Girl Killed in Collision Near Taylorville.

Martha Roberts, 16-year-old schoolgirl of Edwardsville, was killed and two women were injured critically in an automobile collision on Route No. 24, three miles out of Taylorville, Ill., about 11 a. m. today.

A roadster driven by H. H. Dodson, an insurance agent of Belvedere, Ill., skidded on the freshly oiled road and ran into the rear of the machine in which the Roberts girl and five women were riding. The latter car turned over, crushing the child. Mrs. Matt McKnight of Ramsey, Ill., and Mrs. Richard Burris, 59 years old, of Vandalia, were badly crushed and are in the Taylorville hospital. Martha was the daughter of Charles Roberts of Edwardsville.

FLIES FROM SHIP TO PARIS

Plane Catapulted From Liner 100 Miles West of Sicily Isles.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The amphibian plane carried by the French liner, Ile de France, today made the first successful ship to shore flight on this side of the Atlantic, bringing mail to Le Bourget field. The machine was catapulted from the steamer's deck when the vessel was about 100 miles west of the Sicily Isles.

The plane reached Cherbourg after a flight of 5 1/2 hours. Additional fuel was taken aboard there and the trip to Le Bourget field outside of Paris was completed in another two and a half hours.

MAN SURRENDERS AT CLAYTON AS FOLEY'S PARTNER

Thomas Whitelaw Denies Connection With Los Angeles Club — Magistrate Weaver Indicted.

A man walked into the Sheriff's office at Clayton last night and announced he wished to surrender on an indictment returned recently by the special St. Louis County grand jury against Charles M. Black, president of Tony Foley's Los Angeles Club, a gambling establishment on the Manchester road, Brentwood.

"Are you the mysterious Mr. Black?" he was asked. "Oh, no," was the reply. "But I've heard all sorts of rumors saying I was Black, so I thought I'd better come in and adjust the matter."

The visitor said he was Thomas Whitelaw, 42 years old, 6423 Queens avenue. He gave his occupation as public accountant. He denied he was employed by Foley or knew anything of Foley's gambling operations. He was released on \$10,000 bond.

County authorities have never been certain whether Charles M. Black was a real man or a pen name for Foley or one of his subordinates. The signature "Charles M. Black" appeared on membership cards of the Los Angeles Club and as indorsement on some checks cashed by customers of the establishment.

Foley, who is under bond, and Black are jointly charged in an indictment with setting up dice tables, roulette wheels and other gambling devices at the Los Angeles Club.

Justice of Peace Indicted.

Justice of the Peace Charles A. Weaver of Jennings surrendered at Clayton today on an indictment charging him with oppression in office. The case grows out of the arrest of Belmont Joerding, a motorist, on a traffic charge which was dismissed when he paid costs of \$7.50. Justice Weaver was released on \$1000 bond.

Motorists have complained that a speed trap is being operated on the Bellontaine road since the twin bridges over the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers were opened recently. Last Monday there were 49 speeding cases caught by the patrolmen. Attorneys for the Alton Automobile Club, the Automobile Club of Missouri and the St. Louis-Alton Bridge Co. appeared in behalf of defendants. Four test cases were set for trial next Monday, and if necessary, would be carried to the Missouri Supreme Court, attorneys said. The motorists arrested declared they were not speeding, as alleged by deputy constables who took them before Weaver.

Others Surrendered.

Six other men indicted by the grand jury surrendered yesterday and were released on bond. They were: Basil Neal, Pine Lawn, charged with setting up a slot machine; Michael Hayduk, John Wisniewski and Thomas Brennan, St. Louis, charged with illegal registration; Leo F. Giblin and Merle Lemcke, Brentwood, charged with shooting into the homes of Edward J. Burke and Henry Ruck, Brentwood politicians, Aug. 7. Arthur Withrow surrendered Monday on a similar charge.

Plans for Meramec Park Opening.

A meeting of the subcommittee of the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce having in charge the dedication ceremonies of Meramec State Park at Sullivan, Mo., Sept. 8, will be held tomorrow at noon, at the Hotel Stalter. It is being planned by the business organizations to care for more than 10,000 persons who are expected to go from St. Louis and the county by motor, train and airplane.

12 HURT WHEN BUS UPSETS

NORTH OF SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

By the Associated Press.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 23.—Twelve persons were injured shortly before noon today, when a huge Tri-State motor coach overturned on the Peoria hard road nine miles north of here.

The accident occurred when the driver attempted to avert a crash with a large sedan. All passengers were from Athens, Ill., on their way to attend the State fair. The injured were cared for in a local hospital.

Semi-Annual Clearance

40 Styles All Sizes

\$7.50 and \$9.50 Values \$6.85

Hutcheson's Specials

Grouped at One Low Price

THIS Sale offers savings of a definite nature to men who appreciate quality and style in footwear. Shoe wise buyers will buy two or more pairs during this clearance.

HUTCHESON'S

712-714 Olive St.

Turn in on KSD SUNDAY, 4 P. M. for the Station Band

HEIRESS CHAINED IN CELLAR FOUR YEARS AFTER ELOPING

Uncle, Cousin and Third Man Sentenced to Prison for Keeping Her Captive.

By the Associated Press.

BAKU, Azerbaijan, Aug. 23.—Thousands of peasants with their women folk flocked here today from many parts of Azerbaijan, leaving their fields in the midst of harvest, to hear the local court sentence two men convicted of chaining a beautiful young relative to the floor of a basement passage for four years.

A rich peasant, named Sabukov, the girl's uncle, who sought her fortune, was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment, his son to six and a third man, Chairman Orudjev of the local executive who knew of the affair and kept quiet, to 10 years.

Testimony showed the girl's father died in 1919, leaving a fortune of which her uncle was trustee. She eloped with a poor youth but was forced to return.

During her imprisonment the girl slept on rugs and was slowly starving to death when she was released recently by a group of workmen who accidentally found her.

EX-PROSECUTOR, 70, SLAIN

RESISTING DRY RAID ON HOME

By the Associated Press.

ASHLAND, O., Aug. 23.—George Frey, 70 years old, former prosecutor of Ashland County, was shot and killed by two Deputy Sheriffs late yesterday when he resisted their attempt to raid his home, six miles northeast of here, in search of liquor. Deputies Charles B. Hasinger and Tom Easterly fired several shots at Frey when he threatened to shoot them unless they left his premises, the deputies said.

Four other men were in the house at the time. One of them was wounded.

Frey's home, which had been raided on previous occasions, was the subject of recent complaints by neighbors and members of the Oiler Creek Church in that vicinity, Prosecutor Culbertson said.

OFFICIAL REPORTS

SEEING PLANE OVER GREENLAND TOWN

Continued From Page One.

land instead of having fallen into the sea as was feared was made stronger by reports of two Chicago radio amateurs, Dr. Charles Seelth and Irving Strauss, who last night heard faintly the broadcasting of the letter R, which was a prearranged code letter indicating the east position sent out by the plane, followed by the letters D and A.

After 10 sets of them had been completed, two A's came in rapid succession. The broadcast, however, was in a different wave length than that for which the plane was equipped, but this was explained by the possibility that the aerials being on the ground might make a difference.

The "D" appeared meaningless unless Cramer, who is inexperienced at the radio, was trying to message the plane to the ground. The "A" had no meaning for the receivers. The signals, operators said, came clearly.

Hassell's wife never has admitted the possibility that her husband and his companion had fallen into the sea, which had gone as far as the Greater Rockford did, would not stop short of the destination except at the will of the flyers themselves.

12 HURT WHEN BUS UPSETS

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By the Associated Press.

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WEBSTER GROVES CHIEF 'GETS HIS MAN' AGAIN

McDonald Traces Burglar by Finger Print—Prisoner Gets 3 Years.

Traced by Chief of Police Andrew McDonald of Webster Groves through a finger print he left in a pane of glass at a house he robbed, Herman Fischer, 22-year-old ex-convict, was arrested yesterday and accepted a three-year sentence at the State Penitentiary.

A month ago Fischer, with shaver head and prison suit, walked into Chief McDonald's office.

"Chief, I want to go straight," he announced. "I'm Herman Fischer. You remember me. You arrested me four years ago for a burglary in Glendale. I got out of the penitentiary at Jefferson City yesterday and I'm through with stealing. The boys at the 'big house' told me I'd better not light back in St. Louis. They said: 'See Andy McDonald tell him you're going straight and he'll give you a break.'"

"That's fine," said Chief McDonald. "But don't pull any more burglaries, or you'll go right back to prison."

Suspected Ex-Convict.

On Aug. 14 there was a burglary at the home of Henry Gerhart, 121 Summit avenue on Aug. 16 at the homes of Harry Leschen, Oakwood and Orchard avenues; E. B. Bowman, 406 W. Swon avenue; Arthur M. Idler, 410 W. Swon, and on Aug. 15 at the Missouri Pacific station at Glendale.

"Andy" McDonald remembered that the technique in these burglaries was the same as in the burglary at Glendale four years ago for which he had arrested Herman Fischer. The burglar broke a pane of glass, reached in and unlatched the window or door through which he entered the building.

Traces Man by Finger Prints.

At the Leschen residence, Chief McDonald found what he was looking for. He took a print on a fragment of glass to the St. Louis Police Headquarters.

"I think this finger print is Herman Fischer's," he said.

Fischer's finger print was obtained from the Bertillon files. It matched the print on the glass. Fischer was arrested yesterday. He carried a watch, ring and \$5 taken from the Leschen home.

"Chief, I certainly did you dirt," said Fischer, hanging his head in the presence of the Bertillon files. "You gave me a swell break and I don't appreciate it."

"I warned you that you'd be sentenced to prison before sun'own if I ever caught you again," replied McDonald.

That warning came true literally. Chief McDonald got possession of Fischer last night from St. Louis police who arrested him, and this morning escorted the prisoner before Circuit Judge Mulloy, who imposed sentence.

Skull Fractured in Alley.

John Redzmerowski, 31 years old, 1428 North Twentieth street, is in City Hospital with a fractured skull suffered when he fell or was struck by some object in an alley in the rear of his home Monday. He was found unconscious by his son. In an earlier edition of today's Post-Dispatch it was erroneously reported that he had died.

SLAIN BY POLICE



WILLIAM F. DAVIS.

EX-CONVICT ACCUSED IN HICKS MURDER KILLED BY POLICE

Continued From Page One.

That Hicks depended on "Bill" Davis to find out the identity of the men who had held him up 10 days before, and had warned him by telephone that he would be killed if he made trouble for them.

Both Glenn Hicks, the brother, and Mrs. Clifford Hicks related that Hicks placed great confidence in Davis. When Hicks failed to return home, Davis was the first person to whom Mrs. Hicks telephoned for information.

Hayes Held in Russo Killing.

Tommy Hayes was brought into the Russo-Longo case through the tracing of a Chrysler automobile used by the slayers and abandoned in Wellston. It bore license plates issued to Mrs. Dorothy Woods, who formerly lived at the address where the murders took place. Mrs. Woods declared she had sold the car to her friend, Hayes, a month before.

Hayes and another Cuckoo gangster, Tony Bettos, were ordered held for the murders by a coroner's jury at Kirkwood, but, despite the jury's order, they were released with the assent of prosecuting authorities who held that the evidence did not justify their detention.

Hayes has been arrested more than 50 times for investigation. In 1922 he was sentenced to five years in Leavenworth Penitentiary for complicity in the \$46,000 Wood-river, Ill., mail holdup. He was paroled in 1925. By going to Federal prison, he escaped trial in State Court for a Delmar boulevard filling station safe robbery in which he and Milford Jones, another Cuckoo, were caught red-handed.

Sues to Contest Sister's Will.

Henry Surmeyer of Edwardsville has filed suit in Belleville Circuit Court to contest the will of his sister, Miss Mary Surmeyer, who died Sept. 29 last, from burns suffered when her home was destroyed by fire. The suit is against Mrs. Catherine Surmeyer, her stepmother, and others. Mrs. Surmeyer is the sole beneficiary under the will. The suit alleges Miss Surmeyer was deaf, dumb and feeble-minded and not capable of executing a will, and that undue influence was exercised over her.

PAIR HELD FOR KILLING HUSBAND OF WOMAN

Canaan (Mo.) Suspects Admit Love Affair but Deny Poisoning Charge.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

HERMANN, Mo., Aug. 22.—Mrs. Blanche Richardson, 35 years old, mother of two children, and W. J. Crider, 30-year-old laborer, are held in jail here charged with the murder of Mrs. Richardson's husband, Oliver, who died of poison at the Richardson home in Canaan Feb. 15.

Both prisoners have admitted to authorities an illicit love affair extending over several months prior to Richardson's death, but are steadfast in denying any guilty knowledge of the manner in which Richardson died.

Crider was arrested a month ago after an analysis of the viscera from Richardson's body by the Gradowohl laboratory of St. Louis had shown the presence of a large amount of arsenic. Two weeks ago Mrs. Richardson was arrested. She is to have a preliminary hearing tomorrow. Crider already has been bound over to the grand jury.

The evidence against the two is extremely tenuous, however, and it is admitted by county authorities that unless some new evidence is unearthed it will be idle to take them to trial. The case is complicated by the possibility that Richardson may have killed himself, since he had tried on other occasions to take his life.

Richardson was attended in his last illness by Dr. J. J. Ferrill of Owensville, who is also Coroner of Gasconade County. Suspicious from the prognosis that Richardson was a victim of poison, Dr. Ferrill launched an investigation after his death which resulted in the examination of the viscera.

CHINESE WHO KILLED TEN CAUGHT IN CHICKEN HOUSE

GRASS VALLEY, Cal., Aug. 23.—Loy Young, Chinese, who killed 10 persons at Fairfield yesterday, was captured in a chicken house here today by Sheriff George Carter and Deputy Sheriff Arthur Helings. The rifle used by the slayer was found last night and the automobile in which he escaped was found between Colfax and Grass Valley today.

Many residents of Salona and Napa counties were virtually in a state of siege in their homes today until Loy Young was caught. Loy ran amuck with a hatchet and rifle, and killed ten of his countrymen and wounded five.

Police said Loy Young had a reputation as a killer, and had boasted of taking three lives in a long war.

Officers could find no motive for the killings except to suggest that he might have become crazed by use of narcotics.

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ALL REMAINING 4th FLOOR DRESSES \$5

OFFERED IN THE HOUR SALE UPSTAIRS AT THIS GIVE-AWAY PRICE!

PITTMAN CALLS ON SMITH TO LEAD PARTY TO VICTORY

Nevada Senator, Notifying
Governor of Nomination,
Says He Will End 'Abject
Tendencies.'

PRAISES CANDIDATE
AS BRAVE AND HONEST

Choice of Democrats Is
Man Who Has Character-
istics of the Great
Speaker Asserts.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The following is the text of the address of Senator Key Pittman of Nevada notifying Gov. Alfred E. Smith of the Democratic nomination for the presidency:

"Gov. Smith: I have the honor, Sir, as Chairman of the Notification Committee of the National Convention, to convey to you an official message from the democracy of the United States.

"Our people, at all times, irrespective of party affiliations, have been adherents of the great principles of democracy proclaimed by Thomas Jefferson. Only unusual events, and the vicissitudes and confusion attending our swift progress, have led some of our people into the train of false gods. Only periodically have we paused, faced the facts, and reset our course—aligned our votes with our minds and our hearts.

"Time for Change, He Says.

"Such a time we hold now to be upon us. The World War, notwithstanding the glory of our arms, left us dazed and disturbed. The post-war period proved to be an auspicious occasion for the forces of reaction—those greedy groups which have contrived by tenuous threads to tie themselves together under the label of Republicanism. Government reaction, and inaction, were the orders of the day. Faced by the destructive results of war, we permitted the White House to become a cooling-off place for our emotions. We kept cool while brigandy waxed warm. We kept cool while, as a nation, we remained morally impotent.

"Unctuous and meaningless phrases became our political fetish. We forgot the need of courage. We forgot the need of honest and uncompromising action. It became heresy to the prevailing faith for a man to speak what he thought to act as he believed. We could rant about the Constitution and we were termed statesmen, however much in practice we trampled upon the tenets of our fundamental law.

"We permitted stark hypocrisy to have unprecedented sway. We were steeped in self-delusion. We unconsciously sinned. Our worst sin was the sin against ourselves, the sin of not being ourselves. We had lost the old gift that Jackson gave us.

"Democracy Often Divided.

"Against these abject tendencies of the time we fought. Our cause was right. We did not hesitate to fight, and yet we met defeat. We realized that Republicanism has the cohesive power of selfishness, whilst Democracy is sometimes divided through the independence of individualism. We had seen discussion among our generals; we had witnessed rebellion in our ranks; we had seen our great cause obscured and belittled by petty issues and local contentions.

"We understand now that even a superior army, with many great generals, cannot prevail unless there is a universal cause under the leadership of a great and supreme commander. We determined that never again should these mistakes happen. You, sir, stirred our patriotism and brought back to our minds the realization of our higher duties as citizens of the National Government.

"And so, we, your people, in every city and hamlet, in the marts of trade, in the mines in the bowels of the earth, while following the plow, or driving their herds on the Western mountain plateaus, awakened to this realization, and in their minds was born the determination to select a commander-in-chief who, under one banner, with a united party, would lead them back to Democracy.

"Search Leads to New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Editorial opinion throughout the country on Gov. Smith's speech of acceptance is reflected in the following newspaper editorials:

New York World: In examining the two addresses of acceptance which are now before us, many voters will be particularly concerned to see whether each candidate is for or against their favorite solutions of particular questions. But those who remember that the country is about to elect a President for a 4-year term in which all sorts of questions must be dealt with will be primarily interested in the two addresses as revelations of the mind and character of the two candidates. They will wish to know as much as it is possible to learn from the evidence of these speeches about the deeper purposes and characteristics of the two men.

The first impression which will be believed, strike anyone who reads Gov. Smith's address and then goes back to re-read Mr. Hoover's, is that the Smith address sounds ever so much less like a political speech than does Mr. Hoover's. There are a few conventional phrases and partisan phrases here and there in the speech, but on the whole it is the kind of speech which a man might make without embarrassment to a roomful of critical and well-informed men. They might disagree with him but they might deliver it. But if Mr. Hoover had had to read his speech to a roomful of men, he would have blushed and stammered and choked on the high-falutin rhetoric of it.

The consequence is that the general effect of Gov. Smith's address is that of a man who is not always sure of himself hesitating over this and that, but is earnestly trying to speak his mind. The general effect of Mr. Hoover's address is that of a man who is conscious that he is talking to the largest radio audience which ever listened to a speech, who thinks that great crowds have to be reached through their emotions and who is determined to give them the kind of address which, after watching Mr. Coolidge five years, he has come to believe is the most effective way of appealing to the masses. It is a curious paradox that the speech of the man who has been in politics all his life should be relatively so matter of fact, so un-rhetorical, so unambiguous on so many difficult issues, whereas the speech of the man trained in war, with the well-worn conventionalities of the politician. The idealists who are supporting Mr. Hoover because they believe that an engineer in politics will put an end to the fake excitements, the verbal trickeries and all the other hokum and buncombe they associate with the intellectual quality of these two speeches extremely disconcerting.

The Kansas City Star.—The Star respects Gov. Smith for making the prohibition issue definite, while on this subject it is not a man to speak what he thought to act as he believed. We could rant about the Constitution and we were termed statesmen, however much in practice we trampled upon the tenets of our fundamental law.

"We permitted stark hypocrisy to have unprecedented sway. We were steeped in self-delusion. We unconsciously sinned. Our worst sin was the sin against ourselves, the sin of not being ourselves. We had lost the old gift that Jackson gave us.

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"Search Leads to New York.

"We abandoned sectionalism and let our vision search out every part of our broad country to find Democracy's national leader. In our search, our eyes involuntarily, and with peculiar unanimity, turned to the chief executive of the great State of New York, a State that contains one-tenth of the population of the United States, and where exists every characteristic of business, industry, and occupation; a State with a cosmopolitan population.

Newspaper Comment on Smith's Acceptance Speech

ent policy with a tightening up of enforcement under Mr. Hoover, or whether it will undertake to deal with the liquor question in other ways under the leadership of Mr. Smith.

New York Herald Tribune: Gov. Smith spoke at his best in his speech of acceptance and that best is a high level of straightforward utterance. As an introduction to his personality to the nation at large, his admirers could not have asked for more. Gov. Smith faced overwhelming difficulties with respect to two issues and they form the most vulnerable portions of his speech.

He lacked the courage to mention the League of Nations and the only sentence which throws any illumination on the question is the following: "I believe the American people desire to assume their share of responsibility for the administration of a world which they are a part, without political alliance with any foreign nation."

The tariff dilemma Gov. Smith meets with more words but hardly less clarity. It is a pleasure to turn from these confused and confusing portions of Gov. Smith's speech to his outspoken words upon prohibition. Here he speaks of what he knows and he speaks with conviction and persuasive force. With his general analysis of conditions as they exist today under prohibition we are in entire agreement.

New York Times: Personality is the most fascinating thing in politics, as it is in life and books. Gov. Smith's revelation of it to the whole country in his speech of acceptance is almost more notable than anything he says in it. The whole document has his personal stamp upon it. Not so much disclosed is the candidate as the man. Without claptrap or pretense of being personal, not, he speaks out his honest thought with great directness, simplicity and the most obvious sincerity. It may be said of him, as it was of a rising French statesman, "That man will do something, for he believes every word he says."

New York has long known Alfred Smith as the man who thinks clear and speaks straight. Now the entire nation must perceive these qualities in him. It is doubtful if ever before a presidential candidate has been able in a single address to convey to the people the very life-blood of his spirit. Whatever else Gov. Smith may have effected by his speech of acceptance, he has by it succeeded unquestionably in giving to the country a vivid impression of a strong and vibrant personality.

Brooklyn Daily Eagle.—Like all of his state papers, Gov. Smith's speech of acceptance is a compact and reasoned document devoid alike of high-flown phrases and ambiguities.

He emphasizes the confessed failure of Republican administrations through eight years of power to deal with agricultural distress in a constructive way. It is that failure, which is bringing farm leaders of the West to the support of the Democratic platform and ticket.

The speech as a whole is temperate and restrained in tone, the voice of a statesman employing argument and persuasion without the tricks of demagoguery.

Hartford (Conn.) Courant.—As was to have been expected, it is the prohibition issue upon which Gov. Smith places the greatest emphasis. It is in reality his only issue. Except for it his candidacy would make no particular appeal. He is counting upon it to win the election for him, but this we think it will not do. In fact, as it is, this question should be settled in accordance with correct principles of government, as it will be in due time, it is of more importance that the country should continue those policies which have marked the administration of President Coolidge and which have resulted in so many evidences of contentment and prosperity.

Dallas (Tex.) Times-Herald.—On the whole the Governor in his declaration is not a straight-out winner. Since he pledged himself to strictly enforce the laws made by Congress the only comfort he holds out for the thirsty is his pledge to use his influence with Congress to obtain relief.

Smith is a wet with reservations and Hoover is a dry, and simply would ally the fears of the drys, while Smith's election would encourage the hopes of the wets.

ambitions of individuals or to causes which you considered unworthy, even when urged by your friends and supporters, was conclusive proof of your independence and courage.

"We discovered, sir, that you had won the confidence of the people of the State of New York by your able, impartial, independent, and courageous public service in the many public offices you had filled before you became a candidate for Governor. We discovered that your administration as Governor of the State of New York, from your first inauguration until the present moment, has been so many, brilliant, and constructive, that you have maintained the confidence of the people in every walk of life, irrespective of political, business or religious affiliations.

Milwaukee (Wis.) Journal.—Everyone is looking most for what prohibition he has to say about prohibition. He chose to go beyond his party's platform. So did Mr. Hoover. Smith must talk straight on this question. He does. He favors amendment of the eighteenth amendment. That would have to go to the people. It ought to go to them.

Except on prohibition and Smith's determination to do something about water power and Muscle Shoals, there is not much that is different in the specific proposals of the candidates. But there is a world of difference in the point of view from which they discuss the questions of government. Mr. Hoover feels that it has all been done very well and we must not be fretted about such things as had appeared. Gov. Smith sees the corruption and the lack of organization, the pretense of economy, the business uneasiness, the triumph of utility propaganda, the distrust of us by other nations.

Washington Post.—The Governor of New York leaves no doubt in the mind of any impartial citizen that he is not only familiar with national affairs, but is fully competent to deal with them. His speech of acceptance breathes honesty and courage. He leaves the country in doubt as to whether prohibition as they exist today under the questions that now call for settlement. On the liquor problem, in particular, Gov. Smith speaks with refreshing frankness. On the subject of farm relief, Gov. Smith is at least as explicit as his opponent. It is impossible to impeach his good faith of either in the desire to promote the welfare of agriculture.

Philadelphia Inquirer.—The Governor's proposition for amendment to the eighteenth amendment is pure local option all over again. He asserts that such a method would re-establish respect for law. It would do anything but that. A more potent instrument for multiplying lawbreakers could not be devised. Since the prohibitionists have been so much concerned with the borders of every state. It would be an insult to the intelligence of Gov. Smith to assume that he is not fully aware that his plans are hopeless. But he is a skilled politician and knows that clap-trap plays its part in a campaign. Therefore, the present delusion and sets a snare for the deluded.

Detroit Free Press: The speech of acceptance by Alfred E. Smith is the achievement of an intelligent, quickwitted, able gentleman who has more potential capacity than actual knowledge and experience as far as national and international affairs are concerned, who is obviously hazy regarding at least one vital national problem, and who seems to be trying to fool his way with respect to come other. The address is also predominantly a political oration, and parts of it clearly were composed for the purpose of making "campaign points" more than for the purpose of exacting a high level of dispassionate discussion of subjects of interparty debate. In many respects the Governor's discourse is able and some of the passages it contains call for careful and respectful consideration. But it has much more of the character of a Democratic partisan attack than we expected to find in it.

Boston Herald: Firm faith in the virtues of government ownership and control of distilleries, breweries, power houses and waterfalls; smooth, easy reading; rhetorically superior, slippery logic; questionable economics; a naive and unsophisticated view of the problems of tariff, taxes, foreign policy and governmental operations; a belief that what has worked well in one state under him as Governor will work equally well in the nation under him as President; a lack of the amplitude of thought and the statesmanlike grasp which were apparent in the address of Mr. Hoover.

Richmond Times-Dispatch.—It is obvious that Smith is not merely running for President. In his fairly brief speech is more obvious sincerity, more candor of thought and simplicity of expression than is to be found in the utterances which have emanated from the White House or from those who have stormed its portals in eight

long years. The one declaration which stands out as the most striking in his bold and earnest utterance is his demand that our water-power resources be retained and operated for the people. The candidate's expression on the subject of prohibition is sufficiently frank to please his best enemies, but there is nothing surprising in that. Viewed as a whole, his speech gives the champions of Democracy all over the land as fine and constructive a program as they have ever received from a nominee.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.—If Gov. Smith were as definite in thought and utterance on agricultural relief, as he is on prohibition relief, his speech of acceptance would maintain throughout an exceptionally high level of frank and forceful declaration on the issues of the campaign. No one can mistake the intent and meaning of his prohibition proposals, which he makes the major issue of the campaign on the Democratic side. But heroic and daring as Candidate Smith is on prohibition relief, he fumbles the ball and falls back at the decisive moment in the farm relief introduction. The agricultural chapter of his acceptance speech is a cheering proclamation to the Middle West, but it falls like a dud at the finish.

Cincinnati Enquirer.—The speech is characteristic in that it is distinctly and emphatically a Smith speech. There can be no doubt as to the hint of obsequies to time-service or acquiescence to the demands of a questionable expediency. He continues to be a law unto himself with reference to his convictions as to the right or wrong, the justice or injustice, the soundness or unsoundness of prohibition, Gov. Smith stands independent of his party's platform, and practically invites the nation to a referendum, which should determine for many years whether sumptuary legislation and constitutional imposed regulation of private habit and morals is what the American people desire. As to Gov. Smith's declarations with reference to foreign policy, there is room for honest debate.

Atlanta Constitution.—The acceptance address of Gov. Alfred E. Smith is one of the most surprising and demanding. For his day and age, he is as clear and courageous as were his archrivals, Jefferson, Jackson, Cleveland and Wilson. He stands forth clean cut as a four-square American Democrat, in the spotlight of national observation, in the matter of prohibition, declaring positively against any return of the saloon, he frankly states his opinion that personal temperance and public morals can be advanced, better promoted and secured by certain amendments in the eighteenth amendment and the Volstead act. He states his determination to keep his oath of office, if chosen President. Plainly no reasonable Democrat can find valid fault in Gov. Smith's attitude, and he certainly leaves those who oppose him as "a dangerous wet" no solid ground on which to travel away from him.

Providence Journal.—With much of Gov. Smith's public career has been estimated men and women of whatever party must find themselves in hearty sympathy. Yet, his career has been essentially that of a politician. His speech of acceptance newly reveals his political point of view. Nowhere in the document do we find the note of fine idealism that characterized the acceptance address of Herbert Hoover. It is exactly the sort of utterance we should expect from a man of Alfred E. Smith's temperament, training and outlook. It reflects the seasoned judgment and philosophy of an American leader of genuine talent and attractive personality, whose preparation for presidential office is, nevertheless, distinctly inferior to that of the Republican nominee.

Dallas News.—There are vague spots in Gov. Smith's acceptance speech, perhaps as many as in Mr. Hoover's. However, in the question which, in spite of the decrees of platforms and candidates, evidently has the largest place in the consideration of the country, it is hardly to be denied that Gov. Smith has spoken with much the greater clarity and candor. It is still a lively polemic, and even among Mr. Hoover's friends what

are the implied meanings and covert contingencies in what he said on the subject of prohibition. Gov. Smith's proposals are sequestered in no verbal obscurities. They do not call for identification, but only for a consideration of their virtues or vices.

Springfield (Mass.) Republican.—In precipitating the great moral issue of the repeal of the eighteenth amendment, to be followed by the introduction of the Canadian system for the regulation of the liquor trade, Gov. Smith has made impossible the support of his presidential candidacy by this newspaper.

Cleveland Plain-Dealer.—Both nominees are agreed that the eighteenth amendment has brought in its train abuses which it will behoove the next administration to recognize. Hoover proposed to investigate the abuses. Smith now counters with a specific proposal for modification that would permit each state to name its own standard of alcoholic content within a fixed limitation. Smith is one who would do his own thinking, let us say. President who would fight his own battles, take his own punishment if he loses and give the country a vigor of leadership it has not known since Wilson fell.

San Francisco Chronicle.—The hopelessness of Gov. Smith's proposal to amend the eighteenth amendment to grant state option to go into the liquor business is complete. It has the same defect as the old local option laws. What dry state would want next to the competition of a sopping wet state? What dry state would vote to give its neighbors that privilege? The chance of adopting such an amendment may be dismissed offhand. Thirteen states can stop any constitutional amendment and more than 13 would stop this one.

Burlington (Vt.) Free Press: We suspect ex-Secretary Daniels and Senator George and other Democrats who begged "AI" to temper his wet acceptance remarks to the shorn dry lambs of the solid South will find it necessary to wear rubbers, even if they lay aside their umbrellas. If we understand the language of "The Sidewalks of New York" Smith is even wetter than his telegram of acceptance to the Houston convention made him appear to Glass, George and company. He wants to talk about modifying the eighteenth amendment as well as the Volstead act, although he says he will do his blameworthy, or words to that effect.

Indianapolis Star.—He goes beyond modification of the Volstead law, in his acceptance address and urges a change in the eighteenth amendment. If we understand all his bridges behind him and comes out flatly in opposition to the drys in his own party in defiance of the pussyfooting plank in its platform. Many who may not agree with him will give him credit for courage and honest convictions.

Daily Capital, Topeka, Kan.—It is concerning matters with which he has had wide experience that Gov. Smith's speech has a real punch. On monopoly, privilege and the specific subject of water powers the address is constructive without any vagueness or ambiguity. He knows what he means. On the other hand, in his references to foreign policy the speech is rambling and feeble. On the tariff he is apparently as good a protectionist as any Republican. On the wet and dry issue Gov. Smith is radical, going much further than his telegram to the Houston convention towards scoping the platform. If the dry Democrats stand for this fake proposal of Gov. Smith they can never hereafter profess to favor abolishing the liquor traffic.

Spokane Spokesman-Review.—Gov. Smith has done the unexpected. He attacks a part of the Constitution and assaults the enforcement law, and then asks the country to elect him President to support the constitutional provision he abhors and enforces the law that he despises. No other presidential candidate ever did that. Having induced New York to repeal its enforcement laws, all of them, he points to the resulting lawlessness as a chief reason why he should be

President. As his model, he points to the Canadian plan. He proposes that we make a bartender of Uncle Sam.

Smith Speech Not Evasive as Was Hoover's, Hawes Says.

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"Mr. Hoover's address was equally characteristic. It was the product of the school of bureaucracy. It reads as if written by a number of heads of department, then loosely joined, through a constant and strained effort not to say too much, to leave subjects open for two constructions."

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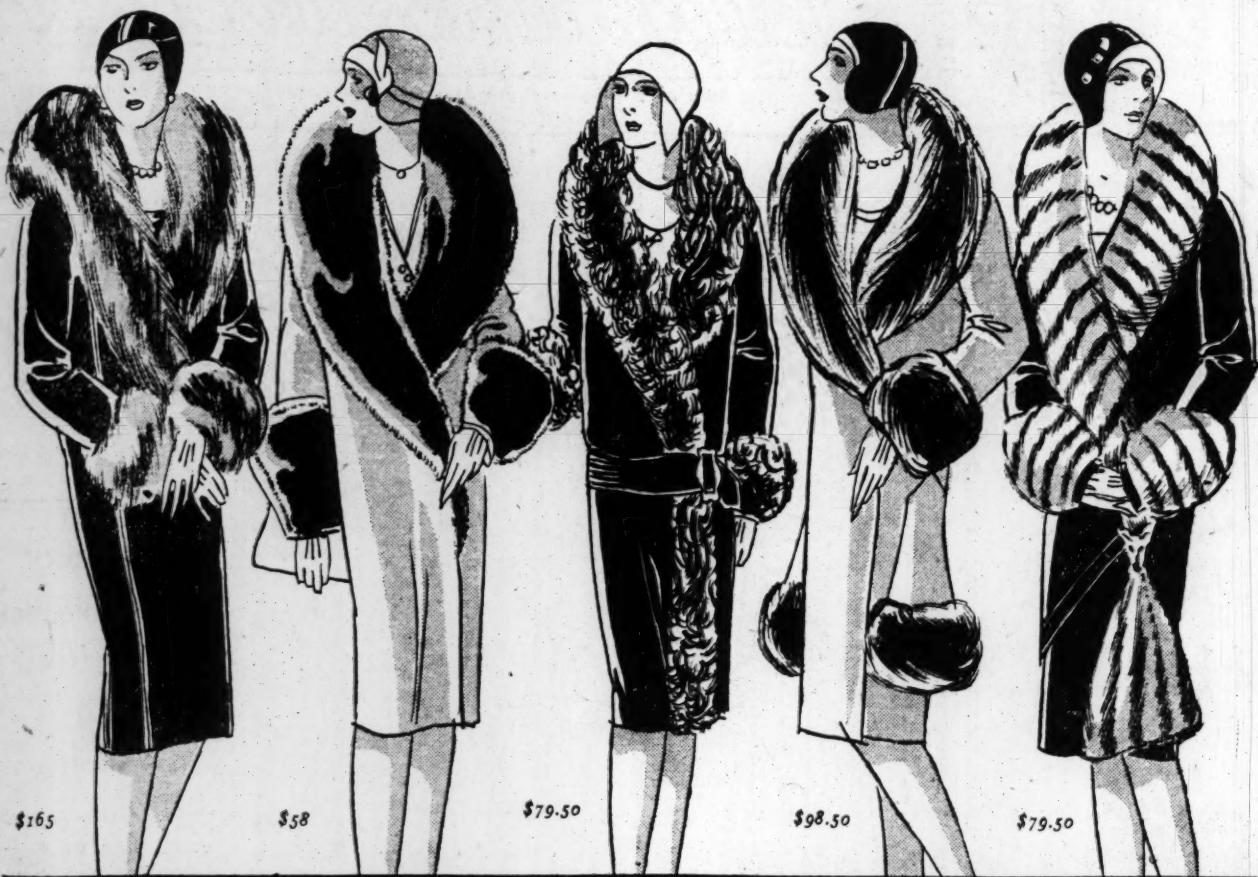
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STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER

See the New Fashions in
Pictorial Review Patterns

To give our patrons a complete Pattern service, we have added Pictorial Review Patterns to our department. Come in and see the new Fall fashions in these easy-to-use popular patterns! (Second Floor.)



The August Coat Event

Your Opportunity to Choose From a Superb Collection of Advance Winter Styles—Critically Assembled at Three Featured Prices

\$58 \$79.50 \$98.50

One thing is typical of the Coats throughout our August collections... each model has been so carefully chosen that it represents a maximum of style and value at its price! And so, no matter from which group you make your selection, your money will buy a coat in an accepted Winter fashion, unusual in its rich fabric and luxurious furs. Furs, in fact, demand special note. Selected qualities of wolf, badger, caracul, marmink, squirrel, kit fox, and French beaver denote, in their new treatments of shawl collars, mushroom collars, spiral and pointed cuffs, the smartest of the new modes, interpreted for misses and women.

Other significant groups of Winter Coats of individual styling, with sumptuous, flattering trimmings of superb furs... **\$165 and \$195** (Third Floor.)

Sale of Tom Sawyer Boys' Wash Suits



Offers a Wide Choice at Savings of Unusual Importance

\$1.49

All of the Suits are salesmen's samples in this season's best models, and nearly all of them are tailored in long-sleeve style. Fabrics include linen, broadcloth, Tom Sawyer cloth, etc. Sizes are 2½ to 9 years. You will profit by purchasing liberally.

Flapper Styles
Button-On Styles
Regulation Styles
Novelty Styles

(Fourth Floor and Square 19.)
Telephone Shopping Service
—Central 6500.

Feature Groups in the SILK PREMIER

The Inspiration for Smart New Costumes for Every Occasion—*at Impressive Savings!*

Reversible Crepe Satin
Lustrous 40-inch Satin with trim of the reverse dull side... is very smart for Fall frocks, excellent selection of new colors... **\$1.98 & \$2.48**

Imported Metal Brocade
French novelty Brocade in gorgeous gold and silver effects on crepe, chiffon or Georgette... sponsored by Vogue for evening occasions, 40-inch width; **\$5.95**

Black Chiffon Velvet
Rich lustrous 40-inch Chiffon Velvet with silk facing and lisle back... assured a fashion triumph during the Winter season... a noteworthy value, yd. **\$2.98** (Second Floor.)

August Sale of Fall Footwear

Prices the New Season's Advance Styles at Significant Savings! Our Exclusive "Corinne" Models Included

It would seem a paradox that you can buy the NEW Footwear styles... the first authentic styles for Fall... at SAVINGS now, before the season has even begun. Yet that is exactly what the August Sale of Footwear means. Here, in the sumptuous setting of the new Shoe Salon, the Autumn shoes are being shown in smart Reptile leathers (lizard, python, watersnake)... in brown kid... in suede... in patent leather and satin. Needless to say, every one of the four special sale groups promises an interesting selection:

\$7.95 \$8.95 \$10.95 \$12.95

(Shoe Salon—Second Floor.)

Repaired Gloves

On Sale Friday in Two Groups at

69c \$1.29

These are Gloves which have become slightly damaged in fitting... soiled from display. All have been expertly mended, and at these prices you'll want several pairs. Slip-ons and fancy-cuff styles in kid or suede. Make selection carefully—no credits or exchanges. (Street Floor.)



Special! New Lamp Shades

Junior Size, \$3.69
Bridge Size, \$2.69

Just arrived... a fortunate special purchase of the fashionable craquelé parchment paper shades in laced hexagonal shape. And the designs and colors are delightfully varied... so you can easily match your lamp base. (Fifth Floor and Thrift Avenue.)

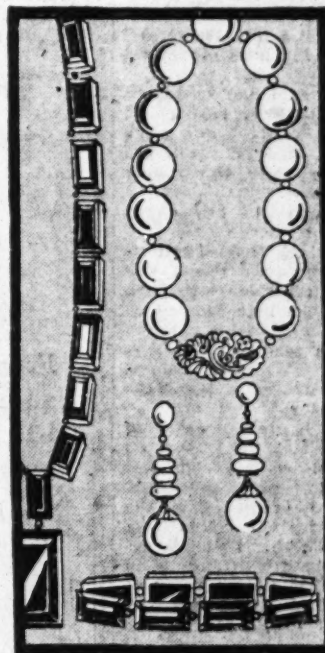
Sale! New Costume Jewelry

2500 Pieces... Very Smart Imported Creations in Two Special Groups at

\$1.00 and \$1.95

It's a very special occasion that brings this wonderful collection of Costume Jewelry to sell at these prices! They are smart Fall creations to wear with your Autumn costumes... every piece is style-right and there are many fine imported novelties in:

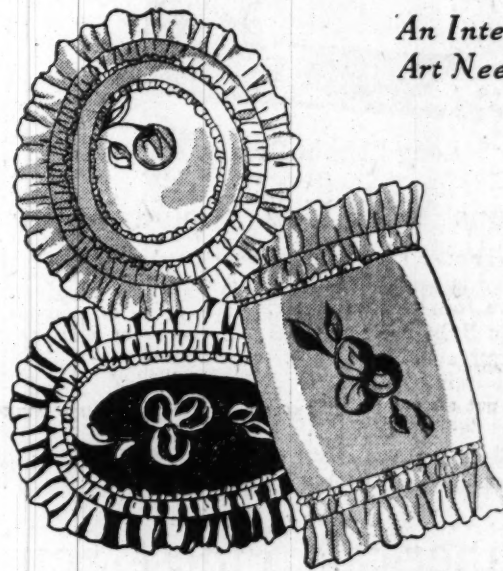
Chokers Bracelets
Rio Rita Necklaces With Large Clasps
Fancy Flat Pearls (Simulated)
Necklaces Brooches
In Russian Antique, Grotto Blue, Lido Blue, Jade, Crystal and Red Colors
(Jewelry and Square 18, Street Floor.)



Rayon Pillows—Special Values

An Interesting Feature in the New Art Needlework Section... Friday

\$1.00



Choice of the three attractive styles pictured at left... gay and colorful in their lustrous Rayon-mixed coverings, garland-trimmed and finished with gold-cloth backs. Also at \$1.00 you'll find other gay and smart Pillows covered with cretonne, cotton sateen, flowered chintz and patent leather... equally unusual at this special price! (Sixth Floor.)
Telephone Shopping Service
Central 6500.

A Remarkable One-Price Group of 2-Pc. Living-Room Suites

Featured Friday in the August Sale of Furniture

\$225

Rich in upholstery... masterful in construction and of exceptionally fine materials throughout. Each of the luxurious Suites featured in this group includes a davenport and armchair that are outstanding values!

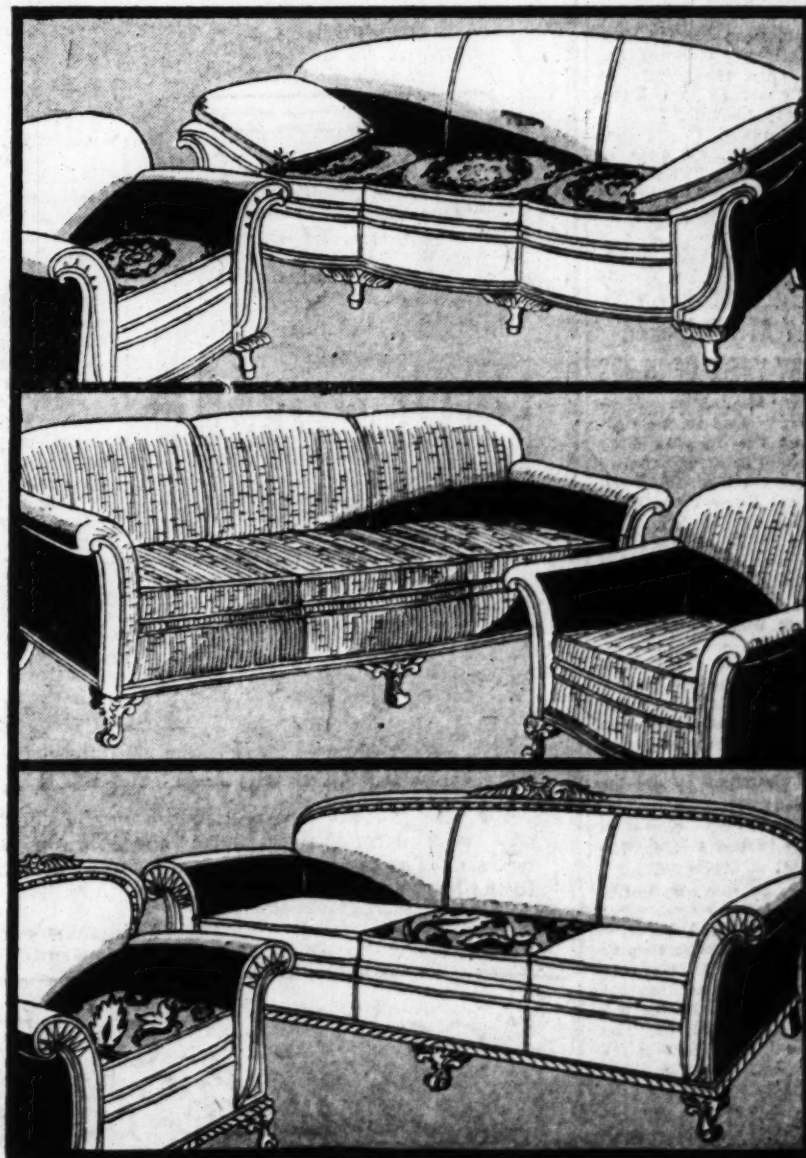
Choice of Six Styles—Three Are Illustrated

TOP—New English style overstuffed Suite, with pillow arms; rich-toned solid mahogany and taupe mohair with cushions reversed in colorful moquette.

MIDDLE—Choice of four distinctive upholsteries... prune-colored mohair with cushions reversed in cut mohair; soft gold-tone mohair or henna mohair with beautiful linen frieze on cushions—or allover antique velour in rich henna color.

BOTTOM—Queen Anne style Davenport and Chair with solid mahogany frames lavishly carved and; d 1 gold-tone or henna-colored mohair... with frieze reversed cushions.

First Payment, \$23—
No Interest Charge!
(Seventh Floor.)



ROBS STORE WHEN 5¢ PURCHASE IS SPURNED

Youth Confirms \$37 at Delmar Confectionery After Tying of Woman Clerk.

"A nickel's worth of that candy, please," was the order put in by a young man who entered a confectionery at 4709 Delmar boulevard last night.

"We don't sell a nickel's worth," said the clerk, Miss Margaret Freese.

"All right," said the customer, drawing a revolver, taking \$37 from the cash register and tying the clerk with cord. She released herself shortly after the robber departed, saying: "I got enough to buy candy now."

Arthur Harris, insurance collector, 5789 Westminster place, was driving through Tower Grove Park last night when a man jumped on the running board of his car and compelled him to drive to Kingshighway and Magnolia avenue, where Harris was robbed of \$100 in collections.

Frank Cox, Negro merchant of Blytheville, Ark., in St. Louis on a buying trip, was robbed of \$1200 yesterday afternoon. He set out to "see the city" in a service car driven by a Negro, with two Negro women acquaintances riding with him, when two Negroes held up the party at Channing and Cook avenues and robbed Cox of \$1200, overlooking \$506 more.

FIVE TOURISTS FROM U. S. KILLED BY TRAIN IN CANADA

Sixth Member of Automobile Party From Cleveland in Dangerous Condition.

By the Associated Press.

MONTREAL, Que., Aug. 23.—The surviving member of a tourist party of six from Cleveland, O., was in a dangerous condition at the Norman Cross Hospital, Three Rivers, Que., today, where she was taken after an accident in which their automobile was struck by a train. The other five were killed. The survivor of the tragedy, which occurred at Yamahiche, Que., is Mrs. Mary Doty. The dead are: Mr. and Mrs. George Wise, Mrs. Lester Vanderwerf and her two small children, Jack and Jean. They were bound for Quebec.

The train was a Canadian Pacific boat special, enroute for Quebec and was making 45 miles an hour when it struck the car. Officers here said. They had no official report on the accident other than that the automobile was moving when struck. The car, a sedan, was hurled several feet and demolished.

The bodies of the victims were held at Three Rivers pending an inquest and word from relatives in Cleveland.

NUN RELEASED AFTER OREGON MURDER INQUIRY REARRESTED

Aunt of Mother Superior Conception Accused of Participation in Plot.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 23.—Jose de Leon Toral, assassin of President-elect Obregon, and Mother Superior Concepcion Acebedo de la Lata were taken from the jail at San Angel under heavy guard yesterday and transferred to cells in Belem prison in Mexico City. At the same time the 12 persons named by Gen. Antonio Rios y Zertuche, chief of police, as having been implicated in a plot to assassinate both President Calles and Obregon at Celaya last spring were transferred to the municipal jail at Mexico, near Mexico City. After the Attorney-General has studied their case they will be taken to the court at San Angel for a preliminary hearing.

PASSION PLAY AT ST. JOSEPH DELAYED BY THEFT OF CROSS

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 23.—Theft of the cross used in the Gospels scene of the Passion Play virtually disrupted the performance which was presented by the Freiburg players on Krug Park here Wednesday night. The theft was discovered about an hour before the play was to begin. The cross is specially constructed of light wood, so designed that Adolf Passnacht, who plays Christ, can carry it.

After a search the cross was found in the undergrowth near the park yesterday. In addition to losing his cross, Passnacht reported to police his wallet had been stolen.

Also a donkey used in the play was missed last night from its place back stage shortly before time for the performance, but it was soon found tied to a tree on a nearby hillside.

Jersey G. O. F. Leader for Smith, by the Associated Press.

UNION CITY, N. J., Aug. 23.—The Hudson Dispatch says former Congressman Edward W. Gray of Newark, who was a candidate for the Republican nomination for the United States Senate at the last primary on a platform calling for repeal of the eighteenth amendment, indicated last night that he would support Gov. Smith for the presidency. "I cannot find it possible, as a life-long Republican, to endorse Herbert Hoover," Gray is quoted as saying.

29 YEARS ON PINE ST.
We specialize in School Children's Eyes.
Hours 9 to 5:30
Three Days Only
Repelling and Lenses Duplicated
Lowest Prices
Absolutely Satisfaction Guaranteed
EXAMINATION FREE
R. J. DAWSON OPTICAL CO.
616 PINE ST.
The POST-DISPATCH Regularly prints MORE WAY ADS than ALL the other St. Louis newspapers COMBINED.

Let Us Convert Your Vase Into an Electric Table Lamp

We specialize in this class of work. We can furnish teak wood bottoms for any size vase and electrify any type vase. We cheerfully Give Estimates on All Work. We Call For and Deliver Work. No Extra Charge.

Brandt

Electric Co., 904 Pine St.
Serving the Home Electrically Since 1886
Phone Chestnut 9220



HAY FEVER?

EX-HA-FE is guaranteed to give instant relief from hay fever. Price \$1.00. Sold by WAL-GREEN DRUG CO. and leading druggists, or direct.
EX-HA-FE Co., 415 Empire Bldg., Denver, Colo.



SPECIAL PRICE REDUCTIONS!—OUR FAMOUS MARCEL OR RINGLET—Permanent Wave Now Will Not Discolor Gray Hair

Novelle

501 Ambassador Building
Ph. GAR. 6148
Sunday by Appointment

Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney

Hours of Business: Daily 8:30 to 5:00—Saturday 8:30 to 5:30
Olive and Locust, From Ninth to Tenth



Stationery Die Stamped

Complete \$2

Three-letter monogram Die or one-line address Die with a one-quire box of imported Stationery in white or colors, stamped in gold, silver or any color. Die becomes your own property.

Stationery Shop—First Floor.

VERY NEW! IN THE SPORTS SHOP

Printed Jersey Frocks

Also Plain and Three-Toned Jersey Models

Just in and Special at... **\$16.75** Sizes 14 to 42

THE Jersey Frock is at the fore again—but its Fall variations are entirely different—and, oh, how smart! Many have printed tops and plain-hued printed skirts—others are wholly in one tone or combine three shades in new ways. Ideal for college wear, as well as for women's all-around service.

Sports Shop—Second Floor.

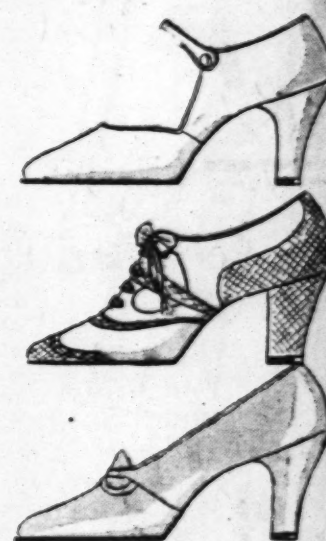
Friday and Saturday—A Two-Day Sale of Laird-Schober Shoes

\$8.90

This is a very small group of broken size lots, with from two to eight pairs in each style. This price is exceedingly low for Lairds, and if you are one of the many women who wear these wonderful shoes, this sale offers an opportunity you cannot afford to miss.

No Refunds—No Exchanges
All Sales Final

Women's Shoe Shop—Second Floor.



Friday and Saturday—Last Two Days

Sale of "Kaynee" Shirts and Blouses

For Boys and Youths

79c

Regularly \$1.25 to \$2.50

99c

Regularly \$1.50 to \$4.00

Only "Kaynee" garments can give such satisfaction as these. Every Blouse and Shirt is guaranteed. Long-sleeved, high-necked styles for the correctly dressed schoolboy. Imported English broadcloths... fine woven madras... satin-striped broadcloths... and mercerized cloths have been used in the making.

Youths' Shirts, 12½ to 14½.
Junior Shirts, 8 to 14 years.
Boys' Blouses, 6 to 13 years.

Boys' Furnishing Shop—Second Floor.



The August Sewing Machine Sale Offers

The Solution of Continuous Sewing Service
Buy a FREE Westinghouse Electric

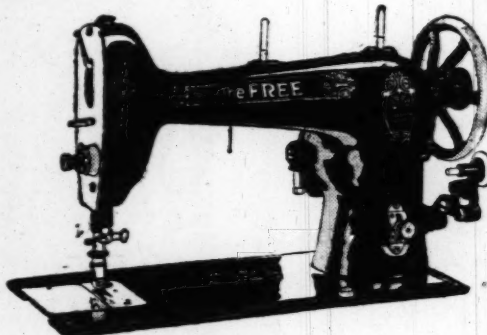
Free-Westinghouse Electric Sewing Machines have been sold at Vandervoort's since 1915. We guarantee them to you for life against defects in materials or workmanship. Free-Westinghouse Electrics were the first household sewing machines made with the motor built in the head. Westinghouse motors have long been recognized as the most dependable of all. AC or DC 110 volts.

And Now—Both Round and Long Bobbins

Full Rotary Mechanism



Long Bobbin Rotary



Round Duo Rotary

Reasons Why You Should Buy a Free-Westinghouse Sewing Machine

1. Westinghouse motor built-in-the-head.
2. Patented adjustable knee speed control.
3. Positive four-motion steel feed.
4. Electric light built-on-the-head.
5. Revolving spool pin.
6. Lever stitch adjustment.
7. Toggle-link take-up.
8. Moving tension discs.
9. More sewing space when seated.
10. Consoles open into table 36x36 inches.
11. Dressmaking course given with each Machine. Free instruction.
12. Attachments for all kinds of fancy sewing. We teach you to use them.
13. The Duo Rotary has a hinged foot.
14. Easiest possible cleaning features.
15. Oil the motor but once a year.
16. Lifetime guarantee.
17. Exclusive cabinet designs.
18. Recommended by Vandervoort's.

America's Finest Sewing Machine Cabinets

Made by LANDSTROM FURNITURE, INC. Every model is exclusive on the FREE. Either of the machine heads may be had in any of the cabinets shown below.

18th Century Model

This particular style has proven to be very popular owing to its easy adaptability to other styles of furniture. Hand-turned legs supporting a 36-inch case to hide the machine when not being used for sewing. Just the proper amount of ornate decorations.

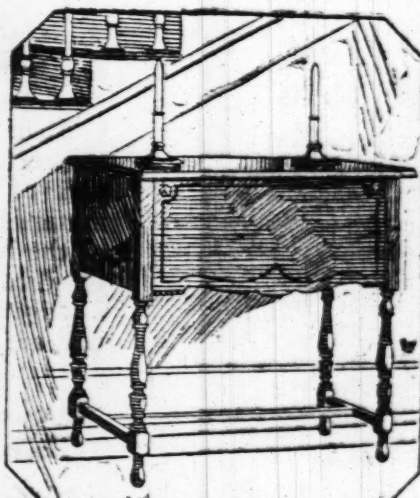


The Desk

This style is offered in walnut, mahogany, mission or waxed oak. In this machine you will find a very sturdy and durable article of furniture. Ideal for use as a writing desk when not in use for sewing.

The Console

A very desirable Table, fashioned after the Colonial days. Hand-turned legs. New Venetian walnut finish in delicate shades. Makes a practical serving or occasional table for use in the living room or hall.



18th Century Model

In this style you are offered a choice of highly varnished or soft two-tone finished walnut. Also rich, lustrous mahogany. It is indeed an item of furnishing for your home of which you would justly be proud. Concealed drawers for the complete set of attachments.

A Number of Other Equally Attractive Models Offered for Your Selection

The August Sale Offers

\$35 or More Allowance

—for your present sewing machine on the purchase of any new Free-Westinghouse portable or cabinet models. They are priced from \$102 to \$230, according to the head and cabinet.

\$5 Down Delivers

—any sewing machine purchased on the easy club payment plan. If you desire, you may take advantage of this. No interest or carrying charge is made for this service.

Vandervoort's Sewing Machine Shop—Downstairs.

Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney

Hours of Business: Daily 8:30 to 5:00—Saturday 8:30 to 5:30

Olive and Locust, From Ninth to Tenth

SHOES RE

Men's Whole Sole

For a Limited Time, Special at... \$2.00

Work done while you wait or colors. (Shoe Repair Dept.—Second Floor)

LAST SEVEN OUR 17TH

AUGUST FUR

This is practically the last, and the alert shopper's minute opportunity to choose pronounced savings.

Savings on

Golden Muskrat Fur Coats...
Black Caracul Fur Coats...
Russian Pony Fur Coats...
Platinum Caracul Fur Coats...
Imported Hair Seal Coats...

Silver Muskrat Fur Coats...
Scotch Mole Fur Coats...
Flat Caracul Fur Coats...
American Broadtail® Fur Coats...
Natural Panther Fur Coats...

Fine Gray Squirrel Coats...
Hudson Seal (Dyed Muskrat)...
Ocelot Leopard Fur Coats...
Jap Mink Fur Coats...
American Broadtail® Fur Coats...
*Processed Lamb



Sizes: Misses 14 to 18—V

Food Cho \$1.4

Large size, with blades, Regular Size (Nagano—Furn)

Thrifty Shoppers!



\$2.49 SATIN heavy lustrous
\$2.49 BLACK finish; 40 in
\$2.69 CREPE finish; weav beautifully
\$2.69 BLACK inch; heavy
\$2.49 SATIN ish, in new
\$2.49 FLAT also pastel
\$2.98 CREPE Shown in t
\$2.49 TRUSH able silk in

Open a Charge Account Tomorrow at

SHOES REPAIRED

Men's Whole Soles and Heels

For a Limited Time, \$2.00 Regular Price \$2.50
Special at.....

Work done while you wait or delivered—shoes dyed all colors. (Shoe Repair Dept.—Second Floor, Rear Shoe Dept.)

NUGENTS

"THE STORE FOR ALL THE PEOPLE"

MODEL AEROPLANES

St. Louis' Largest Assortment

Make your own model—instructors each afternoon starting at 1:30. Register for Nugents' Junior Aero Derby to take place in Forest Park, Monday, Sept. 3d. (Model Aeroplanes, Auditorium—Third Floor.)

The August Sale Events Throughout the Store Offer Substantial Savings in All Departments

LAST SEVEN DAYS OF OUR 17TH ANNUAL

AUGUST SALE FURS

This is practically the last call on Fur savings, and the alert shopper will grasp this last-minute opportunity to choose a quality Coat at pronounced savings.

Savings of 1/4 to 1/3

Golden Muskrat Fur Coats.....	\$125
Black Caracul Fur Coats.....	
Russian Pony Fur Coats.....	
Platinum Caracul Fur Coats.....	
Imported Hair Seal Coats.....	
Silver Muskrat Fur Coats.....	\$190
Scotch Mole Fur Coats.....	
Flat Caracul Fur Coats.....	
American Broadtail* Fur Coats.....	
Natural Panther Fur Coats.....	
Fine Gray Squirrel Coats.....	\$285
Hudson Seal (Dyed Muskrat) Coats.....	
Ocelot Leopard Fur Coats.....	
Jap Mink Fur Coats.....	
American Broadtail* Fur Coats.....	
*Processed Lamb	

(Nugents—Second Floor.)

Take 3 to 9 Months to Pay

AUGUST SALE COATS

If you would have your new Fall Coat conform to the latest Fashion dictates and effect a saving at the same time, you will be sure to view this group of Coats. Any one of them will help its wearer to achieve the new slender silhouette and all are notable for their lavish use of fur. Soft, clinging woolsens and warm, rich shades help to contribute to their style-rightness.

Rich Fur Trimmings

Civet Cat Jap Fox Baby Lynx
Manchurian Wolf
Platinum Wolf Beacer
Squirrel Kit Fox

Newest Fall Fabrics

Norma Rayosa Kirmann
Velour de Noir Luella
Twill Broadcloth Sports Fabric

Latest Fall Styles

Conservative Swagger and More
Extreme Styles Slight Flares
Tucked Backs Huge Shawl
Collars Straightlines

Sizes: Misses' 14 to 18—Women's 36 to 52—Half Sizes

\$58

(Second Floor.)

Food Chopper \$1.49
Large size, with 4 cutting blades. Regular \$1.75 value. (Nugents—Fourth Floor.)Electric Fans \$6.98
8-inch size; oscillating type; guaranteed. \$9.98 value. (Nugents—Fourth Floor.)

Thrifty Shoppers! Share in Worth-While Economies!

Sale of SILKS

- \$2.49 SATIN CREPE—40 inches wide; heavy lustrous finish; for Fall wear....
- \$2.49 BLACK FLAT CREPE—Rich soft finish; 40 inches wide; very smart for Fall
- \$2.49 CREPE ROMAINE—40-inch; soft finish weave, which pleats and drapes beautifully
- \$2.49 BLACK VELVETEEN (cotton)—36-inch; heavy quality; for dress or coat..
- \$2.49 SATIN CREPE—Heavy lustrous finish, in new Fall shades; 40-inch....
- \$2.49 FLAT CREPE—All new Fall colors, also pastel shades; 40 inches wide....
- \$2.98 CREPE SERENE GEORGETTE—Shown in the newest colors; 40 in. wide.
- \$2.49 TRUSHA WASH RADIUM—Washable silk in light shades, for lingerie...

\$1.98

Sale on the Main Floor Friday

Mothers! Share in These Unusual Savings Friday

SCHOOL OPENING SALE

With school days looming so near, mothers and children are sure to appreciate the timeliness of these offerings. Every school day need may be supplied from these fresh stocks at reasonable prices.

Kiddies' Party and Style Show

Two more days of this special event planned just for kiddies. Friday and Saturday of this week will be given over to youth... living children will model Fashion's latest edicts for the younger generation, showing everything needful for style rightness. Be sure to be on hand, boys and girls... you won't want to miss this.

Auditorium—3d Floor—Starting at 11 A. M.



Boys' High School Suits \$19.95

Two pairs of long trousers, featuring double-breasted vests. Fine cassimeres and chevrons. Sizes 14 to 20 included. Other Suits, \$22.50 to \$25

GIRLS' COATS \$18.95

Where is the girl who would not go off to school with pride wearing one of these smart, warm Coats? Mothers, too, will appreciate them—for they are sturdily made and have wide hems for lengthening.

Fashioned of Germania Chinchilla, in soft, velvety and pebble finish, these Coats may be chosen in colors of navy, red, brown, French blue and green. Sizes 7 to 14 years.

Other Coats of Novelty Woolens, Fur Trimmed, Priced Up to \$49.50.

New Wash Dresses, \$1.98 to \$2.98

New Fall Sweaters, \$2.98

Silk & Wool Dresses, \$5.95 to \$10

Fall Skirts, Sizes 7 to 14, \$2.98 (Second Floor.)

BOYS' SUITS \$9.95

Sturdy, well-made Suits of cassimeres and chevrons in single and double breasted styles for the boy from 6 to 15 years. Two pairs of knickers for extra wear.

Other Suits Priced From \$12.95 to \$16.95

Shirts and Blouses

Select Blouses, youths' Shirts, junior Shirts. Fine broadcloth, madras and printed percales. All sizes. \$1

Boys' Knickers \$1.95

Medium-weight wool Knickers—side pressed and golf style. Tans, grays, browns and mixtures. Sizes 6 to 16 years. ("Boy Town"—Third Floor.)



NEW FALL HATS \$2.95

For Kiddies

New Fall headwear for the child and junior miss. Smart felts with chic cut brims and bands. New shades to match Fall coats.

FOR WEE TOTS \$1.98

For the very little girl there are "regulation" style panty frocks well made of bright patterned prints. 2 to 6 years.

Tots' Jersey Dresses, \$5.95

Tots' Panty Frocks, \$1.00

Tots' Sweaters, \$1.98 and \$2.98

Tots' Bloomers, Sizes 2 to 6, 59c

Tots' Handmade Dresses, .59c (Nugents—Second Floor.)

\$15 Utility Chests

Three Colors—Best Lacquer—16x22-Inch Top—41 Inches High

Five-drawer chest, with strong frames. Comes jade green, decorated in orchid and bronze, ivory decorated in orchid and deep blue, blue decorated in orchid and dark blue. (Fourth Floor.) \$9.75

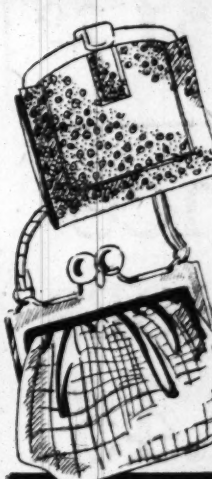
A Special Sale of

\$2.95 to \$3.50

HANDBAGS \$1.99

A Handbag to match every Fall costume becomes a present possibility with these really attractive Bags priced so low.

Only 350 of these Bags in the lot and women who know values will choose them early for good selection. Reptilian effects, calf and other popular leathers. Tailored and dress styles. All the new Fall shades. (Nugents—Main Floor.)



Sale—9x12 Room Size

LINOLEUM RUGS

Genuine Cork Linoleum

\$14.25 Vals. \$6.98

Just in time to brighten up the kitchen for Fall, comes this timely offering of Linoleum Rugs. All are made on a burlap back and may be chosen in carpet or tile patterns. Slightly imperfect. (Nugents—Third Floor.)

100-Pc. Dinner Sets \$19.50

\$22.50 to \$25.00 Values

These 100-piece Dinner Sets come in the popular lightweight American semi-porcelain ware. Cream ground embellished with floral border designs, some with gold-covered handles. A perfect service for 12 persons offered while they last at this low price.

Only 40 Sets to Sell

Complete Service for 12



CONSOLIDATION OF RAILROADS IN WEST PREDICTED

New Grouping Expected, to Avert Dispute Among Pacific Lines, With Hale Holden in Control.

CHANGES IN MAJOR EXECUTIVES LIKELY

Burlington Chairman Will Go to Southern Pacific, and Paul Shoup Succeed William Sproule, Rumor.

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Forecasts of a new grouping of Mid-West and Far-Western railway lines, which would do much toward eliminating present competition and avert threatened disputes among Pacific lines, has followed announcement of several reported pending changes in major executive positions on Western systems.

The Associated Press has been informed that Hale Holden, president of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, will become chairman of the Executive Committee of the Southern Pacific this fall, to succeed Henry W. De Forest. Information came from members of the directorate of the Burlington and the Southern Pacific.

The Burlington is controlled by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads and appointment of Holden to the Southern Pacific post was considered in financial circles as a means of averting disagreements between the Southern Pacific and the Western Pacific, La Salle street gossip said.

Shoup, slated to succeed William Sproule as head of the Southern Pacific, has been executive vice president of that road since 1925. Sproule, who will be 70 years old this fall, must retire under the company's age rule, it was indicated.

If the application for the merger of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads is approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission, Ralph Budd, president of the Great Northern, is expected to assume a new office, as is Charles Donnelly, now president of the Northern Pacific. In that event, it was said, the Southern Pacific, the Burlington and the merged roads would have one operating president, in hopes of eliminating present traffic and freight competition, although their normal individuality would be maintained.

As successors to Holden, the directors said Budd and Donnelly were under consideration. Financial circles also entertained rumors that F. E. Williamson, executive vice president of the Burlington, would succeed Holden.

Holden's Consolidation Plan. In 1923 Holden submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission a plan for consolidation of all Western roads into four systems, the Burlington, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Santa Fe. He denied rumors today of a new line to be formed by the Burlington, Western Pacific, Southern Pacific, Denver, Rio Grande & Western and Denver & Salt Lake roads, as Wall Street heard yesterday.

These latter lines are among those embraced by the newly proposed transcontinental group. The combined lines would serve virtually the whole country west of the Mississippi River, covering a total trackage of approximately 28,500 miles.

Reports which predicted merger of the Western lines were strengthened by knowledge that Arthur Curtiss James, large stockholder in the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, also owns much stock in the Southern Pacific and other Western roads, and is credited with controlling the Western Pacific.

Southern Pacific was expected to be called by Holden's appointment. Increased California mileage on the Western Pacific road has met with opposition from the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe as well as the Southern Pacific.

Sproule Refuses to Comment on Report He Is to Retire.

By the Associated Press. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—William Sproule has declined to comment on announcement of his coming retirement from the presidency of the Southern Pacific Co. That Hale Holden would become chairman of Southern Pacific's executive committee was heralded as an effort to prevent the threatened railroad war between the Southern Pacific and the Western Pacific and possibly the Oregon Railroad war.

VISCOUNT ALLENBY COMING

British Field Marshal to Address American Legion Convention.

By the Associated Press. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 23.—Field Marshal Viscount Allenby of Great Britain has accepted an invitation to address the national convention of the American Legion here Oct. 8-12.

Accompanied by Lady Allenby, the Field Marshal will reach New York shortly before the convention, leaving almost immediately for San Antonio. Their plans also call for a visit to the Pacific coast. They will sail for England late in October.

Buy on The Morris Plan, 16 to 50 Weeks to Pay

Kline's
606-08 Washington Ave.—Thru to Sixth St.

Kline's
606-08 Washington Ave.—Thru to Sixth St.

Two Days—Friday and Saturday
An Offering of Superlative Values!

FINE FUR COATS

An Assemblage of Choice Fur Garments Specialized at

Deferred
Payments Arranged
in the
Will Call

\$195

Reasonable
Deposit Will
Hold Any
of These Coats

CHARGE PURCHASES PAYABLE IN NOVEMBER

THE AUGUST FUR SALES have provided no individual event so exceptional in values as in this specialized offering of fine Fur Coats at \$195. We have assembled a notable collection including garments in the smartest sports furs as well as the more staple peltries. Many one-of-a-kind sample Coats lend added prestige to this rare occasion. If you would make a Fur Coat investment of extraordinary merit by all means attend this event.

LUXURIOUSLY STYLED GARMENTS lend a luster to this event which makes it most unusual. There will be smart furs for the Young Miss Junior who likes a simple tailored effect... there will be Coats with great fur collars and borders which add a richness to fur garments none others possess... Coats for every type in every authentic new style. We present an incomparable selection for women who know and appreciate the best in furs.

Coats of
Natural Squirrel
Dyed Squirrel
Jap Weasel
Broadtail
Harp Seal
Hudson Seal
(Dyed Muskrat)

Coats of
Muskrat
Ocelot
Caracul
Russian Pony
Bonded Seal
(Dyed Caney)



SALE OF CHIFFON HOSIERY

An Event of Tremendous Interest to St. Louis Women

All Perfect! Full Fashioned! Silk to the Top!
Values Which Should Urge Full Anticipation of All Fall Needs!

When Kline's... noted specialists in exquisite Hosiery at remarkable prices... offer a sale of this kind... it is a signal for every woman and miss to be here when the doors open... prepared to fully supply her needs for the coming season! And this event is more than unusual... for it offers sheer, clear, beautifully woven Hosiery... skillfully lisle-reinforced at the wearing points... at a price which makes varied selection a decided economy!

THE VERY NEWEST FALL 'SHADES

Tansan Gazelle Sandalwood Noisette
Gunmetal Grain Wood-Tones Cuban Sand

KLINE'S—Main Floor.



\$12.3
3 Pairs
\$3.55

60,000 REGISTER AT MISSOURI FAIR IN A SINGLE DAY

Estimated Attendance Will
Total 300,000 for Week
—\$2,000,000 Parade of
Cattle Today.

ST. LOUIS WOODMEN
ARE PRIZE WINNERS

Two Teams Take Honors in
Drilling — Agricultural
College Students First in
Judging Contest.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SEDALIA, Mo., Aug. 22.—This is Governor's day at the Missouri State Fair and it will be marked by a parade, tonight, of prize-winning livestock valued at \$2,000,000, and a display of \$1,000,000 worth of machinery.

Indications are that attendance records for a single day will be exceeded. More than 60,000 persons visited the exposition yesterday and many were expected to remain over for today's program. It is estimated that the goal of 300,000 attendance for the week will have been reached by closing time, Saturday night.

St. Louisans Win Prizes.
Keen competition is being shown in the contest among counties of the State for awards on the largest attendance. Visitors from all parts of Missouri are registering at the numerous booths in the hope their own counties may be victorious.

In the county attendance contest, Randolph has a big lead with a standing of 36,125 points. Nodaway County stands second with 27,600 persons and St. Louis city third with an attendance of 22,875.

St. Louis figured in prize awards yesterday. Camp Sparrow, the Modern Woodmen of America Foresters' encampment, which likely will be made a permanent part of the fair, closed last night with Camps No. 11,359 and No. 11,564. St. Louis, taking first for 12 and 8-men drill teams, respectively. Judges were Gen. James Helmon, Col. W. C. Schaeffer and Maj. P. Gage. A team from Hannibal won first for 16-men teams.

Veterinary Building Dedicated.
In addition to harness and other racing events and continuation of judging yesterday, the new two-story brick building of the Missouri Veterinarians' Association was dedicated. The building is the property of the State and will be utilized for educational purposes in veterinary science and medicine.

A start was made in the annual horseshoe pitching contest, which was delayed by rain and which is expected to be finished today.

Three students in the Missouri College of Agriculture placed first in the live-stock judging contest. Only six university students competed in a group of 23 young farmers and all were well above the average. The winners were: Kenneth Turk, Mount Vernon, Mo.; Harry A. Hermann, Hannibal, Mo.; and Aubrey Nance, Charleston, Mo.

**FIRE CAPTAIN HURT WHEN
SHED COLLAPSES UNDER HIM**

James Adams of Engine Company No. 21 Was Fighting \$850 Blaze at 2831 Clark Avenue.

Fire started by hot ashes in a shed in the rear of 2831 Clark avenue at 10:30 o'clock last night spread to adjacent structures, causing \$850 damage.

Fire Captain James Adams, Engine Company No. 21, suffered a possible fracture of the right leg when a shed from which he was directing firemen in fighting the blaze collapsed. Stables and sheds reached by the flames are at 2829-29 (rear) Clark avenue, and 2830-32 (rear) Walnut street, across the alley.

**FIRE ROUTS WASHINGTON
DWELLERS IN APARTMENT**

Forced to Flee to Street in Night Clothes When Smoke Fills Building.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Occupants of the Cordova apartments in the northwest residential section were forced out in their night clothes early today when fire broke out in the basement. The blaze was brought under control within an hour. The greatest damage was from smoke and water. The origin of the fire had not been determined.

The building is occupied by numerous Government employees and other residents of the capital. Smoke prevented the occupants from re-entering their apartments for some time.

FEWER 'DRUNKS' IN ENGLAND
Total 'Convictions' were 65,000, Lowest in Nine Years.

By the Associated Press.
LONDON, Aug. 22.—Official statistics of convictions for drunkenness in England, published yesterday, indicate that the most sober city in the kingdom is the historic seaport, Plymouth, and the city with the most proportionate convictions is the pretty but rather sleepy cathedral town of Norwich, in Norfolk.

Convictions throughout the country totaled 65,000 during the year, a decrease of 1900, and the lowest total in nine years.

Don't Throw Your Tires
Away

SAVE MONEY!
LET US REBUILD THEM FOR YOU
MODERN TIRE REBUILDING CO.
2920 Washington Ave. Lindell 9376

\$225
COMPLETE

In Zyllo Library Frames
Large Lenses for
Reading or Distance
Friday and Saturday Only



Your Eyes Examined by
THE MORITZ METHOD
INCLUDES THE OCULIST, THE
OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN
CONSULTATION FREE

Moritz Optical Co.
609 N. BROADWAY
Corner Washington Avenue

FREE A valuable Thermometer to any one bringing in this ad.

Jefferson City
August 26

Low round trip fares also from
St. Louis and suburban stations
to:

Gray's Summit... \$1.00
Labadie... 1.00
Washington... 1.25
New Haven... 1.50
Hermann... 1.75
Gasconade... 2.00
Morrison... 2.00
Chamois... 2.00
Bonnot's Mill... 2.50
Osage... 2.50

Tickets will be sold for train leaving
St. Louis 7:15 a. m., August 26.
Returning, good on Special Train leaving
Jefferson City 6:30 p. m., August
26. Chair cars and coaches only.

Tickets—Information
City Ticket Office
318 N. Broadway (MAIN 1000)

**Henry Ford
Says:—**

"The Ford Motor Co. will continue to make Model T Ford replacement parts until the last Model T is off the road."

**We Specialize
in Repairing
Old Fords**

Our mechanics have been with us for years working on Fords only. Our stock of genuine Model T Ford replacement parts is one of the largest outside of Detroit. Our Ford shop equipment is of the finest; our painting the best.

**Your Ford Still
Has Thousands
of Miles in It**

We will fix it up like new at a very small cost and give same guarantee as on a brand-new Ford. Payment in ten monthly payments if desired. Drive in and see how little it will cost to maintain the value of your car and give you thousands of miles of additional service.

**Carondelet
Motor Co.**

Authorized Ford Dealer
3857-3869 South Grand
(10 Minutes from Grand & Olive)

LABOR DAY—
Alabama — Mississippi
Tennessee and Kentucky
EXCURSION

Saturday,
SEPT. 1
3-Day
Limit

—Special Train—
L. St. Louis 8:15 p. m., E. St. Louis 8:15 p. m.
—Round Trip Fares—

Mobile, Ala. \$15.00
Tuscaloosa, Ala. \$12.00
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Starkville, Miss. \$12.00
Aberdeen, S. C. \$12.00
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Low fares to other stations.
Children half fare. No baggage checked.
Tickets good in coaches only.
Returning, leave destination
on or before Sept. 4, 1923.
Tickets at 322 N. Broadway, Union
Station and Relay Station, E. St. Louis.

See today's Want pages for
Business For Sale offers.

See the New Victor-Radiola Combinations

TWO STORES ON SALE AT OPEN EVENINGS
3199 S. GRAND BLVD. **Kaemmerer Music Shops** 6317 DELMAR BLVD.
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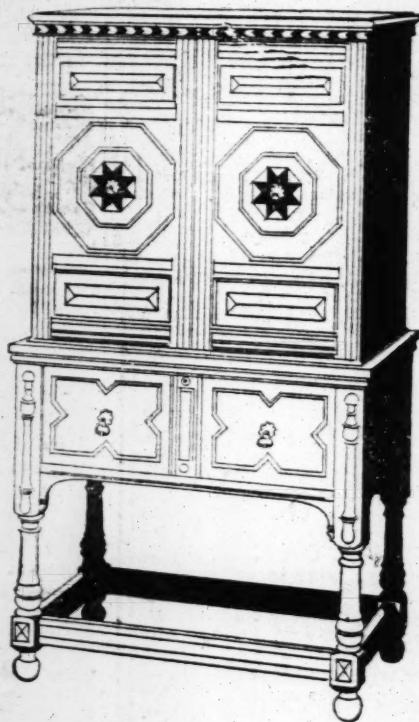
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Headquarters for Victrolas and Radiolas

Hours of Business: Daily 8:30 to 5:00—Saturday 8:30 to 5:30
Olive and Locust, From Ninth to Tenth

Set instrument
anywhere... plug in
and play!

On this Victor Electrola
Radiola, an antenna-plate
brings in nearby broad-
casts without any aerial.



An Instrument that is UNUSUAL

To THAT group of people who reflect good taste in the clothes they wear and in the cars they drive... who by instinct choose smart things, this Victor Electrola Radiola, Model Nine-sixteen, makes an instant appeal. Grace and charm are in every line of its Early English cabinet. And its superb reproduction of music from records and from the air... who can describe that?

Here, indeed, is a musical instrument to brighten the eye of the aesthete... to gladden the heart of the true lover of music. The Victor Electrola, which reproduces and amplifies record-music electrically, combined with the all-electric Radiola 18... two superb instruments in one, ready to plug in and play... to entertain you and your friends in regal fashion. Model Nine-sixteen is \$750, list price, with tubes. Other Victor models are \$35 to \$1550, list price. There is a Victor dealer—and a pleasant chair—near you.

Victor Electrola Radiola

VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO. CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY, U. S. A.

Hear This New Victrola Radiola 18 at the Aeolian Company

Model 7-11

\$250
Immediate Delivery

for a small initial cash payment
balance low as

\$3 WEEKLY
These exceptionally low terms bring this superb new Victrola Radiola 18 combination within the means of every household.

Victor-Radiola 7-11 Open Evenings by Appointment

AUTHORIZED VICTOR DEALERS

AEOLIAN

COMPANY of MISSOURI
W. P. CHRISSIER—PRESIDENT
1004 OLIVE STREET

SAYS BROTHER-IN-LAW ALIENATED WIFE'S LOVE

Philip F. H. Maag Sues William A. Krause for \$30,000 Damages.

Suit for \$30,000 damages for alienation of his wife's affections was filed in Circuit Court yesterday by Philip F. H. Maag, 4166 Swan avenue, against William A. Krause, his brother-in-law. Maag, a foreman for the St. Louis Paper Can & Tube Co., states in his petition that he is employed at night and alleges that Krause, the husband of Maag's sister, Metta, took his wife, Mrs. Catherine Maag, riding in his automobile and to various places of amusement without his consent or the consent of Mrs. Krause. Maag also alleges that Krause induced Mrs. Maag to institute divorce proceedings against him last March and the following month Krause filed suit to divorce Mrs. Krause. Maag charges in the suit that an agreement existed between his wife and Krause to that effect that the event of their respective divorce actions were successful, the suits are pending in the Court of Domestic Relations.

The two families resided next door to each other, the Krause home being at 4402 Swan avenue. Krause, a repair man for the Otis Elevator Co., moved to the North-Western Hotel upon filing suit for divorce. At the hotel today it was said he is out of town on business. Maag and his wife were married 10 years ago.

Overdue Yacht Reaches Port. By the Associated Press. PLYMOUTH, England, Aug. 23. The yacht Manago, long overdue here in the Fastnet ocean yacht race, arrived this morning. The race, over a 615-mile course from Cowes to Fastnet and back to Plymouth, was won by the American schooner Nina.

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LOW FARE EXCURSION
\$27.50 ROUND TRIP
NEW ORLEANS
AUGUST 25

Good in sleepers upon payment of usual berth charges.
Return limit fifteen days.
Half-fare for children.
Stopovers permitted at Little Rock or Benton for side trip to Hot Springs National Park.

Tickets—Information
City Ticket Office
315 N. Broadway (Main 1000)

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A SERVICE INSTITUTION

Authorized Victor Neighborhood Dealers

DEEKEN MUSIC CO.
2017 E. Grand, 3953 W. Florissant
DE MERVILLE PIANO & MUSIC CO.
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DANIEL G. DUNKER PIANO CO.
N. E. Cor. 14th & North Market
ERMANTRAUT MUSIC HOUSE
2000 S. 19th
GLASER MUSIC SHOP
512 N. 6th St.
JAMERSON MUSIC HOUSE
223 Collinsville Av., E. St. Louis
KISSEL RADIO & MUSIC SHOP
39th & Lafayette
R. E. LYON'S JEWELRY SHOP
1355 S. 39th
RAIGOR'S MUSIC SHOP
1225 Franklin
E. E. BAKER MUSIC HOUSE
3121 S. Grand
BAUER'S MUSIC HOUSE
2810 Gravois
W. A. TODD JEWELRY & MUSIC CO.
4104 Easton
BROADWAY MUSIC CO.
1305 S. Broadway

THREAT TO LEVEL OFF GRAVE CHARGED IN SUIT

Joseph L. Howell, Attorney, Gets Injunction Against Valhalla Cemetery.

Charging that the management of Valhalla Cemetery has threatened to level a mound on his son's grave unless he pays an annual fee of \$3 for its upkeep, Joseph L. Howell, general attorney for the Terminal Railroad Association, today filed suit for an injunction in Circuit Court at Cl. 1 and a temporary restraining order was granted by Judge Mulloy. In his suit Howell names as defendants the National Securities Co., from whom he purchased the lot, the Valhalla Cemetery Association and Floyd L. Shoop, manager of the ground.

Howell states that when he purchased the lot 11 years ago perpetual care was guaranteed for the lot by the securities company. After his son's burial, June 23, 1917, Howell had a mound raised above the grave and has since kept it in proper condition himself, according to the petition.

Recently, however, he was notified by the management, he declares, that henceforth an annual charge of \$3 per grave would be made for care, and was told that, if he did not pay it, his son's grave would be leveled.

He states that his suit is on behalf of other lot owners who may wish to join him.

The case is of interest to all cemetery associations, it is said, because the phrase "perpetual care" will be defined in any ruling handed down, and the court decision will determine what reservations may be made, if any, when a cemetery lot is deeded to an owner.

PARIS GIVES GOOD RECEPTION TO TEXAS GIRL OPERA SINGER
Leonora Corona Well Received in "La Tosca"—Principal in Quirel With Jeritza Salls.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The French public has given a splendid reception to the young Texas girl, Leonora Corona, who, fresh from her success at the Metropolitan Opera, sang "La Tosca" at the Paris Opera Comique a few nights ago.

Another star from the Chicago Civic Opera who has been gathering laurels here in Cyrena, Van Gordon, who has just sailed home on the Leviathan, Marie Olzewska, mezzo-soprano of the Vienna Opera, who burst into the papers following a frantic dispute with Jeritza whom she accused of talking in the wings and disturbing her performance, will sail for America shortly to make her debut in Chicago.

Questioned on the possibility of similar quarrels in Chicago, Miss Van Gordon declared that in the few years she had been with the Chicago Opera she never had any fuss with her fellow artists, adding:

"There are no operas in which two mezzos can vie for honors and I don't anticipate any disputes with Mme. Olzewska. In any case, I am a true American and what may go in Vienna won't meet with the same reception in America. Any fight is vulgar."

SOUTHERN W. C. T. U. LEADERS PLEDGE FIGHT AGAINST SMITH
Arkansas President Says Vigorous Campaign to Elect Dry Nominees Will Be Made.

By the Associated Press. PRESCOTT, Ark., Aug. 23.—Returning to her home here from Chattanooga, Tenn., where she attended a conference of all Southern presidents of W. C. T. U. organizations, Mrs. Jennie Carr Pittman, president of the Arkansas Women's Christian Temperance Union, announced she had pledged her organization to a vigorous campaign to defeat Gov. Alfred E. Smith and to elect Herbert Hoover as President.

The findings committee submitted a report to the Chattanooga conference, which was adopted unanimously, expressing opposition to repeal, nullification or modification of the eighteenth amendment.

The views on prohibition held by Gov. Smith and John J. Raskob, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, were assailed in the report.

23 HURT IN INTERURBAN WRECK
Two Cars Collide Head-On at Shelbyville, Ind.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Aug. 23.—Twenty-three persons were injured, several seriously, yesterday in a head-on collision of two interurban cars of the Indianapolis and Southern Traction Co.

Thomas Slater of Chicago was in a serious condition in a local hospital. Irvin Neal of Indianapolis, conductor on the car en route from Indianapolis, was in a serious condition at an Indianapolis hospital. Earl Talbott, manager of a local telephone company, also was seriously injured. The accident occurred, it was said after the car bound for Indianapolis, failed to take a switch and oil on the rails prevented the car from being stopped.

John Langdon, Mine Owner, Dies. HUNTINGTON, Pa., Aug. 23.—John Langdon, 73 years old, wealthy coal operator, philanthropist and one of the leading developers of coal properties in the Broadtop region, died here yesterday.

\$10,000,000 ASKED FOR IN SUIT

Texas Says Corporation Didn't Develop Sulphur Field.
By the Associated Press. GALVESTON, Tex., Aug. 23.—Ten million dollars in damages for alleged failure to develop a sulphur field is asked for in a suit filed here yesterday against the Texas Petroleum Corporation.

Fred Fabst, real estate man, is the chief plaintiff. He alleges that the petroleum corporation failed to develop Brasoria County (Tex.) lands which it leased from him, with the agreement that \$1 was to be paid on every ton of sulphur mined. Fabst asserts that wells have disclosed a 39-foot vein of sulphur containing at least 10,000,000 tons on the land.

\$2000
Round Trip
NIAGARA FALLS
Saturday, August 25th
16-Day Limit
Good on Cleveland and Buffalo Steamers without extra cost
Full particulars at City Ticket Office, 320 North Broadway, phone Main 4263, and Union Station, phone Garfield 6600
BIG FOUR ROUTE

Attorney Weds His Typist.
George E. Duemler, an attorney in the Title Guaranty building, was married last Saturday to his stenographer, Miss Mary M. Cave of 2413 A. Tennessee avenue. They will leave Sept. 1 for a honeymoon in Mexico and California, after which they will make their home in Los Angeles.

Charge Against Mach Dropped.
A charge of reckless driving against Joseph Mach, Rural Route No. 2, Belleville, who drove an automobile which struck and killed C. W. Laws of Murphysboro, Aug. 6, was dismissed by Justice Grossmann of Belleville for want of prosecution. A Coroner's jury exonerated Mach.

Emergency Financing

A HOME institution, owned, officered and operated by St. Louis business men, for the promotion of thrift by the liquidation of personal debts or emergency expenses solicits your patronage.

Your character and earning power, plus that of your co-makers is our only security.

"Bring Us Your Financial Troubles"

SURETY LOAN & THRIFT CO.
1022 LOCUST Open Mondays Until 7 P. M.

STORE OPEN SATURDAYS UNTIL 6 P. M.

SCHROETER'S

810-812-814 WASHINGTON AVE. ST. LOUIS
WEEKLY AD No. 1275 THIS SALE CLOSES AUGUST 29, 5:30 P. M.
SHOULD INCLUDE POSTAGE FOR MAILING AND PACKING

BIG REDUCTION IN PRICES

"JOSEPH RODGERS"
CELEBRATED SHEFFIELD STEEL
Genuine Handle
Conceal Pattern
Price, each
3 1/2" \$7.89
3 1/4" \$12.49
3 1/2" \$12.49
3 1/4" \$17.49
ROYAL
BALLOON
3 1/4" \$3.89
3 1/2" \$2.75
3 1/4" \$10.50
3 1/2" \$11.75
Other Sizes, Tires and Tubes
Proportionately Reduced in Price.

ORANGE JUICE EXTRACTOR
For lemons, oranges, limes, grapefruit, etc. Has porcelain china bowl with strainer. Separates seed and pulp from juice.
Special \$3.95

TWINPLEX STROPER
FOR GILLETTE BLADES
Export Model
Special \$2.49

TWINPLEX RAZOR BLADES
FOR GILLETTE TYPE RAZOR
Keeps a keen edge that is lasting.
Package of 5 \$1.00
Package of 10 \$1.00

"ESCHER"
WATER RAZOR HONE
6 inches, with rubbing stone. Choice selected. Imported, guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.
Special price 19c

ELECTRIC STUDENT LAMP
Bronze finish. Flexible arm. This is a splendid lamp for the home or office.
Special \$1.98
Parcel post, 5 pounds.

TOENAIL NIPPERS
Nickel plated
4 1/2 inches long; excellent quality; guaranteed for the purpose they are intended. Special 98c

CYLINDER NIGHT LATCH
With cylinder.
3 keys and plain.
Special \$1.39

CHAIN DOOR-FASTS
Made of steel, brass plated or old copper finish.
Special price 39c

FRUIT PRESSES
This Press is for home use. It is made of hard wood with steel screw and can be used on a bench or table. 8-quart size. Special price \$3.69

LARGE SIZE WITH IRON TON.
Price \$7.48

LARGER WITH GRINDING MILL.
Price \$14.50

3-quart, \$4.75; 6-quart, \$5.50; 12-quart, \$8.35.

SEWER AUGERS
15 feet long, \$2.25. 25 feet long, \$3.75

TOILET AUGER
Flexible steel wire with crank handle and corking point for removing obstructions in pipes and traps. 66 inches long. Special 79c

PARCEL POST WEIGHT, 3 POUNDS.

"UNITED STATES"
Royal Cord Casings
OVERSIZE
REGULAR
3 1/2" \$7.89
3 1/4" \$12.49
3 1/2" \$12.49
3 1/4" \$17.49
ROYAL
BALLOON
3 1/4" \$3.89
3 1/2" \$2.75
3 1/4" \$10.50
3 1/2" \$11.75
Other Sizes, Tires and Tubes
Proportionately Reduced in Price.

U. S. TUBES
3 1/2" \$1.48
3 1/4" \$1.78
3 1/2" \$2.30
3 1/4" \$2.97

UNITED STATES AIR GAUGE
FOR REPAIR AND BALLOON TIRES
Special 98c

SCHROEDER AIR-PRESSURE
FOR REGULAR AND BALLOON TIRES.
Special 98c

CALIPERS AND DIVIDERS
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE
Popular model solid out.
4-inch size 63c
5-inch size 70c
6-inch size 73c

COMBINATION SQUARE
Jamaican brand.
12-inch blade; graduated in 16ths, 32nds, 64ths, 128ths. Special 98c

COMBINATION SQUARE
12-inch blade, hardwood; graduation 8-16-32-64ths. Special \$2.52

SCHROETER'S MITER BOX IRONS
These irons are screwed on an ordinary miter box with the use of these irons the saw is prevented from cutting the slots larger with the use of these irons. Price, per set 69c

15 1/2 inches long, 3 1/4 wide, 2 1/2 deep.
Made of hardwood.
Price, each 69c
Parcel post weight, 4 pounds.

MITER BOX WITH GUIDES; complete.
Parcel post weight, 4 pounds. \$1.50

10-IN. RATCHET BIT BRACE
Alligator jaw. Hardwood head and handle. Nickel-plated. Special \$1.27

IRON BLOCK PLANES
3-inch size 39c

GRASS SHEARS EXTRA HEAVY
It works smooth and is easy cutting. Special price 79c

TOILET AUGER
Flexible steel wire with crank handle and corking point for removing obstructions in pipes and traps. 66 inches long. Special 79c

PARCEL POST WEIGHT, 3 POUNDS.

SEWER AUGERS
15 feet long, \$2.25. 25 feet long, \$3.75

GARDEN HOSE
Guaranteed 5-year life. For the small lawn—easy to handle. Special price with coupling, per 50 feet \$4.89

OTHER GARDEN HOSE
For large lawns, golf courses, parks, etc. In 50-ft. sections.
\$6.50, \$7.50, \$12.50

WATER COOLER
SPECIAL CLEARING SALE
White enamel water cooler and stand. Holds 2 or 4 gallon bottles. Built without bottle. 28 inches high. Capacity about 25 pounds. Special clearing sale price complete with stand and bottle. \$14.95

EXTRA BOTTLES
For above cooler, 2 or 4 gallon. Each 98c

ATWATER KENT Model 40—All Electric

"WONDERFUL WHEEL"
Just what you need. A higher priced wheel can do no more. Radio Speakers 2 sizes—each \$20

BOYS' BICYCLES

An Extra Low Price for This "WONDERFUL WHEEL"
New departure coaster brake, mudguard and stand; regular value \$35.50. The biggest value ever offered. Special \$24.95

"SIDEWALK-BIKE"
Made like a regular bicycle; large tubular frame, 1-inch solid tires, ball-bearing throughout, with mudguards and rubber pedals. Special price \$9.85

ALL-METAL PORTABLE DRAIN TUB
With casters; can be moved about the laundry with ease; holds more water than No. 3 galvanized tub. Special price \$3.95

FLAT PAINT BRUSHES
Black Chinese Bristle Set in Balaite. 2 1/2-inch bristle. Special \$69c

"STEELCOTE" CAULKING CEMENT
Keeps out the dust and cold; will seal cracks around windows, doors, brick walls, skirting, etc. 50c

"SHERWIN-WILLIAMS" BEST PREPARED PAINT REGULAR COLORS
Will Not Crack, Peel or Blister. Every Once in a While \$1.10

Quart cans \$1.10
Half gallons \$2.10

Gallon cans \$3.95

SEWER AUGERS
15 feet long, \$2.25. 25 feet long, \$3.75

SCHROETER BROS. HARDWARE CO., 810-812-814 WASHINGTON AVE.

Children's Hosiery
35c Pair
Of mercerized cotton, finely or coarsely ribbed, for boys or girls. In black and colors. Basement

FAMOUS-BARR
SPECIAL BRAND
3 POUNDS
OPERATED BY THE
BAS

Girls' School Dresses
\$4.65
Of course, the young miss will like them. They're so "grown-up" looks... and the colors are so nice. Non-sag seers, wool crepes, serges, in styles school or street wear. Sizes 7 to 14.

Girls' Dresses, \$1.75
to \$2.50 Wash Dresses, of broad cloth and prints, in sizes 7 to 14. Basement Economy 5

\$5.50 Cotton Davenport
\$3.88
For your davenport—Cotton Pads, 4 by 6 feet in size, 6 by 7 tufted and covered with art tick. Weight, 20 lbs.

Nashua Blankets, Pr., \$2
Nashua "Supreme" Cotton Blanket 70x90 size, in gray or tan, with stitched ends. Basement Economy 5

\$1.75 Curtains
Specially Offered at Set...

Daintily ruffled five-piece Curtains
Each Set has a neatly trimmed backs that match. Good of curtain your bedrooms!

79c Drapery
Rayon and cotton drapery fabric in striped and figured patterns. Attractively colored. 36-inch width. Per yard 47c

Curtain Voiles
50c grade white, Curtain Voile, in neatly woven cross bar effects. 36 inches wide. For the making of sash or long Curtains. Yard 22c

Fall Felt Hats
\$1.69
Women's Hats very soft and ple quality of felt, in Fall colors. C fitting and brim many freshly arranged for trons. Basement Economy 5

Children's
Hosiery

35c Pair

Of mercerized
cotton, finely
or coarsely
ribbed,
for boys or girls.
In black and
colors.

Basement

Store Hours: 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M. Daily—Saturday: 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.
We Give and Redeem Eagle Stamps—Few Restricted Articles Excepted

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

OPERATED BY THE MAY DEPT. STORES CO.—STORES IN ST. LOUIS, LOS ANGELES, CLEVELAND, DENVER, AKRON AND BALTIMORE

BASEMENT ECONOMY STORE NEWS

FRIDAY—the Once-a-Month Sale of

F. & B.

Special Coffee

3 Lbs. for \$1

¶ This saving opportunity is presented only one day a month—and at no other time can this specially blended Coffee be purchased for so little. That is undoubtedly why, in growing numbers, women are buying a thirty day's supply of this good Coffee—thus assuring themselves and their family an always-fresh supply of Coffee and thus availing themselves of the maximum of this worth-while saving.

However, the extraordinary popularity of F. & B. "Special Blend" is not due to its low price (which is remarkable for such good quality), but rather for its delicious stimulating aroma and flavor! Served hot or iced, it is most healthful and invigorating. If you have not already enjoyed this choice blend, plan to do so soon... and take advantage of this once-a-month saving.

Limit Six Pounds to a Customer!
No Mail, Phone or C. O. D. Orders

Women's
Handbags

\$1.69

Of \$1.95 to \$2.95
Handbags of
leather, in the
wanted pouch and
under-arm styles.
All neatly lined
and fitted.

Basement

Girls' School
Dresses

\$4.65

¶ Of course, the younger
miss will like them—
they're so "grown-up" in
looks... and the colors
are so nice. Non-sag jer-
seys, wool crepes and
serges, in styles for
school or street wear.
Sizes 7 to 14.

Girls' Dresses, \$1.79
to \$2.50 Wash Dresses, of broad-
cloths and prints, in sizes 7 to 14.
Basement Economy Store

\$5.50 Cotton
Davenport Pads

\$3.88

¶ For your davenport
—Cotton Pads, 4 feet
by 6 feet in size, close-
ly tufted and covered
with art ticking.
Weight, 20 lbs.

Nashua Blankets, Pr., \$2.38
¶ Nashua "Supreme" Cotton Blankets,
tossie size, in gray or tan, with shell-
stitched ends.
Basement Economy Store

\$1.75 Curtain Sets

Specially
Offered at, Set... 98c

¶ Daintily ruffled five-piece Curtain Sets of voile.
Each Set has a neatly trimmed valance, and tie-
backs that match. A good opportunity to re-
curtain your bedrooms!

79c Drapery
Rayon and cotton-
mixed Drapery fabric,
in striped and figured
patterns. Attractively
colored, 36-inch width.
Per yard... 47c

Curtain Voiles
50c grade white, Cur-
tain Voile, in neatly
woven cross bar ef-
fects, 36 inches wide.
For the making of sash
or long Cur-
tain. Yard... 22c

Lace Panels
Lace Curtain Panels in
shadow weave, 45 inches
wide by 2 1/4 yards long.
May be used one to a
window. \$1.65 89c
value, each

Marquisette
1500 yards of this good
drapery fabric, of the
75c grade, 30 inches
wide, with woven dots,
ideal for window cur-
tains.
Yard... 38c
Basement Economy Store

Richly Furred
Winter Coats

Are the Call for Fall and Winter, 1928-29

You Will Find Immense Variety
in the August Sale at

\$36

¶ American Opossum... Chinese
Badger... Pieced Squirrel... Vi-
cuna Fox... the fur trimmings
in demand for the coming season's
wear... Right now they await your
selection in this extraordinary
group, obviously offering the best
Coat values in St. Louis at \$36! Fab-
rics and tailoring are of an excep-
tionally high standard, and styles
are correct for Fall and Winter
1928-29. That is why so many hun-
dreds of women have selected their
Coats from this assortment—and
that is why YOU should—FRIDAY!

Sizes for Misses and Women, and
Extra Sizes for "Larger"
Women.
Basement Economy Store

Boys' School
Suits

\$5.95

¶ Well tailored and
cut full... so the
boys who wear them
will look
right and feel com-
fortable as well. Of
long-wearing wool
fabrics, with three-
button single-
breasted coats.
Sizes 7 to 14.

Boys' Sports Caps, 77c
Made in eight sections, for play or
school wear. Friday only.
Basement Economy Store

Tots' Panty
Dresses

\$1.69

¶ Really gay and
modern prints... in
dainty panty frocks
for the tiniest girls.
Well made, in a va-
riety of pleasing
styles, for wear at
home or in the kinder-
garten. Sizes 2 to 6.

Infants' Bathrobes, \$1
Of white blanket cloth, daintily
trimmed in pink or blue. Ribbon or
braided trimmings. Ideal as gifts.
Basement Economy Store



\$1.29 FROCKS

Special at

95c

¶ These are printed and
dainty Frocks, especially
suitable for wear these very
warm days, as they are cool
and attractive, and wash
so easily you can change
them frequently. Each dress
has some dainty trimming
of organdy, and the varied
style assortment includes
models for misses and ma-
trons with sleeves or sleeve-
less. In regular and extra
sizes.



Fall Felt Hats

\$1.69

¶ Women's Hats of a
very soft and pleasing
quality of felt, in love-
ly Fall colors. Close-
fitting and trim styles,
many freshly arrived.
For misses and ma-
trons.
Basement Economy Store



Union Suits

46c

¶ Women's Union
Suits, seconds of bet-
ter grades. Knitted of
finely ribbed cotton,
built-up or bodice
tops, open or closed
styles.
Basement



Boys' Blouses

69c

¶ "Model" make, regu-
larly 77c and 95c.
Broadcloths, ma-
drasses, and percales in
white, plain colors and
fancy figures. Sizes 6
to 14 years.
Basement Economy Store



Boys' Oxfords

\$2.45 Pr.

¶ The \$2.95 kind.
Black and tan Oxfords
in the popular broad-
toe blucher or
straight-lace styles.
Equally appropriate
for school or dress
wear. Sizes 1 to 5.
Basement Economy Store

CAREER OF CRIME ENDS
IN MACHINE GUN FIRE

Funeral of Ewald J. Eckerle,
Twice Paroled, Held
Here Today.

Funeral services for Ewald J. Eckerle, 28 years old, two-time ex-convict, who changed his given name to Edward, "because Ewald sounds sissyfied," and who kept a list of names of policemen who arrested him "with a view to getting them some time," were held at 2 o'clock this afternoon from an undertaker's chapel at 2623 Cherokee street, with burial in Calvary Cemetery.

Eckerle fell under a hail of machine gun bullets fired from an automobile on a street at Clinton, Ind., last Sunday. St. Louis police attribute the shooting to a dispute over the division of the proceeds of a holdup. Indiana officers believe the killing to be an incident in a bootleggers' quarrel. The body was claimed by Joseph C. Eckerle, 3830 Iowa avenue, father of the slain man, and was brought here for burial.

Served Year for Three Holdups.
Eckerle first came to the attention of police the night of April 11, 1922, when he and another white youth and a Negro were caught holding up George E. Greep, 3418 Eads avenue, at Lafayette and Louisiana avenues. Eckerle and his companions were identified in two other holdups the same night and were sentenced to five years each in the penitentiary. The sentences were commuted to Booneville Reformatory, and Eckerle was seen again on the streets of St. Louis about a year later, having received a parole.

June 16, 1924, Eckerle pleaded guilty of participation in an attempted payroll robbery March 18 that year at the Johnson Tin Foil Co., 6106 South Broadway, and was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary. Three men entered the Tin Foil company expecting to find a payroll. The company had changed from cash to checks in paying employees and the total loot obtained was \$130, taken from an employee.

Eckerle was released from the penitentiary last Sept. 17 under the "time off for good behavior" system. He was arrested on the street by Detective Nick Kube for investigation. In searching Eckerle Kube found a list of names of St. Louis detectives. The list was headed with the name of Chief Kaiser and ended with "Kube."

"What's this?" Kube inquired of his prisoner.
"Those are just some people I'm out to get," Eckerle was quoted as responding.

Kube kept the list.
Eckerle's last brush with St. Louis police occurred last March 29, when he and Frank Brand, another ex-convict, raced down Lindell boulevard in Brand's car at the peak of traffic at 5:50 o'clock in the morning with a police car carrying three detectives in pursuit. The detectives fired 11 shots during the chase, which ended at Theresa avenue, when Eckerle was shot in the right shoulder. A complete set of safe blowing tools was found in Brand's car. Warrants charging him and Eckerle with possession of burglar's tools were issued. The cases are still pending.

RARE PLATE OF SULTAN FOUND
IN HOME OF OLD CHAMBERLAIN

Moroccan Ruler Misses Ancient Relics and Family Jewels; Former Official Held.
PARIS, Aug. 22.—The Sultan of Morocco had a nasty shock, say the gossipers who attend diplomatic functions, when he was told by his chamberlain on the eve of the grandest dinner party he has yet given that the finest of all court gold and silver plates—used only on rare occasions and priceless relics of past oriental splendor—could not be found. Search showed, moreover, that jewels accumulated through the centuries by past Sultans, had also disappeared. In consternation the Sultan called the Grand Vizier, the wily old El Mokri, who after reflection spoke thus:

"O Commander of the Faithful, it is rumored that many articles of princely aspect and value have been seen in the palace of this chamberlain of your respected father, and he may have gotten them by means displeasing to Allah."

The hint was good. The missing plate and other valuables were found in the former chamberlain's home, besides a collection of rugs, bags, chairs and chests containing old money of gold and silver. The chamberlain, Tahami Abahu, protested his innocence and declared the treasures were gifts from the late Sultan. Despite his tears, the old man was placed under arrest.

Rides Bicycle 440 Miles at \$2.
PARIS, Aug. 22.—French sportsmen are setting the grand old man of the bicycle, Pierre Ratic, who at the age of 82, has just ridden from his home in Melun to Paris, 440 miles, in five days. Ratic has challenged any octogenarian to race 30 miles on a Paris track. He formerly was instructor of athletics and for years competed annually in the bicycle race between Paris and Brest.

SAM HOUSTON HOMESTEAD
RESTORED, MADE TEXAS SHRINE

House in Which He Died and
Grounds Are Repaired With
State Appropriation.

HUNTSVILLE, Tex., Aug. 22.—The homestead to which Gen. Sam Houston retired when he was deposed as Governor of Texas because he refused to swear allegiance to the Confederacy, and the house in which he died, lonely and broken-hearted, are being restored to their original rustic beauty.

The work of making the grounds a state park and the old home a shrine for the people of Texas soon will be completed. The Legislature appropriated \$15,000 for the purpose.

A quarter of a century after he had won freedom for Texas with his victory at San Jacinto, Gen. Houston lost the governorship of the State which, as a republic, had honored him with its presidency. Somewhat embittered, he sought peace at his home near Huntsville, and died two years later.

The home changed ownership many times, but in 1917 became the property of the State Teachers College, which bears the General's name.

In the last few months many changes have been made. Trees which were not there when it was a farm, and those which he had planted were pruned and marked. The house was restored to its appearance of long ago, except that lumber from a saw mill replaced the rough-hewn planks.

ADVERTISEMENT

Falling Hair
Stopped Quickly

(Antiseptic Liquid Brings Results)
Falling hair, dandruff and other scalp troubles can be stopped swiftly now. Night and morning for the next few days pour a little D. D. D. liquid on your scalp. Rub it in thoroughly. Note the clean, refreshing odor. Its soothing, healing elements penetrate the tissues and stop irritation. Stops itching instantly. Cures and restores—dries up almost immediately. A 60c bottle will prove the merits of this famous antiseptic of your money back.



Friday Specials

Assorted Candies

Of unusual quality and goodness—Swiss Pecan Slice, Caramels, Assorted Bonbons and Chocolates. Ready packed pound boxes... 50c

Pecan-Filled Dates

Wholesome nut-stuffed goodies. Buy several boxes! Half pound... 22c

Branette
Biscuits

A delightfully
flavored Health
Biscuit, contain-
ing Agar-Agar;
box... 35c

Chocolate Pecan
Layer Cake

A fluffy white three layer cake
iced with chocolate. Butter-
fudge, filled and topped
with pecans... 60c

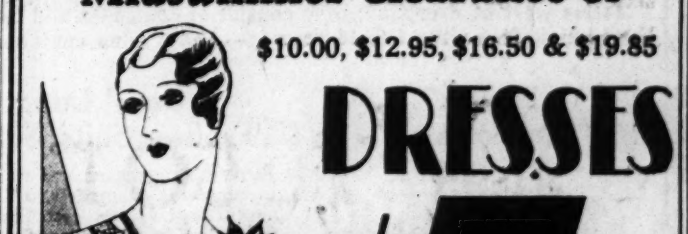
Cherry Stollen

Try one of these breakfast
cakes and they will be a regu-
lar guest at the most
important meal... 35c

CANDIES MAILED ANYWHERE

STOUT WOMEN
Sized 40 to 56. Come to the

Lane Bryant Basement
SIXTH AND LOCUST
Midsummer Clearance of
\$10.00, \$12.95, \$16.50 & \$19.85



DRESSES
\$5
A
Real
Bargain!

Never before such value! Silk Prints, Chiffons, Washable Silks, Canton Crepes—lovely combinations—a clearance of all our higher-priced stock! All at one sacrifice price! 20 different styles from which to choose, but not in every size.

Our Annual August
Winter Coat
Sale Continues
\$28.00
—with lovely new styles,
lavishly furled. Save \$15 on
each garment!

SALE of
STOUT-ARCH
SHOES

Regularly \$5.00 Regularly to \$9.75
Discontinued styles. 875 pairs priced for quick sale. And they will go quickly. Smart models. Popular leathers. In black, tan, and white. Comfort in every shoe. Restful arch support. Snug narrow heel fitting. The greatest value-giving group offered this season. Sizes to 11. Widths B to EE, but not in every style.

Regularly to \$9.75

Regularly to \$9.75

Save Your Eagle Stamps

In addition to the special savings featured in these celebrated August events, you can also profit by collecting Eagle Stamps on your cash purchases (few restricted articles excepted). Each filled booklet is redeemable here for \$2 in cash or \$2.50 in merchandise.

Store Hours: 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M. Daily—Saturday: 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

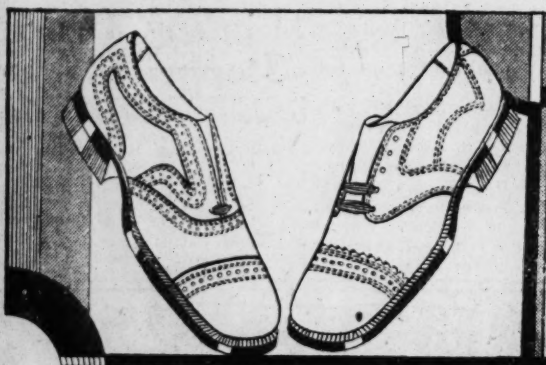
OPERATED BY THE MAY DEPT. STORES CO.—STORES IN ST. LOUIS, LOS ANGELES, CLEVELAND, DENVER, AKRON AND BALTIMORE

\$12.98 Bedspreads, \$9.75

Pleasing brocaded designs of Rayon and Cotton mixed. Various popular shades; full size with scalloped edges.

\$2.45 Cotton Krinkled Bedspread, full size. \$1.95

Third Floor



Men's \$9 Crossett Oxfords

Only 406 Pairs, Beginning Friday in the August Sale at

Seldom, indeed, does the opportunity come to buy Shoes of this well-known make at less than regular price... but we were able to secure this group of discontinued numbers and cancellations to offer at this unusual saving. All of them are up-to-the-minute Fall styles, in black calfskin, tan Russia, Scotch and kid leathers. Made on the Hotspur, Anglo or Norfolk lasts. All sizes, but not in every style.

\$5.50

Men's Shoe Section—Second Floor



Men's Sample Fall Hats

\$6 and \$7 Values, From Two Well-Known Makers

Soon the sharp, crisp days of Autumn will ring down the curtain on straw hats and signal the new Fall models onto the masculine fashion stage. This event affords you an opportunity to be prepared with a new Fall Hat of authentic styling and high-grade make at a decisive saving in price. Becoming and popular styles in approved shades, light and medium gray, tan, green and brown.

\$2.85

Men's Hat Section—Main Floor



Men's Two-Trouser Suits

Advance Fall Styles—Light and Medium Weights

A clothes-buying opportunity that St. Louis men will appreciate the more when they inspect these smart Suits. Collegiate and conservative models in light and medium weights... tailored with the same nicety of detail as many higher-priced makes. They may be chosen in the newest patterns and in light and dark colors for Fall... and you will certainly pronounce them extraordinary at this price!

\$27

Men's Clothing Section—Second Floor

Boys' Two-Trouser Suits

Four-Piece Knicker Style... \$9.75

Very unusual values, indeed, are presented in these wool Suits in new Fall patterns and shades. Tailored to stand the active wear of everyday, they consist of coat, vest and two pairs of knickers. Sizes 7 to 15 years.

Boys' Knickers \$1.95

Golf Knickers for school wear, in tweeds, herringbones and homespuns. Fully lined. 6 to 15 years.

Boys' Long Trouser Suits, \$15.75

Browns, grays, tans and slate colors in newest Fall models. These are exceptional values, each Suit having two pairs of long trousers. Styled to meet the schoolboy's requirements and priced unusually low. Sizes 12 to 18. Boys' Section—Second Floor



Chalmers Athletic Union Suits

\$1 to \$1.50 Values

69c

It is wise to anticipate one's needs for some time ahead when Union Suits of this well-known brand are offered at this saving. Materials include plain and Darby broadcloth, nainsook, rayon stripes and madras, all white and all tailored to fit comfortably and give the utmost of service. Sizes 36 to 50.

Main Floor



Girls' New School Frocks

New Fall Models Practically Styled... \$4.85

Wool plaids, reps and crepes, plain and printed jerseys, plaids and stripes, fashion these very desirable School Frocks... Smocked and embroidered effects... vestees and tucks... plaits, all contribute to make this an exceedingly smart and varied assortment. Sizes 7 to 10, with bloomers, up to 14 without.

School Frocks, \$1.79 and \$2.65 Many winsome styles in Tub Frocks. Fashioned of flowered and figured prints, broadcloths and chambrays. Sizes 7 to 10 with bloomers, to 14 without.

Girls' Dress Section—Fourth Floor



Tots' \$15 Coat Sets

English Chinchilla Sets With Matching Tams

\$10.85

As practical as they are good looking are these little Coat Sets, tailored in regulation models, with brass buttons and embroidered insignia on sleeves. Comfy pockets and wool plaid or suede linings will breast the coldest weather. Navy and other blue shades; cinnamon, cocoa and green in boys' or girls' styles. Sizes 1 to 6.

Infants' Wear—Third Floor



Foundation Garments

Bonita and Bien Jolie

\$5 and \$6 Values \$3

Rich brocade with deep sections of elastic, some lightly boned. The lithesome silhouette is simply and easily attained. Various styles, to fit any type of figure.

\$3.50 Bonita Step-Ins, \$2.50

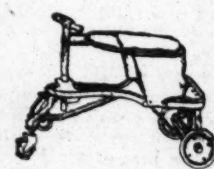
The foundation favored by the younger set, because its elastic support permits entire freedom of motion. No boning.



\$3.50 Baby Walkers

Offered \$2.88 at

Teach baby to walk with one of these rubber-tired, disc-wheeled Walkers. Rubber front and rear bumpers.



\$16.98 Velocipedes, \$12.95 Ball-bearing style, with tubular frame, rubber-tired wheels and pedals.

\$4.95 Coaster Wagons, \$3.88

Of selected hardwood, with rubber-tired disc wheels.

Baby Dolls, \$2.88

Composition heads and legs... prettily dressed in white dresses.

Basement Gallery

Appetizing and Tasty Molasses Coconut Chews

Reg. 60c Lb.

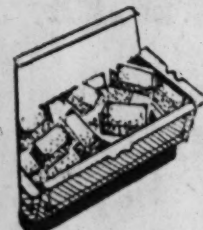
33c Lb.

Pure candies, made in our own Candy Shop.

60c Chocolates, 39c Lb.

Assorted milk Chocolates... pineapple and cherry in cream, pecan brittle, butter caramel and other centers.

Main Floor



Advance Fur Fashions in the

AUGUST FUR SALE

Formal types, sports models, general utility Coats... each in the variations of the mode that promise greatest fashion success for the year 1928-29. The fashion-rightness of the garments, excellence of the pelts, skillful workmanship, beauty of linings and exceptional variety characterizes... as always... the magnificent collection of Furs that the August Sale presents. It is now that you may select to your greatest advantage.

A Group Worthy of Special Interest!

Sports & Formal Coats

Special in the August Sale... \$395

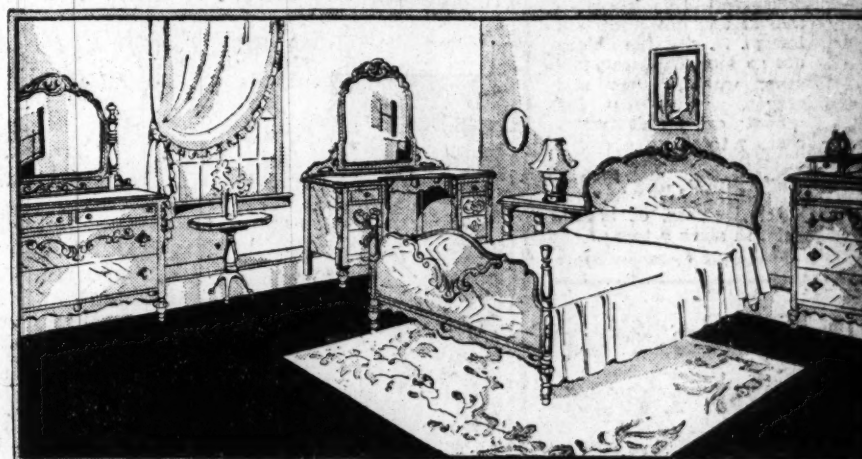
A group including Coats of Jap Weasel, natural Squirrel, American Broadtail, Beaver, Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat), Otter and Krimmer. Advance models of sports and dressy types. Sizes and styles for misses and women.

Fourth Floor



AUGUST FURNITURE SALE

Which Is One of the Most Important Occasions of the Year to Homemakers—Features Friday

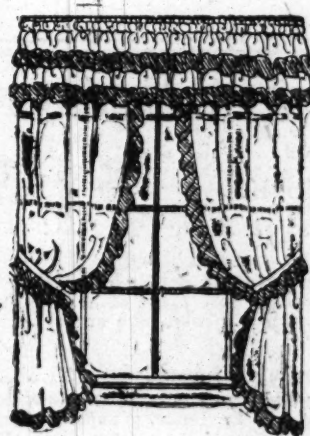


\$198 Four-Piece Bedroom Suite

A Suite of exceptional quality and graceful design. Built of walnut veneer and hardwood, with dustproof construction throughout. Pieces priced separately as follows: Dresser, \$44; Six-Drawer Vanity, \$33.50; Chest, \$29.75; Full-size Bed, \$27.75.

\$135

Seventh Floor



Ruffled Curtain Sets

Choice of Various Styles... \$1.55

Sets of sheer, colored grenadine with figured patterns or ivory tinted voile with colored trimmings. Valance and tie-backs to match.

Fringed Curtains

Dainty shadow effects in rich beige tint, with attractive scalloped bottoms and three-inch fringe... \$3.95

Criss-Cross Curtains

Of pin-dot grenadines, sheer and dainty, in choice of ivory or beige. 2 1/4 yards long; full width, headed; pair... \$2.95

Frieze, 5 to 15 yard pieces; special, yard... \$5.00

New Curtain Section—Sixth Floor

Domestic Electrics

The \$140 Model Is Priced... \$70

May be run by electricity or foot power; enclosed in attractive walnut or mahogany effect cabinet and equipped with Domestic or Westinghouse motor. With a complete set of attachments.

Desk Electrics, \$59

Electric Desk Sewing Machines, new and complete with attachments and accessories.

\$5 Cash Payment—Balance Monthly

New Sewing Machine Section—Eighth Floor



PAGES 13-18

CARDINAL

Chick Evans

Dr. Willing

Novotny in Golf

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Chick Evans shot par golf for the 18th hole, while he was not quite so good as he was in the 17th hole. Dr. O. F. Willing of Portland, Ore., was one up on Gus Novotny, Chicago, at the end of 27 holes. Chick Evans, Chicago, was five up on Kenneth Hiest at the twenty-seventh.

Lawrence Muller, Quincy, Ill., defeated Rini Rolfe, Chicago, 3 and 2, in their quarter-final match.

DAWSON AND CARR LEAD GOLF QUALIFIERS IN NEW YORK MEET

By the Associated Press.

RYE, N. Y., Aug. 23.—George Dawson, of the Westchester-Biltmore Club, former Chicago ace and one-time national public links champion, and Donald Carr of Sivanoy, set up 77's for the late finishers to shoot at for the qualifying medal in the New York State amateur championship today. Carr shot the last nine of the qualifying 18 holes in 35, one under par.

GODFREY TO FIGHT CHARLES IN DETROIT

By the Associated Press.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 23.—George Godfrey, Negro heavyweight, has been signed to fight Pierre Charles, Belgian heavyweight, at Navin Field here a week from tomorrow night. Flyd Fitzsimmons, promoter, announced today.

Godfrey was signed to substitute for Jack Sharkey, Boston sailor and one-time aspirant for the heavyweight crown, who was forced out by leg injuries.

Baseball Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E.

DETROIT AT BOSTON

2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 8 1

BOSTON

0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 6 1

Batteries: Detroit—Carroll, Griffin and Harvath; Boston—Russell and Herz.

CLEVELAND AT PHILADELPHIA

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 8 1

PHILADELPHIA

1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 6 0

Batteries: Cleveland, Miller and Austy; Philadelphia, Greve and Cochrane.

CHICAGO AT WASHINGTON

0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 3 5 0

WASHINGTON

0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 4 9 1

Batteries: Chicago—Mankowski, Thomas and Bantz; Washington—Marv and Ruel.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E.

BROOKLYN AT CINCINNATI

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 6 0

CINCINNATI

0 1 3 1 0 0 1 0 0 6 13

Batteries: Brooklyn—Moore, Ehrhardt, Gilbert and Goetz; Cincinnati—Ash and Harvath.

FIRST GAME.

BROOKLYN AT CINCINNATI.

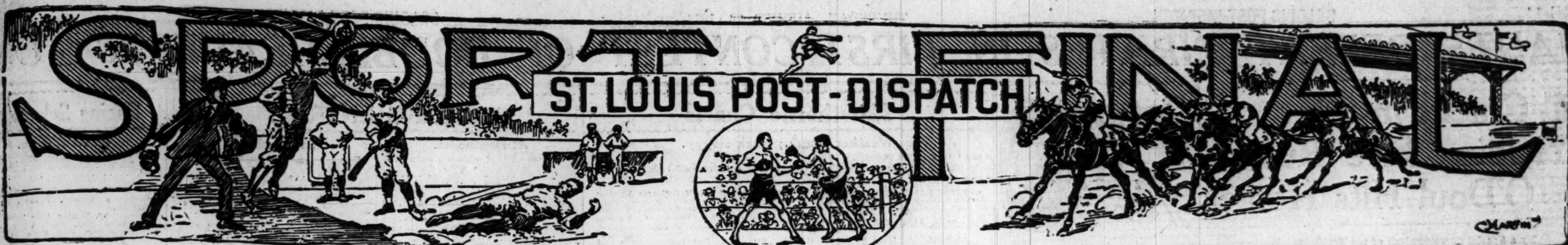
Innings—1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 T.H.

Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3

Cincinnati 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 3 7

Batteries: Brooklyn—Duck and DeBerry; Cincinnati—Kole and Pielnick.

Only Games Scheduled.



PAGES 13-18

ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1928.

PRICE 2 CENTS

CARDINALS REGAIN LEAD AS GIANTS DIVIDE WITH PIRATES

Chick Evans Defeats Kenneth Hisert, 6 and 5

Dr. Willing 1 Up On Novotny in Western Golf Quarterfinals

By the Associated Press.
CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Chick Evans of Chicago today took another step towards his ninth western amateur golf championship by defeating Kenneth Hisert, twice Big Ten golf champion, 6 and 5. Evans shot par golf for the 18 holes he had to play in the afternoon, while he was not quite so good in the morning round as the course was heavy from a torrential rain. Hisert was off line with his irons frequently and had many struggles with traps.

Dr. O. F. Willing of Portland, Ore., was one up on Gus Novotny, Chicago, at the end of 27 holes. Chick Evans, Chicago, was five up on Kenneth Hisert at the twenty-seventh.

Lawrence Moller, Quincy, Ill., defeated Rial Rolfe, Chicago, 3 and 2 in their quarter-final match.

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W. K. Lannan Jr. of Columbus, O., Yale star and Canadian amateur finalist last week, turned in 85, as did another of the favorites, George Voight of North Hills.

GODFREY TO FIGHT CHARLES IN DETROIT

By the Associated Press.
DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 23.—George Godfrey, Negro heavyweight, has been signed to fight Pierre Charles, Belgian heavyweight, at Navin Field here a week from tomorrow night. Flyd Fitzsimmons, promoter, announced today.

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Baseball Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E.

DETROIT AT BOSTON

200000000 2 8 1

BOSTON

000001000 1 6 1

Batteries: Detroit—Carroll, Griffitt and

Batteries: Boston—Russell and

Cleveland at Philadelphia

000000001 1 8 1

Philadelphia

102000000 3 6 0

Batteries: Cleveland, Miller and Autry.

Batteries: Philadelphia, Greve and Cochran.

Chicago at Washington

0200000100 3 5 0

Washington

0200000101 4 9 1

Batteries: Chicago—Hankenshaw,

Batteries: Washington—Marberry and

National League

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E.

BROOKLYN AT CINCINNATI

000000001 1 6 6

Cincinnati

01310010X 6 13 1

Batteries: Brooklyn—Moss, Ehrhardt

Batteries: Cincinnati—Ash and

First Game

BROOKLYN AT CINCINNATI

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E.

Brooklyn 000000000 2 3 3

Cincinnati 000001011 2 7 1

Batteries: Brooklyn—Doak and Deberry.

Batteries: Cincinnati—Kohn and

YANKEES OBTAIN TOM ZACHARY FROM SENATORS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Tom Zachary, veteran Washington left-hander, became a member of the New York Yankee pitching staff today through the waiver route.

Zachary won his greatest fame as a pitcher when he beat the Giants twice in the 1924 world series.

Zachary, this season, has won six games and lost eight as a member of the Washington club. He has pitched in 102 innings and in that time the opposition has pounded out 139 safeties, an average of better than one an inning. He has worked in only five complete contests for Bucky Harris' club.

Tunney Greeted In Dublin by Cheering Crowds

DUBLIN, Aug. 23.—"This is heaven," exclaimed Gene Tunney retired heavyweight champion, as he caught his first glimpse of Ireland today.

The champion received a tremendous ovation when his steamer arrived in Kingstown harbor. He was accompanied on the trip from Holyhead by John McCormack, Irish tenor, and army and police officials.

Gene's trip through the crowded Dublin streets was a triumphal procession. Cheering crowds blocked traffic as the smiling champion acknowledged their tribute.

President Cosgrave officially welcomed Tunney to Ireland. Following the reception, the champion motored to his hotel, where he was again besieged by admiring throngs.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Gene Tunney left on the morning train for Dublin. While in Ireland he plans to visit the birthplace of his parents and attend the Tailteann games. He will return to London Sunday.

Tunney slept soundly through his first night in England. Declaring himself tired out, the ex-champion retired soon after the dinner that he gave for a few friends last night, at which he showed himself as capable an eater as a fighter.

The hotel chef had prepared a special desert, called "lauder scuffie," in honor of Gene's fiancée, Miss Mary Josephine Lauder of Greenwich, Conn. Tunney proceeded to eat the major portion of this concoction of eggs and raspberries, leaving the lamb's share for his friends. He likewise did justice to a champagne buffet.

The start for Dublin was made after Gene had treated himself to a light breakfast.

Autograph Seekers Busy.
By the Associated Press.
LONDON, Aug. 23.—Autograph seekers have added new irritation to Gene Tunney's already overtaxed patience.

Just when he was stretched out resting in an English railway "carriage," with all his troubles apparently over for the day at least, the retired champion was discovered by a carload of youngsters from London's slums, returning to their homes after a holiday at Cornwall.

The urchins swarmed through the corridor toward Gene's carriage, yelling like wild Indians and indiscriminately demanding "autographs, autographs," while the railway guards sought to herd them back toward the third-class coaches.

Tunney signed his name to a dozen slips of paper and sent them to the youngsters who carried them to the most prized contributions to their holiday.

Gene was warned that there is no "closed season" on autograph hunting in Europe and was advised that the best solution of the problem is to adopt the method that Bobbly Jones, the golfer, used in England when he carried bundles of signed paper which he distributed to the autograph enthusiasts. By this means Jones spared himself the necessity of writing in autograph books which are thrust under the noses of notables here almost constantly.

Retains Western Golf Title

MRS. HARRY PRESSLER who demonstrated that she is one of the factors to be reckoned with in the national tourney by again winning the Western title. She defeated Miss Virginia Wilson, 7 and 6.



DETROIT TAKES FOURTH STRAIGHT GAME FROM BOSTON RED SOX, 2-1

By the Associated Press.
DETROIT, Aug. 23.—Detroit took its fourth straight from the Red Sox by a one-run margin today. The score was 2 to 1.

DETROIT.
AB. R. H. O. A. E.
Sweeney 3b 4 0 0 10 2 0
McManus 2b 4 0 0 10 2 0
Gehring 2b 4 1 2 2 5 0
Hargrave c 3 0 0 0 0 0
Heilmann 1b 4 0 0 1 0 0
Fothergill lf 4 0 0 2 0 0
Smith lf 4 0 0 1 0 0
Wingo cf 4 0 0 1 0 0
Tanner ss 3 0 2 3 3 0
Carroll p 0 0 0 0 0 0
Totals 32 1 2 27 14 1

BOSTON.
AB. R. H. O. A. E.
Rothrock lf 4 0 0 1 2 0
Rogell 1b 4 0 0 1 2 0
Meyer 3b 3 0 0 1 0 0
Smith lf 4 0 0 1 0 0
Flanagan cf 4 0 0 4 0 0
Todi 1b 4 1 1 3 6 0
Reagan 2b 4 0 1 3 0 0
Berry c 3 0 0 1 3 0
Hofmann c 0 0 0 0 0 0
Hofmann c 0 0 0 0 0 0
Fussell p 2 0 0 1 1 0
MacFadden 0 0 0 0 0 0
Griffin p 0 0 0 1 0 0
Totals 32 1 2 27 14 1

Man for Berry in seventh.

Batted for Russell in seventh.

Batted for Williams in seventh.

Immes.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

DETROIT 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2

BOSTON 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1

Runs batted in—Gehring, Hargrave,

Berry. Two-base hit—Wingo. Three-base

hit—Gehring. Stolen base—Hargrave.

Sacrifice—McManus. Double play—Sweeney

to Todi. Todi to Rogell to Todi. Left

on base—Detroit, 7; Boston, 6. Base on

balls—Off Carroll, 2; off Russell, 2; off

Griffin, 1. Struck out—By Carroll, 2; by

Russell, 1; by Griffin, 1. Hits—Off Rus-

sell, 7 in 7 innings; off Griffin, 1 in 2

innings. Wild pitch—Carroll. Lost

pitcher—Russell. Umpire—McGowan

Owens and Geisel. Time of game—1:44

Kaplan to Meet Saxon.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—K. O.

Kaplan, contender for middle-

weight title honors, conqueror of

Pete Latso, Harry Ebbs and Jack

McVey, has been signed by Match-

maker Nick Sassi to headline next

Monday night's all-star fistic card

Guy Sturdy Goes To Milwaukee Under Option

GUY STURDY, the Browns' utility first baseman who has been rusting on the bench all season, unable to displace Lu Blue, has been sent to the Milwaukee club of the American Association, it was announced last night by Browns Manager Bill Friel. The Browns retain the option of recalling him.

Sturdy will replace Ivy Griffitt, the Milwaukee regular first baseman, who is out for the season as a result of a lame shoulder. Sturdy, ordinarily a heavy hitter, has slumped in batting as a result of his infrequent trips to the plate. In the role of pinch hitter, he came to the Browns from Tulsa.

ENTRIES FOR TENNIS MEET IN COUNTRY CLOSE TOMORROW

Closing time for filing entries for the St. Louis County tennis championship tournament has been extended to 6 o'clock tomorrow evening. They may be filed at 921 or 823 Locust street or at the Westborough Country Club, where the tournament is to be held. It will start Saturday and end on Labor day.

Wins Twelve Straight.

By the Associated Press.
CHARLESTON, Ill., Aug. 22.—This town boasts a real sand lot baseball team. Under the direction of Charles P. Lantz, Eastern Illinois State Teachers' College athletic director, the Charleston squad has scored 12 straight victories over teams in this community. With the exception of three, all players are from Charleston, and most of them students at the Teachers' College.

Rain Prevents Browns' Games; Cardinals Idle

Rain today caused postponement of the doubleheader between the Browns and the Yankees at New York. Two games are scheduled to be played there tomorrow but in case rain again interferes the contests will be transferred to St. Louis and played here next month when the Yankees make their final 1928 call at Sportsman's Park.

The Cardinals have an open date today. Tomorrow they open a three-game series with the Phillies at Sportsman's Park.

PITCHER BELL TO REPORT TO CARDS SEPT. 1

Herman Bell, right-hand pitcher, who has been performing in great style for the Cardinals in the International League farm at Rochester, will be back with the club Sept. 1, when the 25-player limit goes out of effect. It was announced at Cardinal headquarters today.

Bell is one of the leading twirlers for Billy Southworth's aggregation and recent records showed that he had pitched 18 complete games, the second highest number in the circuit.

When the Cardinals were in the East recently, numerous scouts who had been following the International club, said that "Bell was the best pitcher in the International this season."

They reported that he had gained control and in addition had developed a change of pace, something he lacked when he was with the Cardinals before.

"WALLY" SCHANG IS SUED FOR DIVORCE

By the Associated Press.
NORRISTOWN, Pa., Aug. 23.—Walter H. "Wally" Schang, catcher for the St. Louis American League baseball team, was made defendant today in a suit for divorce filed by Marie E. Aubrey Schang.

Mrs. Schang, who lives in Abington, near here, charges her husband with "cruel and barbarous treatment and indignities to the person."

The Schangs were married in Philadelphia in October, 1914, while "Wally" was star catcher for the Athletics. His wife was a daughter of William Vincent Aubrey of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Schang is 32 and her husband is a few years older.

THE IF TABLE (Including First Games.)

Club.	W.	L.	Pct.	Win Loss
New York	81	38	.681	683 675
Philadelphia	76	43	.639	642 633
BROWNS	62	59	.512	516 508
Chicago	55	65	.458	483 455
Cleveland	53	66	.445	459 481
Detroit	54	65	.454	458 450
Washington	54	67	.444	451 443
Boston	43	77	.358	361 355

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Club.	W.	L.	Pct.	Win Loss
New York	68	45	.602	605 586
CARDINALS	71	48	.597	609 592
Chicago	68	53	.562	566 557
Cincinnati	67	52	.563	567 558
Pittsburgh	64	53	.547	551 542
Brooklyn	58	62	.483	488 479
Boston	53	73	.424	334 324
Philadelphia	53	78	.402	304 295

National League Schedule.

Philadelphia at St. Louis.
New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.
Browns at New York (two games).
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Boston.
Only games scheduled.

NEW YORK LOSES, 13-3, AFTER WINNING OPENING GAME, 6-3

A Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.
PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—The Giants yielded possession of first place to the St. Louis Cardinals, by a fraction of a point, when they lost the second game of the double-header with the Pirates this afternoon, after taking the opener.

The score in the second game was 13 to 3.

The defeat of the Giants pushed them down into second place and moved the St. Louis Cardinals back into the league lead.

As in the first game, the Pirates got an early start in the scoring, Grantham opening the Pittsburgh second inning with a homer into the right field stands.

The Giants tied it up in the fourth when Mann beat out an infield hit, took third on Hogan's single and scored on Jackson's double, but the Pirates forged ahead again in their half, scoring two runs on Hemsey's triple with two on.

There were added to the Pirate total in the fifth and Hubbell gave way to Faulkner after Adams, Paul Waner and Traynor had singled.

About 30,000 fans were present as the second game got under way.

FIRST—NEW YORK—Welsh tied to P. Waner. Reese was thrown out by Fussell. Bartell threw out Mann.

PITTSBURG—Adams safe on Jackson's fumble. L. Waner forced Adams. Cohen to Jackson. Cohen threw out P. Waner. Traynor fled to Welsh.

SECOND—NEW YORK—Lindstrom tied to P. Waner. Hogan singled over short. Jackson struck out. Terry fled to P. Waner.

PITTSBURG—Grantham hit a home run into the right field stands. Barnhart fouled out to Hogan. Bartell singled to left. Hemsey popped to Terry. Fussell tied to Mann. ONE RUN.

THIRD—NEW YORK—Cohen was thrown out by Adams. Rubell struck out. Welsh fled to P. Waner.

PITTSBURG—Lindstrom threw out Adams. L. Waner fled to Reese. Jackson threw out P. Waner.

FOURTH—NEW YORK—Traynor threw out Reese. Mann beat out a hit to Adams. Lindstrom fled to L. Waner. Hogan singled to center. Mann going to third. Jackson doubled to center, scoring Mann. Terry fled to P. Waner. ONE RUN.

PITTSBURG—Traynor doubled to left. Grantham sent a sacrifice fly to Mann. Traynor going to third. Barnhart hit a grounder to Jackson and Traynor was out at the plate. Jackson to Hogan. Bartell singled to center. Barnhart stopping at second. Hemsey tripped to left center, scoring Bartell and Barnhart. Fussell popped to Jackson. TWO RUNS.

FIFTH—NEW YORK—Cohen popped to Traynor. Hubbell struck out. Welsh fled to L. Waner.

PITTSBURG—Adams singled to left. L. Waner sacrificed. Lindstrom to Terry. P. Waner singled to center, scoring Adams. Traynor singled to right, scoring P. Waner. Faulkner replaced Hubbell. Grantham fouled to Terry. Barnhart popped to Cohen. TWO R.

SIXTH—NEW YORK—Reese struck out. Mann popped to Adams. Lindstrom popped to Traynor.

PITTSBURG—Bartell walked. Hemsey struck out. Fussell forced Bartell. Terry to Jackson. Adams walked. L. Waner hit to right center for a home run, scoring behind Fussell and Adams. P. Waner popped to Lindstrom. THREE RUNS.

SEVENTH—NEW YORK—Brickell went to left field for the Pirates. O'Farrell batted for Hogan and walked. O'Farrell took second on a wild pitch. Jackson fled to Adams. Terry fled to P. Waner. O'Farrell taking third after the catch. Cohen tripped to left center, scoring O'Farrell. Cummings batted for Faulkner and singled to center, scoring Cohen. Welsh lined to Adams. TWO RUNS.

NINTH—NEW YORK—O'Farrell was safe on Grantham's fumble of Traynor's throw. Jackson forced O'Farrell. Adams to Bartell. Jackson was out stealing. Hemsey to Adams. Terry fled to P. Waner.

RECEPTION FOR O'FARRELL.
BERKELEY, Cal., Aug. 23.—A gala reception is being planned here today for the members of the University of California crew, who return here from Europe on Aug. 30.

Giants Defeat Pirates in the Opener, 6 to 3

THE Giants beat the Pirates 6 to 3, in the first game of today's double-header. Play-by-play account and box score on next page.

The Box Score

SECOND GAME

NEW YORK

AB. R. H. O. A. E.

Welsh cf 4 0 0 2 0 0

Reese lf 4 0 0 2 0 0

Mann rf 4 1 1 2 0 1

Lindstrom 3b 4 0 0 1 2 0

Hogan c 2 0 2 4 0 0

O'Farrell c 1 1 0 0 0 0

Jackson ss 4 0 1 4 2 1

Terry 1b 3 0 0 8 1 0

Cohen 2b 3 1 1 4 0

HUBBELL P 2 0 0 0 0 0

FAULKNER P 0 0 0 0 0 0

NICHOLS P 0 0 0 0 0 0

ALDRIDGE P 0 0 0 0 0 0

Cummings 1 1 0 1 0 0 0

Totals 32 3 6 24 9 2

Cummings batted for Faulkner in sev-

enth inning.

PITTSBURG

AB. R. H. O. A. E.

Adams ss 4 3 2 4 0 0

L. Waner cf 4 1 2 2 0 0

P. Waner rf 5 1 2 7 0 0

Traynor 2b 4 1 2 2 1 0

Grantham 1b 4 2 3 6 0 1

Barnhart lf 3 1 0 0 0 0

Brickell lf 1 0 0 0 0 0

Bartell 2b 4 1 2 2 1 0

Hemsey c 5 1 4 1 0

FUSSELL P 4 2 0 0 1 0

Totals 38 13 14 27 8 1

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

NEW YORK

0 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 3

PITTSBURG

0 1 0 2 2 3 5 0 13

Batteries: New York—Fussell and

Batteries: Pittsburgh—Faulkner and

Batteries: Pittsburgh—Faulkner and

Batteries: Pittsburgh—Faulkner and

Batteries: Pittsburgh—Faulkner and

Batteries: Pittsburgh—Faulkner and

Batteries: Pittsburgh—Faulkner and

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Batteries: Pittsburgh—Faulkner and

MISS WILLS MEETS MRS. HARPER IN NEXT U. S. TOURNEY MATCH

TENNIS QUEEN IS FAVORED TO AGAIN CAPTURE NATIONAL TITLE

By the Associated Press.
FOREST HILLS, N. Y., Aug. 23.—For the second consecutive day, the third round of the singles competition in the women's national tennis championships was postponed today because of rain.

An innovation in the tennis play in the form of a double-header will be played tomorrow in an effort to speed up the elimination rounds and finish the tournament by the first of next week. The singles matches of the third round are scheduled to start at 10 a. m. tomorrow while the doubles play will get under way in the afternoon.

Although two days of rain have postponed the decision for a short time, two rounds of play in the women's national tennis championships have been enough to confirm the pretournament predictions that the only question to be decided is who will oppose Helen Wills at various stages of the tournament.

That "Queen Helen" will repeat her victory of last year is hardly open to doubt, but whether the runner-up will be Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, eight times winner of the title, or Helen Jacobs, second only to Miss Wills among the California stars, or some unexpectedly brilliant player who can upset both of these outstanding stars is an entirely different matter.

The problem of her opponent in the semifinals is not unsettled. In the second quarter of the draw Mrs. May Sutton Bundy of Santa Monica, Cal., and Mrs. Hazel Hotchkiss Wightman of Boston, both champions when Miss Wills was more interested in the problems that confront babies than those that are found on the tennis courts, are due to meet tomorrow in a match that is expected to bring forth the semifinal opponent of "Queen Helen." But before either of them can attain that bracket she must overcome some strong opposition of the third ranking Californian, Edith Cross of San Francisco, who is picked as an almost certain winner over Mrs. B. F. Stenz of New York.

To Meet Mrs. Chapin Next.
After what is expected to be an easy victory over Mrs. L. A. Harper of Los Angeles tomorrow, Miss Wills' first hard match is due when she meets Mrs. A. H. Chapin of Springfield, Mass., in her quarter-final match. Clara Zinke of Cincinnati is Mrs. Chapin's opponent tomorrow.

The battle for the second position in the final bracket is expected to produce only one match of importance, the meeting between Miss Jacobs and Mrs. Lillian Scherman Hester of New York. Although she is given only a fourteenth place in the national ranking while Miss Jacobs is fourth, Mrs. Hester is always a dangerous opponent and if she can keep her speed under control she stands a good chance of winning.

The match between Marjorie Morrill of Dedham, Mass., and Mrs. William Endicott of Boston, who are ranked close together, also promises to be close but the winner has only the prospect of defeat at the hands of Mrs. Mallory in the next round. Virginia Hillary of Philadelphia is not expected to extend Mrs. Mallory while Penelope Anderson of Richmond, another seeded star, is expected to defeat Elsa Taubel of New York without much difficulty.

Sikeston Scores Shutout.

SIKESTON, Mo., Aug. 23.—Sikeston defeated Harrisburg, Ill., here yesterday in the first of a two-game series, 5 to 0.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E.
Harrisburg 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Sikeston 5 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 5 6 2

Up-to-Date Batting and Fielding Averages of Cardinals and Browns

Cardinals											
Name-Position	G.	A.R.	R.	H.	2B.	3B.	HR.	SB.	BB.	AB.	Pct.
Douglas	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Helm	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Brick	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Bottomley	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Hafey	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Wilson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Harper	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Wright	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Thermon	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Marshall	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Blades	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
High	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Wentz	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Holmes	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Almon	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Sherdel	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Rhodes	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Reinhart	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Michalski	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Frankhouse	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Mad	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Martin	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Rodriguez	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Williams	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302

Browns											
Name-Position	G.	A.R.	R.	H.	2B.	3B.	HR.	SB.	BB.	AB.	Pct.
Blase	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
McKee	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Mann	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Melvin	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Kress	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Brannon	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
McNelly	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Schmidt	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Mann	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
McKee	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Gray	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Blase	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Wright	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Kramer	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302
Johnson	11	120	41	113	20	12	10	66	27	144	.302

Eleven Pitchers, Records Show, Are of All-America Team Caliber

Grimes, Benton and Hoyt Head List; Gray Close Up

CANDIDATES FOR ALL-STAR BERTHS



BILL SHERDEL (TOP) AND SAM GRAY.

Season's Records Of Hurling Stars

Name	W.	L.	CG.	Ac.	Yrs.
Benton	20	4	23	31	6
Grimes	22	10	23	35	13
Vance	16	9	18	35	7
Alexander	12	7	14	41	18
Sherdel	15	7	14	32	11
Hoyt	18	2	14	29	10
Gray	18	10	20	29	5
Pipgras	19	9	19	29	2
Penock	17	6	19	34	16
Grove	16	6	17	28	4
Morris	16	11	18	28	1

MISSOURI PACIFIC A. C. TO HOLD ITS FIRST CARD UNDER W. A. A. U. AUG. 28

The Missouri Pacific A. C., which has just become affiliated with the Western A. A. U., announces its first show under the auspices of the W. A. A. U. for Aug. 28 at 3001 Chouteau avenue. Paul Higgins, old-time figure in fight Joe Dumas is business manager. The latter handles the entries.

Jimmie Fawcett of the Missouri Pacific A. C. 126-pound class has been matched with Stanley Rigdon, South Broadway, A. C. boxer, in one of the special matches. Presley Cooley, 147-pound class, also will be on the program.

The following boxers have filed for bouts: Norman Hoke of Missouri Pacific A. C., 135-pounds; Frank Roth, Tower A. C., 135-pounds; A. Parks, 112 pounds of Missouri Pacific A. C.; Doc Hyatt, 112 pounds, Missouri Pacific A. C.; Woodrow Williams, 112 pounds, of Tower A. C., and J. "Peanuts" Bovich, 112 pounds, of Missouri Pacific A. C.

By Herman Wecke
Babe Ruth, in a recent article, said that "picking an All-America team is getting tougher every year."

When the Yankee home-run slugger, who within a short time will select his 1928 club, made that assertion, he probably was looking at the pitching records for the season. And well he might say that it is a tough job.

Usually when the outstanding twirlers in the majors for the year are discussed, the names of Larry Benton of the Giants and Burleigh Grimes of the Pirates are put first. There's no doubt but that they are stars, well worth being placed in any man's baseball club. But digging deeper into the records, it is found that they are not the only pair. There are others. In fact, today, there are no fewer than 11 twirlers in the two circuits, who have fine records—records that would make any manager smile to have any or all of them on his ball club.

For instance, what manager would balk at having his club or owner sign Bill Sherdel of the Cardinals? Or Dazzy Vance? And then to go further. Such men as Grover Alexander, Waite Hoyt, Sam Gray, George Pipgras, Harp Penock, Lefty Grove and Ed Morris?

Nearly All Are Veterans.
A pitching staff made up of these men would be an all-star cast. A manager who owned such an array could cease his worries about pitching strength at least. And the peculiar part is that a majority of the fingers mentioned are veterans. Only five are under 30 years of age, and only four of the lot have served fewer than six campaigns in the big tent.

Benton, on his season's record, rightfully deserves a place at the top of the list. He has a wonderful record, and with 20 victories against only four defeats, a winning percentage of .833. Not only that. He has worked in 23 complete games and managers always like to have twirlers on hand able to finish what they start. Benton has done that.

Grimes Comes to Life
And then there is Grimes. This spitball pitcher was sent to Pittsburgh in a trade by John McGraw last winter. Now he's the ace of the Pittsburgh staff, the man who kept the team from falling further down than it slipped in the early months of the year when Donie Bush's aggregation was handicapped by injuries at various sorts. Grimes has a 22-10 record and like Benton has gone the full route 23 times. No fewer than four of his conquests have been at the expense of the Giants.

Grimes is 35 years of age and is serving his thirteenth season in the big tent. Benton is 37 and this is his sixth year in major league company.

St. Louis has three pitchers who warrant consideration, if records for 1928 are figured. There is Sam Gray with 18 wins and 2 losses, Dan Howley's club after various too successful year with the Athletics.

Rules Governing Babe Ruth All-America Team Contest

THE contest is open now to all readers of the Post-Dispatch. It will close on Aug. 31 at midnight. Entries bearing postmarks of that or prior dates will be considered eligible.

To select an all-star team from among the outstanding players of the National and American Leagues, with a view to having it coincide with one which Babe Ruth, aided by a committee of sports writers, will select, is the chief object of the contest. And the judges will also be guided in the awarding of trophies by the clearness of the short explanation which must accompany each entry. This little essay, telling the reason for the selection, is essential and must not exceed 200 words. Lack of explanation will invalidate an entry.

Ten players will make up the team, two pitchers and eight other players, one for each position. Only one team may be submitted by each contestant.

No correction will be accepted. Once an entry has been received and filed. Take your time and make your selection final.

Babe Ruth is not eligible. He will not pick himself.

Players must be selected on the basis of their play in the 1928 season only. Performances of previous years do not count.

A player can be placed in a position other than the one he regularly occupies, provided he has occupied such position in one or more championship games.

Otherwise, regular positions must be rigidly adhered to. For instance, a regular left fielder may not be placed in right field, unless he has played there at least once in 1928.

The trophies will be \$100 cash for first, \$50 for second and \$25 for third. The winner of the capital trophy will also receive a Mason Wins Over Dillon.

DAYTON, O., Aug. 23.—Johnny Mason, Scranton, Pa., middleweight, won the newspaper decision over Young Jack Dillon of Louisville in a 10-round bout last night.

JUNIORS' AND BOYS' TENNIS MATCHES OFF

By Davison Obeur.

All matches scheduled for today in the boys' and juniors' municipal tennis tournament on the Jefferson Memorial courts in Forest Park were postponed on account of rain. Play will be resumed tomorrow, weather permitting.

Favorites advanced another round yesterday afternoon. Two of the junior matches required extra sets while the remaining contests in both divisions were decided in straight sets.

Warren Davis, St. Louis District boy champion, reached the final round of the boys' singles event, defeating Frank Keane, 6-2, 6-1 in the semifinals. Davis earlier in the day eliminated Dan Kelly, 6-1, 6-2 in a quarterfinal contest. The final round will be played tomorrow. Davis will oppose the winner of the morning match between Hyman Adler and Junior Poelker.

Bascom an Easy Winner.
In the junior matches yesterday William Bascom furnished a surprise by defeating Herbert Steideman in straight sets, 6-2, 6-3. While Bascom was the favorite he was not expected to win so easily. Bascom played to Steideman's backhand to gain many points and his service was also effective against the Northsider.

Al Rothchild found plenty of trouble on hand when he met Sidney Wyman in a third round encounter yesterday. Steadiness in the final set together with good forehand drives gave Rothchild the victory. The score was 4-6, 7-5, 6-2.

Portnoy Beats Rovin.
Joyce Portnoy, former Soldan player, reached the semifinal round through an easy victory over Charles Rovin. In addition to Portnoy the other players in the semifinals are Junior Boehmer and William Bascom. Rothchild will meet Vernon Tietjen, the winner entering the semifinal bracket.

Yesterday's Results.

JUNIOR SINGLES.
Third Round—A. Rothchild defeated S. Wyman, 4-6, 7-5, 6-2.
Fourth Round—J. Portnoy defeated C. Rovin, 6-1, 6-2.
Fifth Round—W. Bascom defeated H. Steideman, 6-2, 6-3.

FIRST BOYS' SINGLES.
Third Round—W. Davis defeated D. Kelly, 6-1, 6-2.
Fourth Round—F. Keane defeated H. Steideman, 6-1, 6-2.
Fifth Round—W. Bascom defeated H. Steideman, 6-2, 6-3.

Tomorrow's Pairings.

JUNIOR SINGLES.
10 a. m.—Fourth round, V. Tietjen vs. A. Rothchild.
2:30 p. m.—Semifinals, J. Portnoy vs. W. Bascom vs. J. Portnoy.
10 a. m.—Semifinals, H. Adler vs. J. Poelker.
2:30 p. m.—W. Davis vs. winner of Adler-Poelker match.

BOGOLJUBOW LEADS AS FINAL PLAY BEGINS IN CHESS TOURNAMENT

By the Associated Press.
BAD KISSINGEN, Bavaria, Aug. 23.—With Bogoljubow of Germany leading and Capablanca of Cuba in second place, the international chess masters' tournament here is approaching its close. The semifinal round was contested yesterday.

Misses, Germany, adjourned with Marshall, United States, in a Saragossa opening after 65 moves, the position being even.

The standing:

	WON	LOST
Bogoljubow	12	2 1/2
Capablanca	10	4 1/2
Schach	8	6 1/2
Rubinstein	7	7 1/2
Marshall	6	8 1/2
Samisch	5	9 1/2
Farkas	4	10 1/2
Yates	3	11 1/2
Frank	2	12 1/2
Mises	1	13 1/2

The pairings for the seventh and final round: Bogoljubow vs. Rubinstein; Capablanca vs. Farkas; Marshall vs. Marshall; and Yates vs. Mises.

WHO'S WHO? In the BIG LEAGUES

(Including games of Aug. 22.)

NATIONAL.
Batting—Hornsbey, Braves, .376.
Runs—P. Waner, Pirates, 107.
Runs batted in—Bottomley, Cardinals, 101.
Hits—P. Waner, Pirates, 174.
Doubles—P. Waner, Pirates, 41.
Triples—Bottomley, Cardinals.
Bissonette, Robins, 15.
Homers—Wilson, Cubs, 28.
Stolen bases—Cuyler, Cubs, 25.
Pitching—Benton, Giants, won 20, lost 4.

AMERICAN.
Batting—Goslin, Senators, .389.
Runs—Ruth, Yankees, 153.
Runs batted in—Gehrig, Yanks, 118.
Hits—Manush, Browns, 180.
Doubles—Flagstead, Red Sox, 36.
Triples—Combs, Yanks, 16.
Homers—Ruth, Yanks, 45.
Stolen bases—Mottill, White Sox, 21.
Pitching—Hoyt, Yanks, won 16, lost 3.

LEADING HITTERS, NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player—Club. G. A. B. R. H. Pct.
Hornsbey, Bos., .376 348 71 131 376
P. Waner, Pitts., .376 348 71 131 376
Lindstrom, N.Y., .376 348 71 131 376
Traynor, Pitts., .376 348 71 131 376
Grant, Pitts., .376 348 71 131 376
Leading batter a year ago today—P. Waner, Pittsburgh, .383.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player—Club. G. A. B. R. H. Pct.
Goslin, Wash., .389 348 71 131 389
Gehrig, N.Y., .389 348 71 131 389
Manush, S.L., .389 348 71 131 389
Simmons, Phila., .389 348 71 131 389
Lazzeri, N.Y., .389 348 71 131 389
Leading batter a year ago today—Simmons, Philadelphia, .393.

Americans Win And Lose in Boys' Tourney Abroad

By the Associated Press.
FORNEY, England, Aug. 23.—Stewart Scheffel, New York and Paris, defeated G. S. Cole, England, 5 up and 4 to play, in the third round of the boys' amateur golf championship today.

NEW BACKSTROKE MARK CLAIMED FOR CRABBE

By the Associated Press.
GRAZ, Austria, Aug. 23.—Clarance Crabbe of Honolulu, 16, what is claimed as a new world's record for the 300-meter backstroke swim

ATCH

football and basketball games. Zuppke, Olander, etc. Physical education health was his major college.

four years in college, never played a losing game and finished his high school letters won. He was student coach in track and two years of a fraternity basketball which won the intramural championship.

LEANS WINS

McClean won the first in the weekly play at Park Golf Club. Mrs. Frances Rollins, 1000 S. 11th, won the odd and even hole. Blackburn the nine, and Mrs. G. R. Gough the event. A tournament of the members will be held Sept. 25.

FIRST SKIN

is the best cigar value high grade to and up cigars making them. I like them.

Today

They are

MILD

kin

OT BETTER

aker, Newark, N. J.

HER CIGAR CO.

tors

UIS

on 50c

First Race 8 P. M.

Promptly Each

Night

at Car, Busses and

vice Cars from

Eads Bridge

ng Rain or Shine

Y

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C. GARRETT CO.

BUILDERS OF PERMANENT-BUILT BUNGALOW GARAGES

New Location 3329 S. KINGSHIGHWAY

Phone Riverside 4200

SPECIFICATIONS—2 large double windows; one 4-light glass service door; 2nd studding, 2 feet on center; 2x4 rafters, 2 feet on center and well braced; clear fir drop siding. All fastenings.

All lumber, moulding, etc., used on the outside of building is the very best grade of fir.

Alley entrance doors are mill made, 1 1/2 inches thick, vertical grain fir, either glass or panel hung on Richard-Wilcox box rail track, that can be opened from the alley without going through yard service door. All doors are self-locking.

\$10.00 DOWN

2 YEARS TO PAY

Compare Our Specifications With Others—Then Decide

18x18 2-Car Size, \$235

18x20 2-Car Size, \$250

Evenings and Sundays Till 9 P. M. Garrett Garages Are Sold on Specifications—Not Price.

Open Nights Until 9 P. M.

Welch & Co 1105-79 Olive St.

Open Nights Until 9 P. M.

SAVE 50% ON THE DOLLAR CRASH!

The Lindell Furniture Co. BANKRUPT!

Compare These Values!

Shop Around! Compare! Then you will fully realize what wonderful bargains are offered here! The acid test of comparison will prove every word we say! "Positively" the highest Furniture Sale St. Louis has ever seen!

LIVING ROOM

\$5 DOWN AND A BEAUTIFUL FLOOR LAMP FREE!

\$112 LIVING-ROOM SUITES \$59.35

\$115 LIVING-ROOM SUITES \$64.30

\$150 LIVING-ROOM SUITES \$78.64

BEDROOM

\$5 DOWN AND A BEAUTIFUL FLOOR LAMP FREE!

\$110 BEDROOM SUITES \$64.00

\$142 BEDROOM SUITES \$75.34

\$155 BEDROOM SUITES \$94.75

RUGS AT GIVE-AWAY PRICES

\$110 "Naturelle" Six-Tube Electrified Radio Complete—a value that cannot be duplicated in St. Louis at 50c \$53.25

\$100 Freshman Radio in beautiful cabinet at less than 1/2 \$46.00

\$85 "RADIO MASTER," Radio with built-in speaker in cab. \$34.65

\$75 Freed-Eisemann Radio sacrificed at practically 1/4 price. \$28.79

\$250 Freed-Eisemann All-Electric Radio in beautiful high-top cabinet, priced at \$118.95

RUG BARGAINS!

\$23.00 9x12 Seamless Brussels Rugs go at \$12.79

\$40.00 9x12 Wool Axminster Rugs go at \$23.50

\$40.00 9x12 Seamless Wool Velvet Rugs go at \$26.45

\$55.00 9x12 Wool Axminster Rugs, beautifully patterned, go at \$28.65

\$64.50 9x12 extra heavy all-wool Axminster Rugs go at \$33.95

\$48.00 9x12 seamless all-wool Axminster Rugs go at \$24.79

LINOLEUM!

\$1.42 4-yard Armstrong Cork Linoleum (sub-standards), per yard. 66c

\$2.25 Gold Seal Inlaid Linoleums, wide selection, go at, per yard. \$1.37

\$11.00 9x12 Armstrong Felt-Base Linoleum Rugs (borderless), go at. \$3.46

\$12.00 9x12 Felt-Base Rugs and small Rugsto match, go at. \$5.45

\$15.25 9x12 "Certain-teed" Felt-Base Rugs, "nationally advertised" \$6.79

SPRINGS!

\$15.00 Bed Springs, while they last. \$3.65

\$14.00 Only two of these sample Coil Springs, at. \$5.70

\$10.00 Bed Springs, while they last. \$9.75

\$12.75 Way-Exless Spring, while they last. \$5.85

MATTRESSES!

\$15.75 50-lb. plain edge "Swan" Mattress. \$7.25

\$22.50 50-lb. all pure layer cotton felt Mattresses go at. \$11.39

\$27.50 55-lb. layer felt 4-row side-stitch Lilly Mattresses. \$13.69

If you need a Mattress now is the time to buy! Many others. Bargains—Come! See!

METAL BEDS!

\$12.00 "SIMMONS" metal Beds. \$4.60

\$15.00 "SIMMONS" metal Beds. \$8.85

\$20.00 Metal Bed, complete with spring. \$14.75

DINING-ROOM

\$145 DINING-ROOM SUITES \$78.45

\$157 DINING-ROOM SUITES \$87.60

\$175 DINING-ROOM SUITES \$98.65

BREAKFAST SETS

\$2 DOWN AND A BEAUTIFUL FLOOR LAMP FREE!

\$14.50 5-Pc. Breakfast Sets \$9.85

\$27.50 9-Pc. Breakfast Sets \$18.65

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cinna
Return
g. 25th
ing Cincinnati 8:20 am E. S.
10:30 pm E. S. T. Sunday.
d. Cincinnati Zoo
s. PITTSBURGH
LY IN COACHES
riage Checked
tion.
E & OHIO
SALE ON
ME CORDS
OUIS
s. Many Run
More
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Old Tires
Tire Cover Free
Store
Phone JEFF. 0138

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Creamy
colate
TED MILK
-at home

is Thompson's—the
amous "DOUBLE
ED" Malted Milk. The
ed Milk that shakes
a shaker at home.
drinks to the pound,
and this big full pint
aluminum Shaker
with each one-pound
give your children a
Thompson's—a bot-
tle and one of these
FREE Shakers. Then
them whisk milk into
delicious Chocolate
Milk in jig time.
h their faces beam
en fun of the making,
the lips smack out
its drifts of bubbles
ing particularly how
h himself responds
goodness of Thomp-
at your druggist's or
now—this big Alu-
Shaker FREE with
one-pound can.

Week Only!

PART THREE

POWERS TO INVITE
SMALL NATIONS
INTO PEACE PACT

Action to Be Rushed Be-
cause of Egypt's Repeated
Desire to Sign Kellogg
Anti-War Treaty.

BRITISH RESERVATIONS
PROMPT REQUEST

Text of Anglo-British Naval
Compromise on Disarma-
ment to Be Given Out in
Few Days.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch
and New York World.

Washington, Aug. 23.—(The New York World
and Post-Dispatch.)

PARIS, Aug. 23.—After the big
powers have signed the Kellogg
anti-war treaty, all other nations
will be invited to adhere to it, it
has been agreed among the signa-
tories whose representatives will
carry out the ceremony here Mon-
day. Egypt is said to be the reason
for the haste in inviting the
others.

Egyptian Nationalist newspapers
report that the government has tried
to get from Washington a reply to
the question when it will have a
chance to sign. Egypt, which is
the chief country affected by British
reservations, constituting a
"Mandate Doctrine for the Empire,"
is expected to take this occasion
to protest against the English pol-
icy.

It also is understood the Anglo-
French naval compromise will be
published within a few days. Doubts
of the intention of this agreement
expressed in Rome and Wash-
ington caused the French Gov-
ernment to consider publication
desirable. This understanding will be
one of the chief questions discussed
by the Council of Ministers today
when the protocol for signing the
anti-war treaty also will be fixed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—(The New York
World and Post-Dispatch.)

PARIS, Aug. 23.—(The New York
World and Post-Dispatch.)

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World and Post-Dispatch.)

ENGLISH CITIZENS GIVE
WEALTH TO GOVERNMENT

Large and Small Contributions Made Toward
Extinguishing Debt—Two Recent
\$2,500,000 Gifts

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Although
England is the most heavily taxed
nation in the world, a number of
public-spirited citizens are coming
forward with huge money gifts de-
signed to reduce the national debt of
\$38,000,000,000.

Recently several millionaires
voluntarily have given large por-
tions of their fortunes, specifying
that the income be used either in
paying off the national debt or the
principal be deposited in trust to
accumulate at compound interest
and then revert to the government
for the same purpose.

Two gifts of \$2,500,000.
The \$2,500,000 gift of Lord Inch-
cape in memory of his daughter,
Hon. Elsie Mackay, who flew to
her death in the wastes of the At-
lantic ocean with Captain Hinch-
liffe, is the latest donation, as well
as the second of \$2,500,000 made
by citizens in February. The first
announced in February, was made
by a man whose name was not
disclosed.

In order that the gifts may be
managed in trust for the nation
and that the capital may accumu-
late at compound interest, it was
necessary for Parliament to amend
the Trusts Act, which restricted
gifts of this nature. The act grew
out of litigation over the estate of
Peter Thellusson, Philippot Lane

INTERPARLIAMENTARY UNION
CONGRESS OPENS IN BERLIN

Prof. Schuecking Says Kellogg's
Antiwar Pact Reflects Resolu-
tion Adopted by Body in 1925.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, Aug. 23.—The twenty-
fifth world congress of the Inter-
parliamentary Union opened today
with the representatives of 37
countries, including the United
States, in attendance. That the
Kellogg renunciation of war pact
merely reflects a resolution which
the union adopted in 1925 was as-
serted by Prof. Walther Schueck-
ing of Germany, who was chosen
president of the congress this
morning.

The Kellogg pact's tendency is to
go beyond the provisions of the
League of Nations covenant in its
endeavor to eliminate from inter-
national law war as a legal insti-
tution," Prof. Schuecking said.
Characterizing the present period
of history as one of transition
where "the old is wrestling with
the new everywhere."

"It is not enough," he said, "to
outlaw war. We must also com-
bat the sociological causes of war
by helping the natural rights of all
peoples in all respects and in all
places to attain legally established
procedure. We must find ways
and means of realizing the ideals
of justice."

After Prof. Schuecking had
spoken, Chancellor Herman Muel-
ler welcomed the world's lawmakers
on behalf of President von Hin-
denburg and the German Gov-
ernment.

Congressman Andrew Jackson
Montague of Virginia was elected
first vice president of the conven-
tion. The American delegates in-
cluded Richard Barthold of St.
Louis.

SOVIET WON'T LET BRITISH
WARSHIP GET L-55 BODIES

Moscow, However, Does Not Ob-
ject to Merchant Vessel
Taking Away Dead.

By the Associated Press.
MOSCOW, Aug. 23.—The Soviet
agency Tass says that in response
to a British request through the
Norwegian mission at Moscow that
Britain be allowed to send a war-
ship to transport the bodies of the
crew of the recently raised subma-
rine L-55 from Leningrad to En-
gland, the Soviet Government has
replied that it cannot consent to
a British warship's entering Soviet
territorial waters.

The Soviet Government, how-
ever, would not object to a warship
of a friendly nation or to a Brit-
ish merchantman.

The L-55 was sunk in 1919 while
assisting the White Russians
against the bolshevik government.

300 FEWER DEATHS IN ATHENS

Dengue Epidemic Grows Serious;
Spreads to Salonika.

By the Associated Press.
ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 23.—
With 300 fatal cases of dengue re-
ported, the fever epidemic is as-
suming dangerous proportions in
Athens.

Simultaneously, several cases of
dengue have been reported in Sa-
lonika. The Government has es-
tablished a free medical and nurse
service to combat further spread of
the epidemic.

Wales' Home Being Remodeled.
Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Under the
personal supervision of Queen
Mary, Marlborough House, which is
to become the residence of the
Prince of Wales, is being comple-
tely remodeled. Marlborough House
was built in 1703 by Christopher
Wren, who sacrificed inside com-
fort for outward elegance.

SMITH TRYING TO
'FOOL THE PEOPLE,'
CURTIS CHARGES

Can't Deliver What He
Promises for Party on
Liquor Law Modification,
Kansas Says in Speech.

SENATOR PLEDGES
TARIFF REVISION

Asserts He Is Proud of
G. O. P. Record Since
1920, and Coolidge Pol-
icies Will Go On.

By the Associated Press.

ROCKY PORT, R. I., Aug. 23.—
Senator Curtis, the Republican
vice-presidential nominee, charged
in a speech opening his campaign
here today that the Democrats
were "trying to fool the people" in
the prohibition proposal of Gov.
Smith, Democratic Presidential
nominee.

Departing from a prepared ad-
dress, Senator Curtis took up the
prohibition issue raised last night
by Gov. Smith in his speech of ac-
ceptance.

"Our friends on the other side,"
he declared, "are trying to fool the
people. You know under the Con-
stitution of the United States it is
impossible for them to do what
they promise. They passed a law
up in the State of New York and
the Governor who signed it knew it
was unconstitutional when he
signed it and the Supreme Court
so ruled. Why is he trying to fool
the people?"

Curtis then denounced the
Dingley tariff law.

"In 1892 the Democrats de-
scribed Republican protection as a
fraud and contended that the Fed-
eral Government had no consti-
tutional power to impose and collect
tariff duties, except for the pur-
poses of revenue only."

"In 1896 they declared that
tariff duty should be levied for
purposes of revenue only."
"In 1904 they denounced the
Dingley tariff law, as a robbery
of the many to enrich the few
and favored a tariff 'limited to the
needs of the Government.'"

"In 1908 the Democrats favored
an immediate revision of tariff by
the reduction of import duties and
advocated the restoration of tariff
on a revenue basis."

"In 1912 they went back to their
position of 1892, that the Federal
Government under the Constitution
has no right or power to impose or
collect tariff duties except for the
purposes of revenue."

"In 1914 they wrote the Under-
wood-Simmons tariff act as the
statute books which injured or de-
stroyed business. It failed to pro-
duce revenue and made it neces-
sary for President Coolidge to ask
for additional revenue, and the
Democratic Congress upon his recom-
mendation enacted a war revenue
bill in time of peace."

"In 1916 the Democrats re-
affirmed their belief in the doc-
trine of the tariff for the purpose of
providing sufficient revenue for the
operation of the Government eco-
nomically administered."

"In 1920 they reaffirmed the tra-
ditional policy of the Democratic
party in favor of a tariff 'for re-
venue only.'"

"In 1924 they declared their
party's position to be in favor of a
tax on commodities entering the
country which will promote an
effective competition, protect
against monopoly, and at the same
time provide revenue to sup-
port the Government."

The Latest Declaration.
"In 1925 they declared that the
Democratic tariff legislation would
be based on the following policies:
the maintenance of legitimate busi-
ness and the right of the stand-
ards for American labor; duties
that will permit effective competi-
tion, insure against monopoly and
at the same time produce a fair
revenue for the support of the Gov-
ernment; actual difference between
the cost of production at home and
foreign; and adequate safeguard
for the wage of the American la-
borer must be the extreme mea-
sure of every tariff rate. Equitable
distribution of the benefits and
burdens of the tariff among all."

"With this record on the tariff
the Democrats hope to fool the
American people."

12 IN ARCTIC STILL SOUGHT

Several Vessels Continue Hunt for
Missing Men Off Spitzbergen.

By the Associated Press.

How Home Town Greeted Herbert Hoover



SCENE at the railroad station in West Branch, Ia., when the Republican Presidential nominee arrived to visit old friends in the town of his birth.

has always stood and where it will
always stand.

Shifts on Revenue Plank.
"In 1892 the Democrats de-
scribed Republican protection as a
fraud and contended that the Fed-
eral Government had no consti-
tutional power to impose and collect
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collect tariff duties except for the
purposes of revenue."

"In 1914 they wrote the Under-
wood-Simmons tariff act as the
statute books which injured or de-
stroyed business. It failed to pro-
duce revenue and made it neces-
sary for President Coolidge to ask
for additional revenue, and the
Democratic Congress upon his recom-
mendation enacted a war revenue
bill in time of peace."

"In 1916 the Democrats re-
affirmed their belief in the doc-
trine of the tariff for the purpose of
providing sufficient revenue for the
operation of the Government eco-
nomically administered."

"In 1920 they reaffirmed the tra-
ditional policy of the Democratic
party in favor of a tariff 'for re-
venue only.'"

"In 1924 they declared their
party's position to be in favor of a
tax on commodities entering the
country which will promote an
effective competition, protect
against monopoly, and at the same
time provide revenue to sup-
port the Government."

The Latest Declaration.
"In 1925 they declared that the
Democratic tariff legislation would
be based on the following policies:
the maintenance of legitimate busi-
ness and the right of the stand-
ards for American labor; duties
that will permit effective competi-
tion, insure against monopoly and
at the same time produce a fair
revenue for the support of the Gov-
ernment; actual difference between
the cost of production at home and
foreign; and adequate safeguard
for the wage of the American la-
borer must be the extreme mea-
sure of every tariff rate. Equitable
distribution of the benefits and
burdens of the tariff among all."

"With this record on the tariff
the Democrats hope to fool the
American people."

12 IN ARCTIC STILL SOUGHT
Several Vessels Continue Hunt for
Missing Men Off Spitzbergen.
By the Associated Press.

ROME, Aug. 23.—Extensive
searches among the islands of
northern Italy and in the Gulf of
Genoa have failed to locate the
missing men of the Italian ship
"Ezio" which was reported lost
off Spitzbergen. The ship was
last seen on August 10, and has
not been sighted since. The search
is being continued by several
vessels, but no hope is held for
the recovery of the missing men.

10 Killed by Earthquake in Persia
By the Associated Press.
TEHERAN, Persia, Aug. 23.—A
severe earthquake was felt in
Khorassan, North Central Persia,
last night. It is reported that 10
persons were killed at Nishapur,
where buildings were badly dam-
aged. Babazadeh and Shirvan also
were shaken.

HOOVER TO LEAVE
IOWA LATE TODAY
FOR WASHINGTON

Republican Nominee Holds
Another Round of Con-
ferences With Farm Lead-
ers at Cedar Rapids.

FOR FEDERAL BOARD
TO AID AGRICULTURE

Minnesota Delegation Urges
Special Relief Session of
Congress, but Nominee
Declines to Promise.

By the Associated Press.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Aug. 23.—
Another round of conferences
with farm leaders today closes
Herbert Hoover's three-day visit
to the Middle West.

Following his personal contact
with men who profess to interpret
the viewpoint of the wheat, corn
and other grain growers, the Re-
publican nominee for the presi-
dency leaves late today for Wash-
ington. There on Saturday he will
take personal charge of his cam-
paign.

Minnesota's farm delegation to-
day brought to Hoover the sugges-
tion that a special session of Con-
gress be convened next March to
put into legislation the Hoover
farm relief program.

Hears Governor of Minnesota.
The nominee heard Gov. Theo-
dore Christianson, the delegation's
spokesman, Congressman Andre-
sen, Knutson and Glague and H.
Eue of Northfield, farm organi-
zation leader. He said he was hopeful
legislation could be obtained at the
forthcoming session, but indicated
he did not consider it wise or
proper at this time to make pledges
as to a special session.

The Minnesota delegation came
to Hoover early in a series of con-
ferences with delegations from 13
States between Indiana and Okla-
homa.

Hoover late this afternoon issued
a statement thanking the people
of Iowa for the kind reception
given to both himself and Mrs.
Hoover.

"It is a great experience to have
had the welcome at one's birth-
place that Mrs. Hoover and I have
had in the last few days," he said.
"It brings out vividly the ties which
have attached our lives to the
State of Iowa and we leave it most
regretfully. We will long remem-
ber with gratitude the kindly ex-
pressions and good wishes we have
had on every side."

Filed by a committee of Cedar
Rapids business men, the G. O. P.
standard bearer made a second tour
of Cedar Rapids and was given a
noisy farewell by the people who
crowded the streets despite threat-
ening storm clouds overhead. A
halt was made before the railroad
station was reached so that Hoover
might inspect the new \$5,000,000
memorial to the soldiers of all wars
erected on an island in Cedar
River, which bisects the town. "His
huge stone structure, with its
tower houses and auditorium, be-
came a government and the Chamber
of Commerce."

Both in his public and private
talks here Hoover has emphasized
his belief that in seeking to relieve
the agricultural industry, each of
the dozen or more component parts
must be treated separately. "It
has likewise stated his own pur-
pose to have the Federal farm
board he has proposed, approach
the problem from that basis."

Pessimism in Northwest.
Between the time of exchanging
views with farm leaders, the Re-
publican candidate has received
various reports as to the outlook
in the several grain growing states.
He has been heartened by infor-
mation from Kansas and Iowa, but
a note of pessimism has been run
through that from the Northwest-
ern states. Producers in that sec-
tion who just now are beginning to
market their wheat crop, are faced
with sharply declining prices and
political leaders say this unques-
tionably has had an effect. How-
ever, they have expressed to the
nominee their belief that these
states will be found in the Republi-
can column in November.

Hoover told 150 representatives
of Iowa farmers that the "Yoke
that hangs around the neck of the
American farmer needs to be lifted
and I will do everything in my
power to help lift it."

Gives Iowa Farm Attitude.
The Iowa delegation's attitude
was expressed by Oscar Helme,
chairman of the Iowa Farm Fed-
eration, in these words:
"It was the consensus of Iowa
farmers that we should work with
you, Mr. Hoover, toward the solu-
tion of the agricultural problem.
Iowa farmers are confident you are
big enough to accomplish that
which we desire. Your record of
service to our country and to man-
kind, linked with your plain state-
ments of fact and your honesty,
make us believe you will find a
solution of our problems. We have
faith in you, Mr. Hoover. All that
we ask is an opportunity to co-
operate with you. We are willing
and covet the chance to help de-
velop a program."

Woman Mayor Visits Washington.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Mrs.
Lucia Marion Foster Welch, Mayor
of Southampton, England, arrived
in Washington this morning from
New York for a day's sight-seeing,
to meet government officials and
to place a wreath upon the tomb
of the unknown soldier in Arling-
ton. There was much flashing of
the famous scarlet cloak and jingling
of the heavy gold chain hand-
ed down from one Mayor to an-
other as she good-naturedly posed
for photographers. A visit to the
British Embassy, then to the State
Department, preceded the other
calls. She was guest of honor at a
luncheon at the National Press
Club.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.
October 12, 1878.
Published by
The Pulitzer Publishing Company
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be content to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

The name and address of the author must accompany every contribution, but on request will not be published. Letters not exceeding 200 words will receive preference.

Municipal Opera Passes.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
In connection with the Municipal Opera's likely deficit for the 1928 season.

The Municipal Opera played to a comparatively full house at every performance.

On four Mondays, effort was made to obtain five one dollar seats. On three of these Mondays, only 50c seats were available and one Monday only 25c seats were available.

The logical conclusion then is that the reason the opera faces a deficit this season is because the good seats that produce the higher revenue, are given away with free passes and as a result the revenue derived from the cheaper seats cannot pay expenses and show a profit.

As the Municipal Opera passes as though it is a municipal proposition, please ascertain and advise, through your columns, who the holders of passes are, and the amount of revenue that is lost thereby. If a privately owned theater gives passes away, that is its business, but if the Municipal Opera Company gives away passes that is the business of every citizen. The Municipal Opera Company is now warming up to the proposition of raising the prices next year and I hope the Post-Dispatch will again represent the people by showing up this pass abuse.

TAXPAYER.

Italy's Progress.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

DEAR Mr. Welsh, Italy is not a tragic country. American capitalists have lent millions of American dollars to the Italian Government and to Italian industries, and that is nothing but evidence of confidence in the integrity and reliability of Italy. Italy has a sound government and a great leader, Mussolini. The solidity of his control has freed the country from severe labor and other economic dislocations. Now Italy has a balanced budget, a stabilized currency, no unemployment, no strikes, no orphans, no crime, no graft or corruption in public offices. With its great modernized industries, with its commerce and manufactures growing by leaps and bounds, and with its sound financial policy, Italy is very near complete economic rehabilitation.

HARRY M. MARSELLI.

Mrs. Willebrandt's Furious Activity.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

W HETHER the versatile Gov. Alfred Smith is elected President remains to be seen, but his prospects seem sufficiently bright to have thrown Attorney-General Mark Walker Willebrandt into a panic. No doubt the lady has rosy visions of herself as the first woman Attorney General of the United States, or at least retaining her present position, neither of which would materialize with Gov. Smith elected.

The furious onslaught private citizens of New York in futile efforts to capture alleged Volstead violators hardly exhibits the judgment necessary for a successful Attorney-General, and the whole disgusting business would be ludicrous and unworthy of a normal adult, did it not excite contempt for all such mischievous persons.

DISGUSTED.

Why Should Girls Starve?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

O. O. McIntyre recently touched on the craze to keep thin. "A noted psychologist," he pointed out, "says the only object of this starvation is the hope of being attractive and catching a husband." If a husband is as hard to catch as all that, is it marvelous how nearly 50 girls out of 100 do catch them. Some women even manage to catch three or four, not to mention Peggy Joyce.

Why any girl should starve to catch a husband, when marriage is such a simple and normal thing, maybe this psychologist can explain. Of course, New York may be different. Personally, I don't know any girls between 17 and 24 who are starved. Or any other age either. We eat pretty regularly. Ask the guys who take us out.

M. B.

For Municipally Owned Public Utilities.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

WINNIPEG, Canada, has forged ahead with all her municipal undertakings in a most commendable way to take over its street car system. At the present time, practically all its public utilities are municipally operated.

Here in St. Louis I know of no general organization for the promotion of municipal ownership. Municipally owned institutions in St. Louis are operated at less cost, and they do not have to pay dividends. The earnings in excess of cost of operation and maintenance, if there be any, would be held as public funds, having the ultimate effect of lowering the tax rates.

I, for one, am for municipally owned public utilities.

WILLIAM POWERS.

Governor Smith's Acceptance

In accepting the Democratic nomination for President Gov. Smith has sustained his reputation as a constructive statesman and demonstrated again that he is one of the bravest and most outspoken men in the history of American politics.

The whole tone and method of the speech is new. Instead of the old familiar vote-catching oration, we have here from an intensely practical mind a compact and lucid analysis of public questions. It is fortified with an impressive volume of exact information, and followed by a series of succinct and definite proposals. Reading it, we can understand why Elihu Root declared that Gov. Smith knew more about the science of government than most of his contemporaries combined. The speech is a sufficient answer to those who have questioned the Governor's knowledge of national affairs.

He met the entire expectation of the Post-Dispatch and all those who believe that prohibition has proved a moral and political disaster by coming out squarely for alteration of the eighteenth amendment and leaving prohibition optional with the states. If they want to be dry, the Governor would give them federal co-operation to make themselves dry; but he would not permit them to force their belief upon the states which do not want to be dry. For states which do not want prohibition he proposes that they sell liquor themselves, as the provinces of Canada do. He also advocates modification of the Volstead law to permit each of the states to determine the alcoholic content of liquor sold within its borders, subject to a scientific definition of intoxicating liquor. Of this we are less hopeful. However, he is deserving of the highest praise for his courage and frankness in taking the great step he has taken to clarify an issue that would else fall into confusion and drag us with it. The issue between the two parties is now fully joined. Mr. Hoover, too big to dissemble upon so important a question, believes in preserving the eighteenth amendment as it is and finding a remedy for the evils that have sprung up under it. Gov. Smith would entirely alter it. He would restore prohibition to its former status under state option, with the added benefit of Federal aid. Answering the charge that recession from the eighteenth amendment would bring back the saloon, he says: "I will never advocate nor approve any law which directly or indirectly permits the return of the saloon."

For the present plan, which has reduced the states to an impotence entirely unforeseen by the founders of the republic, he would substitute a plan which would restore to them their full sovereignty. As between them the Post-Dispatch favors the Smith plan. It foresees that to let the states which reject prohibition sell their own liquor invites difficulties, but they are not serious. It is possible that given option in the matter some of them may prefer leaving it to private business. What is truly serious is that in the clutches of the war psychosis we attempted something which proved impracticable, overwhelmed us with crime, made of the people hypocrites, demoralized the young, violated the guarantees of the Bill of Rights and so confused politics that no other issue, however important, can enjoy unimpaired consideration. We must find a way out of this deplorable condition, and Gov. Smith suggests one. It is to return to the rights and sovereignty of the states. The more power to him.

Mr. Hoover's utterances on farm relief were generally criticized as being so vague that only a mind reader could discern his real intentions. To some extent Gov. Smith's statement is open to the same criticism. However, there is a fundamental difference between the positions of the two candidates on this subject—a difference which the farmers may regard as vital.

Virtually every expert who has studied the farm problem has come unerringly to the conclusion that the farmers' plight is due to the absence of any adequate machinery for controlling the surplus crops, which results in the farmer selling his products in an unprotected market, while buying his necessities in a protected market. They have agreed that the solution of the problem lies in establishing such control. All the important farm bills offered in Congress in recent years have aimed at that object; they differed only in the methods proposed to achieve it. Mr. Hoover, in his acceptance speech, acknowledged the desirability of protecting the farmer from seasonal gluts and surpluses, and vaguely proposed to do it through "stabilization corporations." However, he attributed the condition of agriculture to a wide variety of causes, and took his stand squarely on the assertion that "an adequate tariff is the foundation of farm relief." Moreover, he pledged himself to continue the tariff policies of Harding and Coolidge—the very policies which have done so much to reduce agriculture to beggary.

Gov. Smith went immediately to the heart of the matter by saying: "The tariff is ineffective on commodities of which there is an exportable surplus, without controlled sale of that surplus." That has been the contention of the farm leaders from the first, and in recognizing the truth of that principle Gov. Smith has taken the decisive step toward a solution. It is true that he does not propose a method for establishing such control. Indeed, he admits that he is not certain which method should be adopted. He promises, if elected, immediately to call a conference of farm experts, economists and leaders of finance and business, and with them to work out during the coming winter a detailed plan to be submitted to Congress as soon as it convenes. This is the procedure which he has followed as Governor of New York. It was the procedure followed by La Follette in Wisconsin. The result in both states was a succession of statutes which remain as models of legislation.

It comes down, therefore, to this: That neither of the candidates has a definite program of farm relief legislation. Smith goes farther than Hoover by flatly accepting the conclusion already reached by the experts, that relief must come through control of the surplus; and his proposal for devising and submitting a plan is a more definite promise of immediate action than is offered by his Republican opponent.

Nowhere does Gov. Smith's political philosophy find loftier expression than in his discussion of our foreign policy. He believes our Government's attitude toward foreign nations should spring from the people. This is a welcome return to democratic principles. Last year we heard a President of the United States utter the imperial dictum that the newspapers of the country should support his foreign policy whether they believed it right or wrong. This assumes that the people are the subjects of the Government. That

was the theory under which imperial diplomacy led mankind into its most disastrous war. It is the theory under which our Government recently has been led into a number of obnoxious enterprises.

Gov. Smith is keenly aware of the danger of such a course. He recognizes that, regardless of diplomatic phrases, what we are waging against the Nicaraguan Liberals is war; that it is being waged by the orders of President Coolidge and Secretary Kellogg in defiance of the Constitution, which provides that only Congress can declare war, and that it has cost hundreds of lives and millions of dollars, and earned us the bitter hatred of all Latin-Americans.

The Monroe Doctrine was intended to prevent European dynasties from extending their empires to the Western Hemisphere. It was not, Gov. Smith points out, intended to be used as "a pretext for intervening in the purely local concerns of countries." Yet that is precisely how it has been used in recent years, with the result that we have seen the Marines engaged in Haiti, Santo Domingo and Nicaragua, and have found ourselves conducting the elections and collecting the revenues of foreign countries—and frequently forwarding a good part of those revenues to certain New York banks.

Gov. Smith reminds us that such conduct on the part of our Government serves other Governments as an excuse for their own imperialistic schemes. What right have we, whose bayonets are red with Haitian and Nicaraguan blood, to reproach Japan for her designs on Manchuria; or France for her barbarous conquest of Syria and the Rif; or Britain for her treatment of Egypt? Our Government, instead of encouraging and supporting independent self-government throughout the world, as its founders intended, has been furnishing precedents for the destruction of liberty everywhere. Gov. Smith is ashamed of it, as most of us are. He promises to end it the moment he has the power.

Naturally, he rejects Mr. Coolidge's assumption that "a citizen and his property constitute a part of the national domain, even when abroad." How Mr. Coolidge fell into that error has never been explained. Any international lawyer could have saved him from it. To say that Charlie Butters and his gold mine are entitled to the same status in Nicaragua that Ambassador Houghton and the American embassy enjoy in London is not merely absurd; it is comical. We are not surprised to learn that Gov. Smith knows better. Mr. Hoover does, too, despite his lavish praise for the Coolidge policies.

Gov. Smith is for the outlawry of war. He does not believe it can be accomplished by creating greater and still greater armaments, nor is he greatly impressed by such idle gestures as Secretary Kellogg is now parading in Paris. He believes it must be accomplished through removal of the causes of war, an important one of which is competition in armaments. The Washington conference resulted in a limit on battleship construction, but left the way open for unlimited competition in land armaments, aircraft, submarines, destroyers and poison gas—in other words, in all the more modern and horrible instruments of war. We have seen the result. London had a graphic demonstration of it the other day. Gov. Smith pledges himself to "a real endeavor to make the outlawry of war effective"—by removing its causes, and substituting the peaceful methods of conference, arbitration and judicial determination.

On the subject of water power Gov. Smith speaks with feeling and force. He speaks from personal knowledge and official experience. He has fought the power grabbers in his own State with an intelligence and purpose that have commanded the support of the people of New York and evoked the admiration of the entire country.

In this connection he pointedly directs attention to the vicious practices of the power industry as revealed by the investigation of the public utilities by the Federal Trade Commission. Those revelations, as reported in searching detail by the Post-Dispatch, have shocked the public conscience. They fully justify Mr. Smith's scathing words:

No more dishonest or unpatriotic propaganda has ever been seen in this country than that disclosed by the investigation into the methods of certain utility corporations. Private corporations to gain control of public resources have procured the writing of textbooks for the public schools; have subsidized lecturers pretending to give to the country their own honest and unbiased advice; have employed as their agents former public officials and have endeavored to mislead public opinion by the retention of the services of leaders of the community in various parts of the country. Highly paid lobbyists have penetrated every State and into the legislative halls of the nation itself.

Thus he sums up succinctly and correctly the case against the utility corporations as written in the evidence and rehearses the devious arts by which utility magnates, of whom Insull is at once the archetype and symbol, are seeking to entrench themselves in their extortionate privileges and plotting further to tighten their grip on the consumer's purse by possessing themselves of that great national heritage—water power.

When Mr. Smith says that "these sources of water power must remain forever under public ownership and control" he voices the hope of the American people and he bespeaks with the solemnity of the prophet the well being of posterity.

Specific instances are dealt with clearly and unequivocally. Muscle Shoals, for example. Here is a property in which \$160,000,000 of the people's money has been invested and which for ten years has been practically a total loss because the administration at Washington has been immovably hostile to the principle of public ownership of natural resources. There is no other way to account for Mr. Coolidge's pocket veto of the Norris plan for the operation of Muscle Shoals, a plan perfected by the Senator from Nebraska by years of labor and to which the approval of an antagonistic Congress was won by a rare demonstration of truly constructive statesmanship. The undoing of Mr. Norris' public service is chargeable directly to President Coolidge, and Muscle Shoals will continue to be a monument of costly idleness or will eventually be sold for a pittance to a private interest unless we have an administration at Washington committed to the fundamentals laid down by Gov. Smith.

Another example of the Democratic candidate's comprehensive grasp of this momentous subject is his recommendation as to Colorado River, for which he would set up an "Authority," patterned after the practice successfully employed in New York; a board of control, so to speak, in which all the states would be represented through which the river flows. "It is to me unthinkable," asserts Mr. Smith, "that

the Government of the United States or any state thereof will permit either direct or indirect alienation of water power sites." It is also unthinkable to the Post-Dispatch.

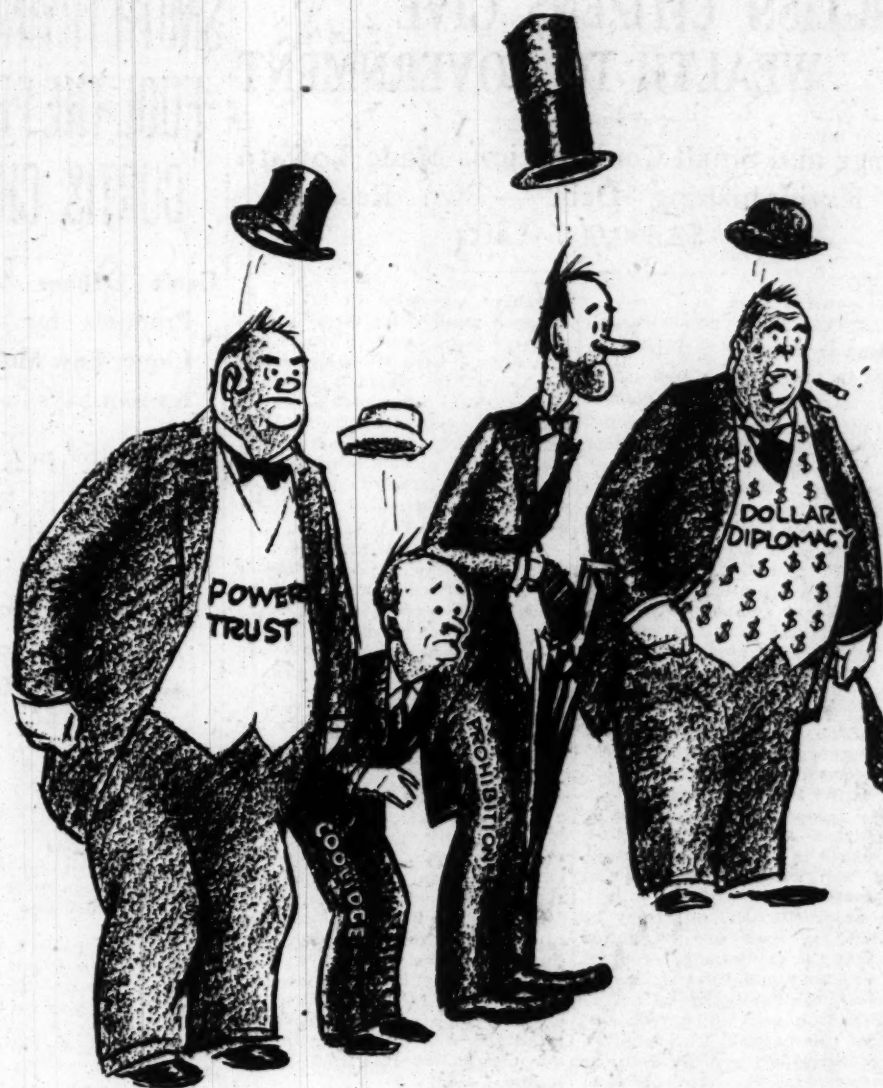
In both speeches there is much to interest every man. Mr. Hoover devoted a large section of his address to a description of the high state of prosperity which obtains in this country. He pointed to the decreasing hours of labor, rising purchasing power of wages, the increase in savings and in life insurance, our enormous contributions to charity, our increasing number of mechanical toys like the radio and automobile. He even went so far as to say that "the poorhouse is vanishing from among us." Gov. Smith is not so optimistic. He gives the other side of the picture: unemployment, huge tax levies, concentration of great profits in the hands of the few, collapse of specific industries and so on. Hoover promises to continue a prosperity which he claims already exists, while Smith pledges his efforts to bring about true prosperity in place of what he terms "false prosperity."

On some important points the candidates are in substantial agreement. Smith, the Governor of New York, who has simplified the business of that State, is interested in simplifying the business of the national government. He would reorganize and consolidate numerous boards and bureaus, at Washington and put them on a solid business basis. Hoover, the engineer and efficiency expert, promises to do exactly the same thing. Smith and Hoover are also alike in their interest in the development of waterways and in Mississippi flood control.

The traditional gulf between the two parties on the tariff question is narrowed by Smith. He advocates neither free trade nor "a tariff for revenue only." "The Democratic party," says Smith, "does not and under my leadership will not advocate any sudden or drastic revolution in our economic system which would cause business upheaval and popular distress." Smith believes, and his opinion is shared by the greatest economists of this country, that the tariff should be taken out of politics and treated on a purely scientific basis.

Mr. Hoover stands for "the curtailment of excessive use of the injunction in labor disputes." Smith goes farther than that. He quotes Chief Justice Taft as saying that government of the relations between capital and labor by injunction is an absurdity. He quotes also Justices Holmes and Brandeis in an opinion that restrains on labor by Federal injunction are a reminder of involuntary servitude. He promises co-operation, to the end that a definite remedy by law be brought forth to end this and kindred evils, to preserve the constitutional guarantees of liberty, free assemblage and speech, and the rights of peaceful persuasion.

A fundamental distinction must be made between the speeches of Mr. Hoover and Gov. Smith. It is the old clash, with certain modifications, between two philosophies of government—the Hamiltonian against the Jeffersonian. Hoover conceives of government as a benevolent paternalism; he would get us up in the morning, put us to bed at night; tell us what to eat, what to wear and what to think. "In many aspects,"



"WHO, ME?"

JUST A MINUTE

(Copyright, 1928)

BALLADE.

This is the gist of all they write,
This is the sum of all they say,
This is the reason prophets cite,
This is the message they convey:
This is the lore the signs display,
This is the substance, this, the pit,
This is the cause of all the fray,
Some say it's Hoover, others, Smith.

This is the reason for the fight,
This is what makes our hair turn gray,
This is the end that they invite
Here is the cause of varied woe,
Why some will leave their kin and kin,
This is what causes wild dismay,
Some say it's Hoover, others, Smith.

This is what causes some delight,
This is the reason some will pray,
This is the cause of sudden fright,
This is why bolters all betray,
This is the reason speakers flay,
This is the end of truth and myth,
This will explain why voters stray,
Some say it's Hoover, others, Smith.

L'ENVOI.

At least until election day
These two are names to conjure with;
Here is the cause of this array,
Some say it's Hoover, others, Smith.

"There is some soul of goodness in things evil," and so long as the nation stays in Nicaragua we do not suppose any of the presidential candidates has to say very much about upholding the principles of the Nicaraguan Constitution.

The discouraging feature of the whole matter is that some people who are used to their utterly irrelevant opinion on the political situation would voice the opinion even if they were not asked.

There are times when we have a vague desire to know what the outcome of the matter is when the answer to "Heartbeats" letter is: "Your parents are right."

"Statistical Note."
Matter is more important than form in literature, golf and political campaigns.
J. D. H.

does, against refusing to let the Government operate the great hydro-electric plant at Muscle Shoals, when no private offer worthy of consideration has ever been made for it. He believes, as it does, that the Government should be honest, efficient and economical. He thinks, as the Post-Dispatch does, that we should hold up the hands of Mexico as a sister republic, instead of seeking always to exploit her. He has no patience with the mock democracy of the Coolidge administration, which has delivered the Government into the hands of privilege, nor has the Post-Dispatch ever had any. He feels, as it does, that government should be in the interest of the whole people, and he promises if elected that this is what he will make it. We agree with him that the state should regulate their own morals, and that to deny them the right to do so is to violate the solemn pledges upon which the Union was formed. We like his frank and convincing reference to the sacredness of his oath of office. That he would, as he promises, ignore religion in appointments in office, we have the assurance of his four-time record as Governor of New York.

Public Ownership Party Meeting.
The Public Ownership Party of Missouri will meet at the Carondelet branch library tomorrow night at 7:30 o'clock.

Of Making M

JOHN G. NEIL

Homeric Childhood

THE TROJAN BOY. By Helen Coale Crew. (Century.)

I must have been noted many, especially in our day of progressive feminization of culture and the consequent glorification of childhood, that the ancient Homeric world, as it has come down to us in story, is a curious world in which adult values and the virtues of the virile male were necessarily dominant, else the very race would have perished without a story. It is only when the ways of the world have been made relatively through complex social organization that women manage to emerge as a class and children figure largely in the doings of a people.

In the whole epic of Ilium there is but one child, Astyanax, and he is the infant son of Hector, slain in the city's sacking. Obviously, even the princely baby is brought into the story merely to stress the completeness of the doom, and it is not Astyanax we pity, but Andromache, the mother.

Helen Coale Crew is one of those who have noted this striking lack of children in the glorious and mournful story that for 3000 years has been one of the few great tales of the changing world. Having noted the lack, realizing that there were, of course, plenty of there youngsters to play beneath those "topless towers" and that they could have differed in no essential from the children of our time, she has hit upon the idea of creating a Trojan boyhood. Having noted the lack, realizing that there were, of course, plenty of there youngsters to play beneath those "topless towers" and that they could have differed in no essential from the children of our time, she has hit upon the idea of creating a Trojan boyhood.

These fateful years when the hells of the Greeks lay beached upon the shore and the tides of battle surged along the windy plain between Scamander and the Simois. Paldon is the boyish hero of the tale and, no doubt by way of making him more sympathetic to our democratic time, he is represented as the son of a widow living outside the walls and earning a meager living by washing clothes for the immortal ladies of Troy. The mother dies, and Paldon becomes a servant in the household of Hector, whom, hostile, he worships no less than Zeus. Through the eyes of Paldon the forms and faces of the mighty and the fair are seen with striking vividness. Even Helen become more than a baleful, mood-conjuring name, and she who proved to be "the hell of men, the hell of ships, the city's hell," walks the streets of Troy a dear and lovely woman.

Paldon has never known a time when war was not the great outstanding fact of life, for he was a baby when the hosts of Agamemnon first camped upon the beach, and when we first meet the lad, the 10 weary years of siege are drawing to a close. Paldon, eager to be a man, but as yet scarcely able to touch with the crown of his head the outstretched arm of a hero, whom, hostile, he worships no less than Zeus. Through the eyes of Paldon the forms and faces of the mighty and the fair are seen with striking vividness. Even Helen become more than a baleful, mood-conjuring name, and she who proved to be "the hell of men, the hell of ships, the city's hell," walks the streets of Troy a dear and lovely woman.

600 ATTEND FUNERAL

OF M. M. STEPHENS

All East St. Louis City Offices
Closed During Services for
Former Mayor.

Malvern M. Stephens, former Mayor of East St. Louis, was buried yesterday with simple services attended by more than 600 men and women, including present and past political leaders of the city, members of various organizations and personal friends.

The undertaker's chapel at 2525 State street was crowded to capacity and heaps of floral offerings from individuals, organizations and industrial firms showed the extent of his popularity.

The former Mayor was eulogized as the greatest of East St. Louis city builders by the Rev. O. L. Markman, pastor of the First Methodist Church, who reviewed Mr. Stephens' long public career, during which he served 23 years as Mayor between 1887 and 1927.

"Whatever opposition he may have faced in days gone by," the pastor declared, "Mr. Stephens is recognized by every one as the greatest of our city builders. To raise the level of the city, protect it against the river and bring a great industrial center out of a swamp, was a work impossible except for a man of supreme faith."

Mayor Frank Doyle, the City Commissioners, former Mayor Silas Cook and Fred Mollen and other city officials attended the funeral, all of municipal offices being closed. Pallbearers were Edgar Hensch, Conrad Reeb, Oscar Stank, William E. Rhedemeyer, Frank Hurling and Charles A. Jancan. Burial was in Mount Hope Cemetery.

The East St. Louis Real Estate Exchange and the East St. Louis Rotary Club adopted resolutions of respect and sympathy for the Stephens family, and the Rotary Club adjourned its weekly meeting for members to attend the funeral. Mr. Stephens, who was 51 years old, died Monday, following an operation.

Public Ownership Party Meeting.
The Public Ownership Party of Missouri will meet at the Carondelet branch library tomorrow night at 7:30 o'clock.

Of Making Many Books

JOHN G. NEIHARDT

Homeric Childhood

THE TROJAN BOY. By Helen Coale Crew. (Century.)

I must have been noted by many, especially on our day of progressive feminization of culture and the consequent glorification of childhood, that the ancient Homeric world, as it has come down to us in story, is curiously lacking in children. It was a man's world in which adult values and the virtues of the virile male were necessarily dominant, else the very world would have perished without a story. It is only when the ways of the world have been made relatively safe through complex social organization that women may emerge as a class and children figure largely in the doings of a people.

In the whole epos of Ilium there is but one child, Astyanax, and he the infant son of Hector, slain in the city's sackings. It was a man's world, but it brought into the story merely to stress the completeness of the doom, and it is not Astyanax we pity, but Andromache, the mother.

Helen Coale Crew is one of those who have noted this striking lack of children in the glorious and monumental story that for 3000 years has been one of the few great tales of the changing world. Having noted the lack, realizing that there were, of course, plenty of tiny youngsters to play beneath the "topples" of the city walls, she could have differed in no essential from the children of our time, she has hit upon the idea of creating Trojan boyhood in those fateful years when the black hells of the Greeks lay beached upon the shore and the tide of battle swirled along the windy plain between Scamander and the Simois.

Paidon is the boyish hero of the tale and, no doubt by way of making him more sympathetic to our democratic time, he is represented as the son of a widow living outside the walls of the city. He is a boy who has been brought up by washing clothes for the immortal ladies of Troy. The mother dies, and Paidon becomes a servant in the household of Hector, whom, boylike, he worships only less than Zeus. Through the eyes of Paidon the forms and faces of the mighty and the fair are seen with striking vividness. Even Helen becomes more than a beautiful, mood-conjuring name, and she who proved to be "the hell of man, the hell of ships, the city's hell," walks the streets of Troy a dear and lovely woman.

Paidon has never known a time when war was not the great outstanding fact of life, for he was a baby when the hosts of Agamemnon first camped upon the beach, and when we first meet the lad, the 16 years of his life are drawn to a close. Paidon, eager to be a man, but as yet scarcely able to touch with the crown of his head the outstretched arm of a hero, manages to steal out of the closely guarded city that fateful night, when the cowardly Dolon betrays the allies of his father, and he sees Odysseus and Diomedes thundering down the starlit

plain with the stolen horses of Rhesus. On the high walls he shares the terror of the Trojans when Achilles, mad with grief for his dead friend, Patroclus, rages among the panic-stricken warriors, and when the body of Hector is dragged in the dust about the wailing town. He is one of the few who escape the fury of the foe when Ilium's high towers are burning and the smoke-filled streets roar with the voices of the looting host.

"The Trojan Boy" is not merely another retelling of the Iliad for children. It is a new creation out of the precious Homeric stuff, to which is added something from Quintus Smyrnaeus and from Virgil. The author succeeds, as no other writer of juvenile versions of Homer has done, so far as this goes, in developing that overwhelming Homeric mood which the sympathetic adult reader should feel in the Iliad itself. This is a remarkable achievement; and it is probable that many a grownup, in reading "The Trojan Boy" aloud to wide-eyed youngsters, will feel deeply for the first time what so many men in so many generations have meant in praising Homer.

The book deserves the strongest recommendation to those who may be in search of good reading for their children.

THE BOYS' BOOK OF CAMP LIFE.

By Elton Jessup. (E. P. Dutton & Co.)

This is a book for boys who expect to camp or hike, and therefore it is a book for all boys. It is written by a man who has hiked and camped under all sorts of conditions. He gives information on every phase of camping; what to do in an emergency; the necessary equipment for hiking, overnight camping and permanent camps. Drawings by Charles Cartwright make it easier to understand the text.

ROCK GARDENS. By F. F. Rockwell. (The Macmillan Company.)

Rock gardens, heretofore considered suitable only to large estates, are now seen more frequently on smaller places. This book tells how to make one, what plants to use and where to put them. The varieties he suggests are such as can be obtained by any home owner and grow without difficulty in the American climate. This is one of the series of Home Garden Handbooks.

FUR BRIGADE. By Hal G. Everts. (Little, Brown & Co.)

Before the west of mining camps, cow towns and trail herds was the west of the trappers and hunters. There was a traditional period of the fur trade in the West, 1815 to 1835, which has not figured much in fiction. Hal G. Everts has chosen this period for his story of the trappers of the early West. The leading characters are fictional, but historic figures of the period are brought in incidentally. It is very different from the "Western" stories that pour from the presses. Very different and very much better.

CHORUS REHEARSING FOR PASSION PLAY

Six Hundred Men and Women to Assist 60 German Players in Production.

Nightly try-outs for the chorus of 600 male and female voices needed for the Freiburg Passion Play, scheduled for the Municipal Theater Sept. 1-9, are being held at the Musicians' Club, 3535 Pine street, by Harold Loring, choir-master associated with the 60 German players who enact the religious pageant.

The singing that accompanies the play, produced in Freiburg, Baden, Germany, every 10 years, will be in English. The speaking parts, played by the actors from childhood, are in German. The Passion Play had its American premiere on Sunday night in St. Joseph, Mo. It will play there a week, after which the players come to St. Louis for rehearsals on the Municipal theater stage in Forest Park.

To Make Two Year Tour.

The 60 Freiburgers arrived in America on board the Deutschland, Aug. 12 for a two year tour of this country. After leaving St. Louis, the play will be given at Detroit, Buffalo, Newark, N. J., Washington, D. C., and elsewhere, according to H. P. Hill, the company's advance agent.

The play follows the traditional folk drama of the passion, beginning with the manhood of Jesus. The last supper and Golgotha scenes are elaborately staged. Adolph Fassnacht plays the role of Jesus and George Fassnacht, his brother, enacts Judas. These roles and others in the play have been passed on from family to family for centuries.

Play First Presented in 1264.

The Freiburg Passion Play is virtually identical with that of the Oberammergau presentation, although the Freiburgers claim to have given their pageant first in 1264, almost 400 years before the inception of the play at Oberammergau, Freiburg, in Baden, is about 50 miles from Oberammergau, which lies in Bavaria.

The characters in the play include the Virgin Mary, Mary Magdalen, the 12 Apostles, Pontius Pilate, the High Priest Caiaphas, Joseph of Arimathea, Nicodemus, Barrabas, King Herod, Salome, Nero, and hundreds will be in the ensemble scenes as priests, Pharisees, handiers, Roman and Jewish soldiers and the mob of Jerusalem.

An English translation of the German text of the play has been prepared and will be available to the spectators enabling them to follow the drama word for word. Prices will be the same as charged for the Municipal Opera. The play takes about three hours.

MRS. ELIZABETH SHEBLE DIES

Was Born at Main and Plum 83 Years Ago.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Sheble, 83 years old, of 5084 Cabanne avenue, widow of Capt. Edwin A. Sheble, founder of the Anchor Line and the Alton & St. Louis Packet Co., who died yesterday of the infirmities of age, will be held at 3:30 a. m. tomorrow from St. Mark's Catholic Church, Academy avenue and Page boulevard, with burial in Calvary cemetery.

Mrs. Sheble was born at Main and Plum streets in 1846. On her mother's side she was descended from the French pioneer family of LaBerge, and her father, Charles Kick, was an early river man and one-time Chief of Police. Her husband died in 1904.

Opera Singers Wed.

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Announcement was made today that Dorothy Stephens, mezzo soprano, and John Gilbert, tenor, were married last week in New York City in the little church around the corner. Seven years ago they met when studying music in Florence. The bride is the daughter of Dr. Daniel R. D. Stephens, a London and New York surgeon. Gilbert is a World War veteran.

New York Day by Day

By O. O. McIntyre

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.

It has become a stunt this summer for members of what is known as cafe society to exploit ladies and gentlemen whose fame smacks a trifle of the notorious. They become guests of honor at the spreading restaurant tables.

One was a curly haired cabaret performer who shook the sawdust from his feet to be glorified in a musical comedy. Then there was a college bred Indian, the obscure author of a dirty book, a shaggy haired foreigner who told ribald stories and several others.

Jovial Mae West, who portrays a hard-boiled Bowery gal of 39 years ago, is also the object of much attention, being invited to teas, apartment parties and cafes, one of the high spots was to visit her dressing room after a performance and listen to her picturesque observations.

Among Miss West's experiences while struggling for recognition as a playwright and star was a brief "stretch on the island" because of the realism in her play, "Sex." She is said to have a hilarious as well as sarcastic style in recounting this episode.

The object of cafe society is to be noticed and there seems to be no better way than to drag in someone by the heels who has achieved big theatrical headlines. The story of one freakish dinner and its result is being told about the town. A hostess was arranging with the proprietor of a cafe for a dinner party and dropped a few names of those who would be among the guests. The manner of the proprietor abruptly froze. "I am sorry," he said. "I cannot serve you. This is a restaurant—not a freak show."

It is in night clubs the chasers of near celebrities find dandy settings for their efforts to show off. Here the atmosphere is mellow and those who look upon sandos as perfectly dandy do so only for the evening.

GEORGE B. HARVEY BURIED

Senator Moses Speaks in Eulogy of Him at Service.

By the Associated Press.

PEACHAM, Vt., Aug. 23.—The body of Peacham's most distinguished son, Col. George B. Harvey, internationally known publicist and former Ambassador to Great Britain, was laid in the family plot in the town of his birth today after a brief service attended by many of his friends and associates.

The Rev. W. A. Warner, pastor of the Congregational Church here, conducted the service, assisted by the Rev. Fletcher Parker of Hartford, Conn., a nephew of Mrs. Harvey. Senator George H. Moses of New Hampshire, intimate friend of Col. Harvey, spoke in eulogy of the man to whom he had looked for counsel in the coming presidential campaign.

THIRD AVENUE has a curiosity shop specializing in war medals. Heroes who have fallen on evil days go there to pawn the symbol of their courage in better days. They receive about \$2 for their cross and few ever return to reclaim them. This furnishes a theme for something or other. I don't know just what.

PEOPLE living in the neighborhood of John D. Rockefeller Jr. in West Fifty-fourth street, are said to set clocks by his methodical goings and comings. He departs in the morning almost invariably at the same hour and returns with the same precision. No mid-town home has the regularity of the Rockefeller household. The lights are dimmed at the same hour—about 10:30. Young Mr. Rockefeller—he is really 54—has a passion for household economy. Any extravagance by servants is tabooed. For years he never tipped, but now he gives the exact but customary 10 per cent. He is a pleasant neighbor, having a bow for servants in nearby households and frequently stops to chat with the street cleaner in the block.

THE Rockefeller home while ample is not movie-starchish. It is of stone and has a gymnasium on the roof. After nightfall it is not distinguished from any other house on the block save for a man in plain clothes who walks up and down in front of the house. He is the private night watch.

NEW YORK now has 30 plants turning out airplanes and accessories in the metropolitan area. There are reported to be 700 privately owned planes in the city.

OVERHEARD near Forty-seventh and Broadway:

"How did the act go?"

"If it hadn't been for the curtain going up and down, you'd never know we were on."

Life is a good deal like that for many of us.

(Copyright, 1928.)

VISITING IN COLORADO



—Kandler Photo.
MRS. GALE F. JOHNSTON.

MRS. JOHNSTON of 6950 Kingsbury boulevard, will return Sept. 15 from a summer visit in Manitou, Colo.

The wedding of Miss Virginia Catherine Sankey daughter of Mrs. Anna McClain Sankey of 4525 Westminister place, and Charles Marion Morris, will take place at Midland Valley Country Club, Sept. 6, at 11 a. m. Miss Sankey will be attended by Miss Virginia Louise Smith as maid of honor and Miss Virginia Black, Miss Elizabeth Schall as bridesmaids. Miss Gladys Stamm will play the wedding march and the incidental music before the ceremony.

Mr. Morris will be attended by Warren F. Drescher Jr. as best man and E. A. Richardson, Curtis Singleton, William Matrone, Max Livingston, Jack McTeer of Louisville and Ted Druding of Chicago as groomsmen. William Murchell of Bloomington, Ind., will act as ring bearer.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast will be served at the club.

Miss Sankey and Mr. Morris, who have been complimented with a number of parties, will be guests of honor this evening at a bridge which Mr. Livingston will give at his home, 5625 Pershing avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston J. Bradshaw of Hotel Coronado, who are at Montauk Manor, Montauk, L. I., will return home September 1.

Mrs. Dorothy Cleworth Dies.

Mrs. Dorothy Merker Cleworth, 27 years old, daughter of Charles F. Merker, owner of a chain of East St. Louis drug stores and a director of the First National Bank of East St. Louis, died yesterday at her home in Chicago.

Congressman Dies on Yacht.

By the Associated Press.

NORTH HAVEN, Me., Aug. 23.—Louis A. Frothingham, Congressman from Massachusetts and former Lieutenant-Governor of that State, died in his sleep early today while aboard his yacht "Winsome" in the harbor here. He was 57 years old. He appeared in perfect health yesterday, friends said. The Frothingham party had been cruising in Maine waters and were on their way home.

SOCIAL ITEMS

M. R. AND MRS. ROBERT COIT DAY of 5117 Westminister place, who are passing the summer at H. S. Bar ranch in Wyoming, will return to St. Louis the middle of September.

Miss Claudia L. Matthews who has been visiting Mrs. Vilray P. Blair of 5 Kingsbury place at her summer home at Fish Creek, Wis., will arrive today to join her mother, Mrs. Skinner Matthews, who has taken a suite at the Kingsway Hotel. Dr. Blair joined his family at Fish Creek Monday for a stay of several weeks.

Miss Julia Kilpstein, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Kilpstein of 22 Brentwood, who is spending the summer abroad, is now at Tegernsee, Bavaria. She will sail on the steamer Montroyal from Hamburg and will arrive in Quebec on September 10, returning to St. Louis about September 16.

Mr. and Mrs. Gale F. Johnston of 6950 Kingsbury boulevard, and their young son, who have been in Manitou, Colo., since the latter part of July will return home about September 15.

Mrs. John R. Caulk and Mrs. Benjamin H. Charles of St. Louis, who are spending the summer at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., were guests at a luncheon Sunday at Baltimore Forest Club, given by Mrs. Oscar Williams of Short Hills, N. J., who also is summering at Grove Park. The luncheon was given in honor of Mr. and Mrs.

Floyd W. Jefferson of New York, fourteen guests were present.

Visitors from St. Louis will be entertained Saturday at an all-States lawn party to be given at Grove Park by the Asheville Woman's Club. Tea will be served on the east veranda, and a program of dances will be presented on the lawn.

Dr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Lark more of 3720 Washington boulevard, sailed this week for a trip to Europe. They expect to be away about two months.

Mrs. Herman W. Faber of 3158 Allen avenue, accompanied by Mrs. Edwin H. Baare of 3153 Allen avenue, are in Chicago, where they motored this week to meet Mrs. Faber's daughter, Mary Anne, who has been attending a camp near Ludington, Mich. They will all return home the latter part of September.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Peterson of 4515 Lindell boulevard, have as their guest Clifton Warren Brown of Santa Monica, Cal., whose engagement to their daughter, Marie, was announced recently. Miss Peterson and Mr. Brown were guests Sunday at a party given by Mr. and Mrs. Roy Farr of Webster Groves. Saturday evening Miss Elizabeth Dooley and Jesse Stevens gave a dinner dance for Miss Peterson and her fiancé at the Webster Country Club. The date for the wedding has not been announced, but the ceremony will take place the latter part of September.

Substantial Discounts through August

See Pokorny's Exposition of Fine Furniture Before You Buy

Living Room Dining Room Bed Room Occasional Places ~ Lamps ~

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St. Louis, Mo.

Make Hot Days Cool

TRY slipping into an Angelica Hoover House Dress these hot days, when keeping comfortable presents such a problem. Slips on in a jiffy—just like a coat—and the wide overlap positively prevents front opening when wearer is in a seated or bending position. You're really never known real House Dress comfort until you have tried an Angelica Hoover. See these Dresses at Angelica's Retail Department, or ask for catalog.

BUY AT THE FACTORY
ANGELICA'S REAIL DEPT.
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The East St. Louis Real Estate Exchange and the East St. Louis Rotary Club adopted resolutions of respect and sympathy for the Stephens family, and the Rotary Club adjourned its weekly meeting for members to attend the funeral. Mr. Stephens, who was 81 years old, died Monday, following an operation.

Public Ownership Party Meeting.

The Public Ownership Party of Missouri will meet at the Carondelet branch library tomorrow night at 7:30 o'clock.

LEONA KRUSE INDISPOSED, MISS DE METTE SINGS 'AIDA'

Alma Peterson of Chicago Opera Co. to Have Role With Municipal Company for Remainder of Week.

Due to the sudden illness of Miss Leona Kruse of the Chicago Opera Co., who had sung the title role in the opera "Aida," Monday and Tuesday nights with the Municipal Opera in Forest Park, Stella de Mette was hurriedly substituted in the part at last night's performance. Miss de Mette, an opera singer of note whose home is in St. Louis, was in the city on a vacation and she went on in the opera at little more than a few hours' notice. Although a contralto—Aida is a soprano part—Miss de Mette gave an excellent performance and the large audience was well pleased.

Alma Peterson of the Chicago Opera Company, who has sung the part many times, arrived here today and will be heard in the role for the remainder of the week.

\$15.50 TOLEDO
\$17.00 DETROIT

AND RETURN
AUGUST 24 AND 25
NICKEL PLATE ROAD

RETURN LIMIT 15 DAYS
Sleeping Cars, Coaches and Reclining Chair Cars. (Seats Free). Dining Car Service.
City Ticket Office, 318 North Broadway, Also Union Station
Call Chestnut 7366
NICKEL PLATE ROAD

LABOR DAY EXCURSION SATURDAY, SEPT. 1st

JACKSON, TENN. \$ 5.00 MILAN, TENN. \$ 5.00
WICKLIFFE, KY. 5.00 RIVES, TENN. 5.00
FULTON, KY. 5.00 CORINTH, MISS. 8.00
MARTIN, TENN. 5.00 MERIDIAN, MISS. 12.00

AND OTHER KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE POINTS
Tickets limited to return arriving St. Louis and East St. Louis not later than midnight Sept. 5th.
Chair cars and coaches only. No baggage checked. Half fare for Children.
Ticket Offices: 324 N. Broadway; Union Station and Relay Depot East St. Louis.

Illinois Central

STOP just inside the door and see the beautiful, new CREST gilt-edge Playing Cards. Six different colors.....59c



GARLAND'S

These Latest

COATS

In the August Sale Have Wonderful Fur Trims

\$5.8

SPURRED on to great endeavor by the success of the August Sale, our Coat buyer has secured these superb creations from several of our best houses. The elaborateness and the elegance of the furs with which they are adorned is rivaled only by the richness of the woollens from which the Coats are fashioned.

Whatever your type, whatever your color and your fur preference, you are almost certain of finding your Coat in this magnificent collection, which is presented as a feature the closing days of our greatest August Sale.

Exclusive, Individualized Coats at \$88

Petites... Misses'... Women's... Extra Sizes

Coat Salon—Third Floor.

THOMAS W. GARLAND, INC.—SIXTH STREET, BETWEEN LOCUST AND ST. CHARLES

Select Coats in August

Pay in November

Fur or Cloth Coats purchased now will be stored free until the wearing season.

Coats charged now will be payable in November. A deposit will hold any Coat, or a small sum will start an "IBF" account, payable monthly.

Last Call!

Final Reductions on Lightweight Coats.....

Formerly to \$59.50

\$25

Formerly to \$79.50

\$35

We need the room! Every lightweight and all-season Coat must go! In these two groups we offer broadcloth, casha, sport mixtures and other light wools... some with fur trims... at a fraction of their cost. Misses', women's and extra sizes.

Coat Salon—Third Floor.

TEXT OF C. W. SMITH'S SPEECH ACCEPTING PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION

Text of Gov. S. Speech

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 23.
FOLLOWING is the text of the address of Gov. Alfred E. Smith accepting the Democratic Presidential nomination:

Upon the steps of this Capitol where 25 years ago I first came into the service of the State, I receive my party's summons to lead it in the nation. Within this building, I learned the principles, the purposes and the functions of government and to know that the greatest privilege that can come to any man is to give himself to a nation which has reared him and raised him from obscurity to be a contender for the highest office in the gift of its people.

Here I confirmed my faith in the principles of the Democratic party so eloquently defined by Woodrow Wilson. "First, the people as the source and their interests and desires as the text of laws and institutions. Second, individual liberty as the objective of all law." With a gratitude too strong for words, I thank the humble reliance on the aid of Divine Providence, I accept your summons to the wider field of action.

The Theory of Progressive Government.

Government should be constructive, not destructive; progressive, not reactionary. I am entirely unwilling to accept the old order of things as the best unless and until I become convinced that it cannot be made better.

It is our new world theory that government exists for the people and against the people. The theory that the people exist for the government. A sharp line separates those who believe that an elect class should be the special object of the government's concern and those who believe that the government is the agent and servant of the people who create it. Dominant in the Republican party today is the element which proclaims and executes the political theories against which the party liberals like Roosevelt and La Follette and their party associates have rebelled. This reactionary element seeks to vindicate the theory of benevolent oligarchy. It assumes that a material prosperity, the very existence of which is challenged, is an excuse for political inequity. It makes the concern of the government, not people, but material things.

Reaction to Progressivism.

I have fought this spirit in my own State. I have had to fight it and to beat it, in order to place upon the progressive, humane laws for whose enactment I assumed responsibility in my legislative and executive career. I shall know how to fight it in the nation.

It is a fallacy that there is inconsistency between the rights of the people, including the poor and the weak, and a just regard for the rights of legitimate business, great or small. Therefore, while I emphasize my belief that legitimate business promotes the national welfare, let me warn the forces of corruption and favoritism, that Democratic victory means that they will be relegated to the rear and the front seats will be occupied by the friends of equal opportunity.

Taking the issues to the people. Likewise, government policy should spring from the deliberate action of an informed electorate. Of all men, I have reason to believe that the people can and do grasp the problems of the government. Against the opposition of the self-seeker and the partisan, again and again, I have seen legislation won by the pressure of popular demand, exerted after the people had had an honest, frank and complete explanation of the issues. The issuance of millions of dollars of bonds for public projects, the complete reconstruction of the machinery of the State government, the institution of an executive budget, these are but a few of the complicated questions which I, myself, have taken to the electorate. Every citizen has thus learned the nature of the business in hand and appreciated that the State's business is his business.

Reviving National Ideals.

That direct contact with the people I propose to continue in this campaign and, if I am elected, in the conduct of the nation's affairs. I shall thereby strive to make the nation's policy the true reflection of the nation's ideals. Because I believe in the idealism of the party of Jefferson, Cleveland and Wilson, my administration will be rooted in liberty under the law; liberty that means freedom to the individual to follow his own will so long as he does not harm his neighbor; the same high moral purpose in our conduct as a nation that actuates the conduct of the God-fearing man and woman; that equality of opportunity which lays the foundation for wholesome family life and opens up the outlook for the betterment of the lives of our children.

Party Responsibility.

In the rugged honesty of Grover Cleveland there originated one of our party's greatest principles: "Public office is a public trust." That principle now takes on new meaning. Political parties are the vehicle for carrying out the popular will. We place responsibility upon the party. The Republican party today is responsible for the widespread dishonesty that has

honey-combed its administration.

During the last presidential campaign the Republican managers were partially successful in leading the American people to believe that these sins should be charged against the individual rather than against the party. The question of personal guilt has been thoroughly disposed of and in its place, challenging the wisdom and sound judgment of the American people, is the unquestioned evidence of party guilt.

The Democratic party asks the electorate to withdraw their confidence from the Republican party and repose it with the Democratic party pledged to continue those standards of unblemished integrity which characterized every act of the administration of Woodrow Wilson.

A Constructive Campaign.

But I would not rest my claim for the confidence of the American people alone upon the misdeeds of the opposite party. Ours must be a constructive campaign.

False Prosperity and Unemployment.

The Republican party builds its case upon a myth. We are told that only under the benevolent administration of that party can the country enjoy prosperity. When our million men, desirous to work and support their families, are unable to secure employment there is very little in the picture of prosperity to attract them and the millions dependent upon them.

In the year 1926, the latest figures available show that one-fourth of 1 per cent of the 420,000 corporations in this country earned 40 per cent of their profits; 40 per cent of the corporations actually lost money; one-fourth of 1 per cent of the corporations earned two-thirds of the profits of all of them. Specific industries are wholly prostrate and there is widespread business difficulty and discontent among the individual business men of the country.

Prosperity to the extent we have it is unduly concentrated and has not equitably touched the lives of the farmer, the wage earner and the individual business man. The claim of governmental economy is as baseless as the claims that general business prosperity exists and that it can exist only under Republican administration.

Failure to Consolidate by Reorganization of the Federal Government.

When the Republican party came into power in 1921 it definitely promised reorganization of the machinery of government, and abolition or consolidation of unnecessary and overlapping agencies. This promise was pointed. A representative of the President acted as chairman. It prepared a plan of reorganization. The plan was filed in the archives. It still remains there. After seven years of Republican control the structure of government is worse than it was in 1921. It is fully as bad as the system which existed in New York State before we secured by constitutional amendment the legislation which consolidated more than 100 offices, consolidated departments and wards into 18 co-ordinated agencies, each responsible to the Governor. In contrast with this, the Republican party in control at Washington when faced with the alternative of loss of patronage for the faithful or more efficient and economical management of the government permitted the old order to continue for the benefit of the patronage seekers.

Increased Federal Appropriations.

The appropriations for independent bureaus and offices not responsible to any Cabinet officer increased from \$2,400,000 in 1914 to \$162,000,000 in 1921, and to \$356,000,000 in 1928. No wonder the Cabinet officer of the Republican President of 1921 said "if you could visualize the government as a business or administrative unit, you would see something like one of those grotesque spectacles of a big oyster shell to which in the course of years and regular masses of barnacles had been attached themselves with symmetry and relevancy." And the Chamber of Commerce of the United States said in its annual report this year: "No progress has been made on the plan of reorganization of the government's departments as advocated by the Chamber." The administration spokesmen answers only: "We have given an economical administration," and that has been repeated so often that some people believe it without the slightest proof. I assert that there is no proof.

The appropriation bills signed by the President of the United States for the last year are just one-half a billion dollars more than those for the first year of his administration. The appropriations for the executive department itself (the President and Vice President) have increased more than 10 per cent under President Coolidge.

The figures for expenditure as distinguished from appropriations tell the same story. Aside from interest on the public debt which has been reduced by requirement of bonds or by refinancing at lower interest rate, the actual expenditures for governmental activities during the fiscal year ending in 1928 were

Program of Farm Relief

PUBLICITY agents of the Republican administration have written so many articles on our general prosperity, that they have prevented the average man from having a proper appreciation of the degree of distress existing today among farmers and stock raisers. From 1910 to the present time the farm debt has increased by the striking sum of 10 billions of dollars, or from four billion to 14 billion dollars. The value of farm property between 1920 and 1925 decreased by 20 billions of dollars. This depression made itself felt in an enormous increase of bank failures in the agricultural districts. In 1927 there were 830 bank failures, with total liabilities of over 270 millions of dollars, almost entirely in the agricultural sections, as against 49 such failures during the last year of President Wilson's administration.

Agricultural Depression.

The report of Nov. 17, 1927, of a special committee of the Association of Land Grant Colleges and Universities states: "Incomes from farming since 1920 have not been sufficient to pay a fair return on the current value of capital used and a fair wage for the farmer's labor, or to permit farm people to maintain a standard of living comparable with other groups of like ability." The Business Men's Commission on Agriculture said in November, 1927: "Since the war, the prices of farm products have persisted in an uneconomic and unfavorable adjustment to the general scale of prices of other goods and services"; and "the disparity between urban and farm incomes has emphasized the disparity in standards of living in the rural and urban populations." "The value of farm land and farm property decreased heavily in the post-war deflation" and "large numbers of farmers have lost all their property in this process."

Agriculture and Business.

We have not merely a problem of helping the farmer. While agriculture is one of the most individualized and independent of enterprises, still as the report of the Business Men's Commission points out, "Agriculture is essentially a public function, affected by a clear and unquestionable public interest." The country is an economic whole. If the buying power of agriculture is impaired, the farmer makes fewer trips to Main Street. The shop owner suffers because he has lost a large part of his trade. The manufacturer who supplies him likewise suffers as does the wage earner, because the manufacturer is compelled to curtail his production. And the banker cannot collect his debts or safely extend further credit. This country cannot be a healthy, strong economic body if one of its members, so

fundamentally important as agriculture, is sick almost to the point of economic death. The normal market among the farmers of this country for the products of industry is 10 billions of dollars. Our export market according to latest available figures is, exclusive of agricultural products, approximately one billion, six hundred millions of dollars. These large figures furnish striking indication of the serious blow to national prosperity as a whole which is struck when the buying power of the farmer is paralyzed.

Relief for Agriculture.

When, therefore, I say that I am in accord with our platform declaration that the solution of this problem must be a prime and immediate concern of the Democratic administration, I make no class appeal. I am stating a proposition as vital to the welfare of business as of agriculture.

Republican Failure to Remedy Agricultural Conditions.

With the exception of the administration of Cleveland and Wilson, the Government of this country has been in Republican hands for half a century. For nearly eight years the President and Congress have been Republican. What has been done to solve this problem? Many promises were made which have never been fulfilled. Certainly the promise of relief by tariff has not been fulfilled.

The tariff is ineffective on commodities of which there is exportable surplus without controlled sale of the surplus. Our platform points the way to make the tariff effective for crops of which we produce a surplus. There has been Government interference with laws of supply and demand to benefit industry, commerce and finance. It has been one-sided because business, industry and finance would have been helped more if proper attention had been given to the condition of agriculture. Nothing of substance has been done to bring this basic part of our national life into conformity with the economic system that has been set up by law. Government should interfere as little as possible with business. But if it does interfere with one phase of economic life, be it by tariff, by assistance to merchant marine, by control of the flow of money and capital through the banking system, it is bad logic, bad economics and an abandonment of Government responsibility to say that as to agriculture alone, the Government should not act.

Twice a Republican Congress has passed legislation only to have it vetoed by a President of their own party, and whether the veto of that specific measure was right or wrong, it is undisputed that no

adequate substitute was ever recommended to the Congress by the President and that no constructive plan of relief was ever formulated by any leader of the Republican party in place of the plan which its Congress passed and which its President vetoed. Only caustic criticism and bitter denunciation were provoked in the minds of the Republican leaders in answer to the nation-wide appeal for a sane endeavor to meet this crisis.

Marketing, Warehousing and Surplus Control.

Co-operative, co-ordinated marketing and warehousing of surplus farm products is essential just as co-ordinated, co-operative control of the flow of capital was found necessary to the regulation of our country's finances. To accomplish financial stability, the Federal Reserve System was called into being by a Democratic administration. The question for agriculture is complex. Any plan devised must also be co-ordinated with the other phases of our business institutions. Our platform declares for the development of co-operative marketing and an earnest endeavor to solve the problem of the distribution of the cost of dealing with crop surpluses over the marketed unit of the crop whose producers are benefited by such assistance. Only the mechanics remain to be devised.

Pledge of Immediate Relief.

I propose to substitute action for inaction and friendliness for hostility. In my administration of the government of my State, whenever I was confronted with a problem of this character, I called into conference those best equipped on the particular subject in hand. I shall follow that course with regard to agriculture. Farmers and farm leaders with such constructive aid as will come from sound economists and fair minded leaders of finance and business must work out the details. There are varying plans for the attainment of the end which is to be accomplished. Such plans should be subjected at once to searching, able and fair minded analysis, because the interests of all require that the solution shall be economically sound.

If I am elected, I shall immediately after election ask leaders of the type I have named irrespective of party to enter upon this task. I shall join with them in the discharge of their duties during the coming winter and present to Congress immediately upon its convening, the solution recommended by the body of men best fitted to render this signal service to the nation. I shall support the activities of this body until a satisfactory law is placed upon the statute books.

Nicaragua and Mexico.

The present administration has been false to that declaration of one of its greatest party leaders. The situation in Nicaragua fairly exemplifies our departure from this high standard. The administration has intervened in an election dispute between two legitimate factions, sent troops into Nicaragua, maintained them there for years, and this without the consent of Congress. To settle this internal dispute, our Marines have died and hundreds of Nicaraguans in turn have been killed by our Marines. Without consultation with Congress, the administration entered on this long continued occupation of the territory of a supposedly friendly nation by our armed troops.

To no declaration of our platform do I more heartily commit myself than the one for the abolition of the practice of the President of entering into agreements for the settlement of internal disputes in Latin American countries, unless the agreement has been sanctioned by the Senate as provided for in the Constitution of the United States. I personally declare what the platform declares: "Interference in the purely internal affairs of Latin American countries must cease" and I pledge myself to follow this declaration with regard to Mexico as well as the other Latin American countries.

The Monroe Doctrine.

The Monroe doctrine must be maintained but not as a pretext for meddling with the purely local concerns of countries which even though they be small are sovereign and entitled to demand and receive respect for their sovereignty. And I shall certainly not use it as a power to bring about the fullest concerted action between this country and all the Latin American countries with respect to any step which it may ever be necessary to take to discharge such responsibilities to civilization as may be placed upon us by the Monroe doctrine.

Impairing the Arbitration Treaties.

The evil effect of the administration's policy with respect to Latin America has extended to our relations with the rest of the world. I am not one of those who contend that everything Republican is bad and

really required to protect American industry and safeguard the high standard of American wages. In an administration anxious to meet political obligations, the commission on the tariff function and it has been publicly stated by former members of it that the work of the commission has been turned over to the advocates of special interests. To bring this about, it is a matter of record that the President mandated the undated resignation of one of its members before he signed his appointment.

Restoration of Equitable Tariff.

I shall restore this commission to the high level upon which President Wilson placed it, in order that, properly manned, it may produce the facts that will enable us to ascertain how we may increase the purchasing power of everybody's income or wages by the adjustment of those schedules which are now the result of log-rolling and which upon their face are extortionate and unnecessary.

Pay no attention to the Republican propaganda and accept my assurance as the leader of our party that Democratic tariff legislation will be honest. It will play no favorites. It will do justice to every element in the nation.

Foreign Policy Springs From the People.

The Constitution provides that treaties with foreign powers must be ratified by a vote of two-thirds of the Senate. This is a legal recognition of the truth that in our foreign relations we must rise above party politics and act as a united nation. Any foreign policy must have its roots deep in the approval of a very large majority of our people. Therefore, no greater service was ever rendered by any President than by Woodrow Wilson when he struck at the methods of secret diplomacy. Today we have no relations, vital to our commercial and world standing, with every other nation. I regard it, therefore, as a paramount duty to keep alive the interest of our people in these questions, and to advise the electorate as to facts and policies.

Through a long line of distinguished Secretaries of State, Republican and Democratic alike, this country has assumed a position of world leadership in the endeavor to outlaw war and sunstite reason for force. At the end of President Wilson's administration we enjoyed not only the friendship but the respectful admiration of the peoples of the world. Today we see unmistakable evidences of a widespread distrust of us and unfriendliness to us, particularly among our Latin-American neighbors.

Our Latin-American Policy.

I especially stress the necessity for the restoration of cordial relations with Latin-America and I take my text from a great Republican Secretary of State, Elihu Root, who said: "We consider that the independence and equal rights of the smallest and weakest member of the family of nations deserve as much respect as those of the great empires. We pretend to no right, privilege or power that we do not freely concede to each one of the American republics."

The Present Administration.

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Impairing the Arbitration Treaties.

The evil effect of the administration's policy with respect to Latin America has extended to our relations with the rest of the world. I am not one of those who contend that everything Republican is bad and

everything Democratic is good. I approve the effort to renew and extend the arbitration treaties negotiated under the administration of President Wilson. But the usefulness of those treaties as deterrents of war is materially impaired by the reservations asserted by various nations of the right to wage defensive wars as those reservations are interpreted in the light of President Coolidge's record. Defending his policies he announced on April 25, 1927, the doctrine that the person and property of a citizen are a part of the national domain, even when abroad. I do not think the American people would approve a doctrine which would give to Germany or France or England, or any other country, the right to regard a citizen of that country or the property of a citizen of that country situated within the borders of the United States a part of the national domain of the foreign country.

Our unwarranted intervention in internal affairs in Latin America and this specious reason for it constitute the basis upon which other countries may seek to justify imperialistic policies against us. I am neither a militarist nor a jingo. I believe that the people of this country wish to live in peace and amity with the world. Freedom from entangling alliances is a fixed American policy. It does not mean, however, that great nations should not behave to one another with the same decent friendliness and fair play that self-respecting men and women show to one another.

Limitation of Armaments.

In 1921 there was negotiated a treaty for the limitation of the construction of battleships and battle cruisers of over 10,000 tons. It was approved without party dispute. The treaty was signed or removing from the backs of the tolling masses of the world the staggering burden of the hundreds of millions of dollars that are wrung from them every year for wasteful transformation into engines of destruction. For seven years the Republican administration has followed it with nothing effective. No limitation has been placed upon land armaments, poisonous gases or any of the other machinery devised by man for the destruction of his kind. In this respect our diplomacy has been futile.

I believe the American people desire to assume their fair share of responsibility for the administration of a world of which they are a part, without political alliances with any foreign nation. I pledge myself to a resumption of a real endeavor to make the outlawry of war effective by removing its causes and to substitute the methods of conciliation, conference, arbitration and judicial determination.

At this point Gov. Smith stated his views on prohibition, following that with an outline of his program of farm relief.

The Prohibition Statement is on page 2 of this issue of the Post-Dispatch, and the farm relief plan in adjoining columns on this page.)

Distribution, Railroads and Highways.

Adequate distribution is necessary to bring a proper return to production. Increased efficiency of railroad transportation and terminal handling means lowering of cost which in turn increases purchasing power through reduction of the cost of everyday necessities of life.

Every day railroads exhaust means of transportation. I believe in encouraging the construction and use of modern highways to carry the short haul of small bulk commodities and to aid in effective marketing of farm products.

Inland Waterways.

Of great importance and still in a highly undeveloped state are our transportation routes by waterways. Commodities of great bulk, where the freight cost is the largest part of the cost to the ultimate consumer, are among the most profitable to railroads to carry and lend themselves most readily to water transportation.

St. Lawrence Route vs. All-American Route.

Certain areas of our country are deeply interested in opening up a direct route from the middle west to the sea by way of the Great Lakes and adjacent waterways. Controversy has arisen over the relative merits of the St. Lawrence route or the All-American route. As Governor of New York I have heretofore expressed a preference for the All-American route, basing my view on engineers' reports made to me. The correctness of these reports and also of those favoring the St. Lawrence route has been challenged. As President of the United States, therefore, it would be my clear duty to restudy this question impartially upon engineers' reports the accuracy of which must be the basis of the decision. When the results of such study are given to Congress, I am entirely willing

ing to abide by the decision of Congress.

Flood Control.

With the development of inland waterways goes the control of floods thereon. The Mississippi flood of last year brought home to the nation the importance of a national policy of flood control. The last two administrations waiting for this calamity and its ensuing ruin. Instead of taking leadership in this important work, they thought, courage and leadership and knowledge of what real state economy means would have done much to prevent this calamity with its ensuing ruin and misery. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. In the last Congress the Reid-Jones bill laid down sound lines for the solution of this national problem. This policy thus initiated for the Mississippi must be carried through. The money actually appropriated for flood relief is too small to make even a start. Too much time has been spent in squabbling over who shall pay the bill.

Mississippi Basin Development.

The Mississippi River and its tributaries constitute a great network of waterways flowing through a large number of States and more than 100 million people. Full development of the Mississippi River and its tributaries as arteries of commerce should be the goal.

Conservation of Natural Resources.

Wide possibilities for public good are latent in what remains of our natural resources. I pledge myself to a progressive liberal conservation policy based upon the same principles to which I have given my support in the State of New York, and in this field which appears and irrespective of whom it may involve. No nation in history has been more careless about the conservation of natural resources than has ours. We have denuded our forests. We have been slow to recover lands for development and have allowed them to run to waste or have given to private exploitation our public waters with their great potential power for the development of electrical energy.

Water Power.

The value of this heritage best be measured when we consider the recent disclosure of the methods employed by private monopolies to wrest our natural water powers from public control.

Public-Utility Propaganda.

No more dishonest or untruthful propaganda has ever been seen in this country than that disclosed by the investigation into the methods of certain utility companies. Private corporations to gain control of water resources have procured the writing of textbooks for the public schools; have subsidized lecturers pretending to give to the country their own honest and unbiased views; have employed their agents to secure public officials and have endeavored to mislead public opinion by the retention of the services of leaders of the community in various parts of the country. Highly paid lobbyists, penetrated into every hall of the legislature, into the halls of the courts, into the halls of the public offices.

Public Ownership and Control of Water Power.

As against propaganda, it is the duty of the Democratic party to set up truth. The ownership of some of these great water powers is in the hands of others in the several States. These sources, of water power must remain forever under public ownership and control. Where they are owned by private individuals, they should be under the control of that State, or where they are owned by States jointly, they should be under the control of those States.

Control of Rates Through Public Ownership.

Wherever the development of the Government agency, State or Federal as the case may be, we retain through contractual agreement with the distributing companies the right to provide fair and reasonable rates to the ultimate consumer and the right to regulate the rates and equal distribution of the power. This can be secured only by the absolute retention by the people of the ownership of the power, by owning and controlling the site and plant at the place of generation. The Government, Federal, State or the authority representing joint States—must control the switch that turns on or off the power so greedily sought by certain private groups without the least regard for the public good.

I shall carry into Federal administration the same policy which I have maintained against heavy odds in my own State. Under no circumstances should private monopoly be permitted to capitalize for rate-making purposes water power sites that belong to the people themselves. It is to me unthinkable that the Government of the United States or any State thereof, will permit either direct or indirect alienation of water power sites.

Electricity.

Electricity energy generated from water power as an incident to the regulation of the flow of the Colorado River is the common

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mon heritage of all the States through which it flows. The benefits should be equitably distributed among the States having right of ownership. The duty of the Federal Government is confined to navigation. I am of the opinion that the best results would be derived from the setting up of a Colorado River authority, representative equally of all the States concerned. The development should be by the States through the agency of this authority by treaty ratified by Congress.

Muscle Shoals.

It will be the policy of my administration to retain ownership and control of the Muscle Shoals and to develop a method of operation for the Government some fair revenue from the enormous expenditure already made for its development and which now a complete peace-time purpose of the construction of this plant will be achieved. The nation will be reimbursed, agriculture will be benefited by the cheap production of nitrate for fertilizer and distributed to the people. The remaining public natural resources now under control of the Federal Government must be administered in the interests of all of the people.

Likewise a

survey and study of the remaining public resources of land, coal, oil and other minerals is greatly needed and should be undertaken.

Reforestation, Conservation, National Parks.

The United States because its people use more wood than any other on earth is therefore more dependent on the forest than any other great nation. At the same time we are the most wasteful of all people in the destruction of our forest resources.

The use of our national forests for recreation should be greatly extended. I also pledge myself to give the same planning interest and support to a national park, reforestation and recreation program as have brought about the establishment of a great conservation and state park system in the State of New York.

It was Grover Cleveland who first made our national forest and conservation policy into a great public question. Theodore Roosevelt followed in his footsteps. What these two men began must be continued and carried forward.

Labor.

The American people constitute a structure of many component parts. One of its foundations is labor. The reasonable contentment of those who toil with the conditions under which they live and work is an essential basis of the nation's well-being. The welfare of our country therefore demands governmental concern for the legitimate interest of labor.

Democratic Party and Platform in Relation to Labor.

The Democratic party has always recognized this fact and under the administration of Woodrow Wilson, a large body of progressive legislation for the protection of those laboring in industry, was enacted. Our platform continues that tradition of the party. The declaration for the principle of collective bargaining which alone can put the laborer upon a basis of fair equality with the employer; for the human principle that labor is not a commodity; for fair treatment to government and Federal employees; and for specific and immediate attention to the serious problems of unemployment.

Abuse of Injunctions in Labor Disputes.

From these premises it is inevitable that our platform should further recognize grave abuses in the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes which threaten the very principle of collective bargaining. Chief Justice Taft in 1919 stated that government of the relations between capital and labor by injunction was an absurdity. Justice Holmes and Justice Brandeis of the U. S. Supreme Court unite in an opinion for the denial of the restraints on labor imposed by a Federal injunction as a reminder of involuntary servitude. Disaffection and social unrest have grown from these abuses and undoubtedly legislation must be framed to meet just causes for complaint in regard to the unwarranted issuance of injunctions.

The Judiciary Committee of the United States Senate has already in progress a careful study of this situation. I promise full co-operation to the end that a definite remedy by law be brought forth to end the existing evils and preserve the constitutional guarantees of individual liberty, free assemblage and speech and the rights of peaceful persuasion.

Protective Legislation.

I shall continue my sympathetic interest in the advancement of progressive legislation for the protection and advancement of working men and women. Promotion of proper care of maternity, infancy and childhood, and the encouragement of the national Government which advance the safeguards of health, are so fundamental as to need no expression from me other

Flood Control. The development of waterways goes the other way. The benefits of flood control are there. The Mississippi river is the nation's largest waterway. The last two years have been a record for the nation. The last two years have been a record for the nation. The last two years have been a record for the nation.

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Text of Gov. Smith's Speech of Acceptance

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er than my record as legislator and as Governor. Equality of Opportunity. None can question my respect for and co-operation with the service men and my interest in proper compensation for Government service. I believe in that true equality of women that opens to them without restriction all avenues of opportunity for which they can qualify in business, in government service and in politics.

Veteran Relief. I have a full appreciation of what this country owes to our veteran soldiers. I know that when the country called, the veteran in distress calls to the country. The country should be equally responsive. Red tape and technicalities and autocratic bureaucracy should be brushed aside when the time comes for a grateful American people to recognize its debt to the men who offered themselves in our hour of need.

Immigration. During all of our national life the freedom of entry to the country has been extended to the millions who desired to take advantage of the freedom and opportunities offered by America. The rugged qualities of our immigrants have helped to develop our country and their children have taken their places high in the annals of American history.

Every race has made its contribution to the betterment of America. While I am squarely on our platform declaration that the laws which limit immigration must be preserved in full force and effect, I am heartily in favor of removing from the immigration law the harsh provision which separates families and I am opposed to the principle of restriction based upon the figures of immigration population contained in a census 35 years old. I believe this is designed to discriminate against certain nationalities, and is an unwise policy. It is no way to the future, and a continuance of the restriction advocated in our platform.

Freedom From Political Obligations. While this is a government of laws and not of men, laws do not execute themselves. We have people of character and outstanding ability to serve the nation. To me one of the greatest elements of satisfaction in my nomination is the fact that I owe it to no one man or set of men. I can stand with confidence and make the statement that my nomination was brought about by no promise given or implied by me or any one in my behalf. I will not be influenced in appointments by the questions of a person's race, religion, or political affiliation. I shall talk at length on many of the issues to which I have referred in this acceptance address, as well as other important questions. I shall endeavor to conduct this campaign on the high plane that befits the intelligence of our citizens.

Standard of Appointments. The sole standard of my appointments will be the same as they have been in my Governorship—integrity of the man or woman and his or her ability to give me the greatest possible aid in devoted service to the people. In this spirit I enter upon the campaign. During the campaign I shall talk at length on many of the issues to which I have referred in this acceptance address, as well as other important questions. I shall endeavor to conduct this campaign on the high plane that befits the intelligence of our citizens.

Democratic Party and Platform in Relation to Labor. The Democratic party has always recognized this fact and under the administration of Woodrow Wilson, a large body of progressive legislation for the protection of those laboring in industry, was enacted. Our platform continues that tradition of the party. We declare for the principle of collective bargaining which alone can put the laborer upon a basis of fair equality with the employer; for the human principle that labor is a commodity; for fair treatment to government and Federal employees; and for specific and immediate attention to the serious problems of unemployment.

Abuse of Injunctions in Labor Disputes. From these premises it was inevitable that our platform should further recognize grave abuses in the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes which threaten the very principle of collective bargaining. Chief Justice Taft in 1919 stated that government of the relations between capital and labor by injunction was an absurdity. Justice Holmes and Justice Brandeis of the U. S. Supreme Court unite in an opinion which describes the restraints on labor imposed by a Federal injunction as a reminder of involuntary servitude. Dissatisfaction and social unrest have grown from these abuses and must be met just as they are met in regard to the unwarranted issuance of injunctions.

The Judiciary Committee of the United States Senate has already in progress a careful study of this situation. I promise full co-operation to the end that a definite remedy by law be brought forth to end the existing evils and preserve the constitutional guarantees of individual liberty, free assemblage and speech and the rights of peaceful persuasion.

Protective Legislation. I shall continue my sympathetic interest in the advancement of progressive legislation for the protection and advancement of working men and women. From motion of proper care of maternity, infancy and childhood and the encouragement of those scientific activities of the national Government which advance the safeguards of public health, are so fundamental as to need no expression from me other

PEEK INDORSES SMITH'S PLAN TO AID AGRICULTURE

Farm Leader Says Proposal to Segregate the Exportable Surplus Is Best Way to Help the Producer.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—George N. Peek of Moline, Ill., chairman of the Executive Committee of 22 of the North Central States Agricultural Conference, who recently announced his support of Gov. Smith, issued a statement last night praising the farm relief references in the Governor's speech of acceptance.

In the same statement Peek attacked Herbert Hoover's stand on the farm question in commenting upon the Republican candidate's speech at West Branch, Ia., Tuesday night.

He charged that Hoover's statement in his West Branch speech that he did not "speak of organization in the narrow sense of traditional farm co-operatives or pools, but in the much wider sense of a sound marketing organization," shows the Republican nominee wants the co-operatives to be controlled "by the great packing interests, marketing speculators and grain exporters who buy what the farmer has to sell and who comprise largely the present 'sound marketing organization,' to which Mr. Hoover refers."

He said the tariff problem as it affects the farm question is to find a way to make the tariff effective and that Hoover has blocked all solution of it without offering a constructive suggestion.

"In contrast with this failure," Peek said, "Gov. Smith has definitely approved the declaration of the Democratic platform that a sound way must be found to make the tariff effective on agricultural products with exportable surpluses, and that there must be equality of treatment in tariff schedules for agriculture with industry."

"But Gov. Smith and the Democratic platform go still farther. They are specific and helpful in their attitude toward the farmer and the country for they recognize that the only way in which tariffs can be made effective is to segregate the exportable surplus. They propose to draw the surplus out of the home market under proper safeguards for the consumer with the object of allowing the home market to get the benefit of the tariff to which it is fairly entitled. The exportable surplus is then to be handled in such a way that the loss resulting therefrom will be apportioned over the commodity benefited."

"In other words, the farmer is to get out of his own pocket for this system of relief. This is an economically sound position but elicits no recognition of any kind from Mr. Hoover. But his implicit and clearly implied opposition in the light of his past record, Mr. Hoover's bitter hostility to any sane solution of this farm problem if he is elected."

K. C. ADOPT RESOLUTIONS Express Sympathy With Catholics in Mexico.

By the Associated Press.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 23.—Resolutions adopted at the closing session of the Supreme Council of the Knights of Columbus here today included one providing for a campaign against the circulation of a spurious oath of the fourth degree of the order, and another expressing sympathy for Catholics in Mexico, and still another providing for a membership drive.

The delegates approved a proposal to establish religious retreats for laymen throughout the country. A resolution to set aside money to build schools and churches for Mexican refugees at Nogales, Ariz., was referred to the supreme board of directors.

U. S. FLYER LANDS IN HONDURAS

Lieut. Schilt on Way From Miami, Fla., to Nicaragua.

By the Associated Press.

MIAMI, Fla., Aug. 23.—The marine transport plane, piloted by Lieut. C. Frank Schilt, which hopped off here at 5:27 a. m. today for Nicaragua, reported its position as 20 miles south of Cosumel Island off the Yucatan coast, at 11:20 a. m., in a message to the Tropical Radio station here.

Weather conditions were reported favorable. Another message said that the flyers expected to reach Tula, British Honduras, about 3 p. m. Eastern standard time and remain there overnight before proceeding to Managua.

Flying Dutchess Reaches Karachi. By the Associated Press.

KARACHI, British India, Aug. 23.—The Duchess of Bedford and Capt. C. D. Barnard arrived here safely in their plane, the Princess Xenia, from Bushire, Persia, yesterday. She will return to England by train because of damage to the propeller.

COMMENT ON SMITH SPEECH; GENERALLY AGREED TO BE FRANK, STRAIGHTFORWARD

George of Georgia Declares It Points Out Common Ground on Which Liberals of Both Parties Can Unite.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Republicans as well as Democrats singled out for praise the qualities of frankness and clarity in Gov. Smith's acceptance speech. Even as complete a partisan as Senator Fess of Ohio, who was the keynote of the Republican National Convention at Kansas City, pronounced the speech commendable for its "frankness which relieves the people from uncertainty of his meaning."

Other comment follows: Senator George of Georgia, ultra-dry: He (Gov. Smith) recognizes that opinion on national prohibition cuts squarely across the two great political parties and therefore prohibition is not an issue between the parties themselves. He has his views upon the question, but recognizes the right of any Democrat to differ from his view. Aside from this question he has pointed out the common ground on which the liberal forces of democracy may mobilize their forces in this campaign. His speech breathes the fine spirit of progress and reform. It is the speech of an honest man.

Senator Fletcher, (Dem.) Fla.: Gov. Smith has demonstrated that he measures up to the standard of a great statesman. This speech shows a grasp of national problems that is inspiring. It does credit to the admitted intellectual attainments of the Democratic candidate, and to his thorough understanding of national and international affairs, as well as to his sound conception of fiduciary responsibility.

Postmaster General Neah (Rep.): He can mean nothing else than repeal of the Volstead Act. As a practical matter the amendment cannot be altered but must be repealed if tampered with at all. In any case it means the future administration of the temperance laws by Tammany. Then, too, he would open wider the gates of Castle Garden and enlarge the stream of immigration.

Senator Caraway (Dem.) Ark.: Gov. Smith's speech is remarkable for its clarity, consistency and frankness. It is outspoken and specific, in striking contrast with that of Mr. Hoover. Gov. Smith has written a contract with the American people so plain that everybody can interpret it.

Representative Small (Dem.) North Carolina: No citizen with an open mind can hesitate to question the ability of our candidate and his equipment for the question of President. His position on prohibition should constitute food for thought to the intelligent citizen who honestly desires to promote temperance.

Representative Crisp (Dem.) of Georgia said Gov. Smith delighted him on every subject but prohibition. He declared that as a Congressman he would not vote to carry out the Smith prohibition recommendations.

Senator Smoot (Rep.), Utah, described the acceptance address as "a fairly good Democratic political speech," after denying Smith's contention that the Republican party was reactionary. "Gov. Smith says the Democratic party does not, and under his leadership will not advocate any sudden or drastic revolution in our economic system, then adds, 'This principle was recognized as far back as the passage of the Underwood tariff bill.' So we are to have another Underwood tariff law—a law that would have ruined the country if the World War had not occurred."

Representative Bloom (Dem.) New York, called the speech "a fearless exposition of real democracy, devoid of sham and pretense," adding: "There is no straddling of issues and there will be no question in the public mind concerning Gov. Smith's stand on any of them. It is a compelling document. It rings true and will gain him many votes from those who despise the drab attitude heretofore used in politics."

Senator Sackett (Rep.), Kentucky: The speech reveals that the Governor lacks a thorough understanding of the country's problems. It was very weak, except for his appeal to the liquor vote.

Senator Robinson (Rep.), Indiana: Gov. Smith has lost the election with a single speech; he has put all his eggs in a basket of booze and he will find the American people expect something more than an attack on prohibition from the man they elect to the presidency.

Senator Capper (Rep.), Kansas: Agriculture will be bitterly disappointed with Gov. Smith's promise of another conference. Hoover, always a friend of the farmer, announced an affirmative plan of relief. The farmers will note the difference.

Charles M. Hay Impressed by Smith's "Manifest Sincerity." By the Associated Press.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Indorsements of Gov. Smith's acceptance speech were forthcoming today from many Democratic leaders. Chairman John J. Raskob of the National Committee being one of the first to issue a statement praising the address.

Jesse H. Jones of Houston, Tex., a prime mover in the party's National convention in June and now chairman of the advisory board of

of Gov. Smith, the Democratic nominee, Nye said it did not compare with that made by Hoover in his acceptance address. Other Republican leaders have also issued statements assailing parts of Smith's speech. Senator Smith W. Brookhart said the Governor's proposals for farm relief might be described by the words "ignorance" and "camouflage."

Gov. Fuller Still Feels Confident of Hoover Victory. By the Associated Press.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Gov. Alvan T. Fuller thinks the Republicans will be victorious despite "eloquent and versatile presentation of the tenets of his political faith" by Gov. Smith, he declared last night in a telephone interview from his summer home at Rye Beach, N. H. "After listening to Gov. Smith, I believe the Republicans have cause to congratulate ourselves on having nominated the strongest candidate within our party as standard bearer," he said.

Says Immigration Stand Is Backed by Tammany Men. By the Associated Press.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 23.—Commenting on Gov. Smith's declaration in his acceptance address objecting to the use of census figures of 1930 as the quota basis of immigration, Representative Albert Johnson (Rep.) of Washington, chairman of the House Immigration and Naturalization Committee, said last night that it corresponded with the arguments made against the provision by Tammany Democrats in Congress.

The House Immigration Committee of which I am chairman," said Johnson, "went as far back as possible for census figures in an effort to equalize and balance the population of the United States. Gov. Smith wants the date raised to 1920 or to 1930, the next census. The people do not. I believe that a great majority of the whole people, including the old-time naturalized, are sick and tired of being threatened and browbeaten in politics by organized minority groups."

"While the statement of Governor Smith may add to his vote in New York City, it will lose him many millions in the states that want America kept American."

Nebraska Committeewoman Quits Because of Smith's Wet Stand. By the Associated Press.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 23.—Dr. Jennie M. Callias, three times Democratic national committeewoman from Nebraska, after reading Gov. Smith's speech, issued a statement last night declaring she would not support him because of his views on prohibition. Dr. Callias, who is an ardent dry, said she considered her seat on the committee vacant.

Settle Says Smith's Views Are Acceptable to Indiana Farmers. By the Associated Press.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 23.—William H. Settle, president of the Indiana Farm Bureau Federation, said today that while his organization is not endorsing any candidate for President, the views on farm relief expressed by Gov. Smith in his speech last night "are in perfect accord with our policy."

Gov. Smith's comment on the agricultural problem is very acceptable to us," said Settle. "It is in line with the program we have been advocating for seven years—in making the tariff effective for agriculture."

In order to accomplish that, surplus crops must be handled separately from those needed for home consumption. This Smith proposes and we agree.

Borah Says Tariff Plan Would Ruin Farmers. By the Associated Press.

BOISE, Idaho, Aug. 23.—The principle and theories of the Underwood tariff bill in effect during President Wilson's administration and mentioned by Gov. Smith in his speech of acceptance, would "ruin the West," Senator Borah declared last night.

Characterizing Smith's reference to the tariff as the "most important item in the address, as far as the West is concerned," Borah said "the livestock industry, the dairy industry, the poultry industry and kindred industries on the farm would be literally ruined by the application of the principles of the Underwood tariff."

"We do not want to go back to the free list with farm products as the Underwood tariff bill carried them. What we desire is increased duties on farm products."

McAdoo Has Nothing to Say, But May Have Later. By the Associated Press.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Aug. 23.—William Gibbs McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury and later a rival of Smith for the Democratic nomination for the presidency, declined to comment last night on the acceptance speech of Gov. Smith, Democratic presidential nominee, but his secretary indicated that a statement might be forthcoming later.

"Ignorance and Camouflage," Says Brokers of Farm Program. By the Associated Press.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Aug. 23.—Senator Gerald P. Nye, Republican Independent of North Dakota, announced last night his support of Herbert Hoover for the presidency after having a conference with the Republican nominee here. He said he was convinced of Hoover's determination to solve the farm problem and was sure that he could and would become "a great friend and benefactor of agriculture."

SUCCEEDS HOOVER



WILLIAM F. WHITING.

APPOINTED Secretary of Commerce by President Coolidge. His home is in Holyoke, Mass. This photograph was taken when he conferred with Mr. Coolidge recently at the Summer White House at Brule, Wis.

to do and spread losses and costs incurred over the units of the commodity marketed. This provides a way for those benefited to bear the expense of handling surpluses. The plan is in perfect agreement with 34 farm organizations of the Central West.

Tuesday he went back on his program to make the tariff effective on agriculture and gave us to understand he wants to facilitate loans to farmers. Farmers have too many loans already."

Farm Bureau President Approves Gov. Smith's Relief Views. By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Sam H. Thompson, president of the American Farm Bureau Federation, today issued the following statement on Gov. Smith's acceptance speech: "Gov. Smith last night recited facts that clearly represent the present agricultural situation. He reiterated the Democratic party pledge adopted at Houston."

"As I have already said, that party platform covers the fundamental principles adopted by the American Farm Bureau Federation five years ago. The avoidance of Government subsidy by assessing the cost of surplus control to the product benefited is fundamental. Gov. Smith's plan to find a way of spreading the marketing costs over the marketed unit of the commodity benefited is satisfactory."

Mrs. H. J. Holdenried Dies. Mrs. Margaret M. Holdenried, 83 years old, widow of Henry J. Holdenried, founder of the Holdenried Decorating Co., died at her home, 2900 Indiana avenue, yesterday, of the infirmities of age. Funeral services will be held at St. Francis de Sales Catholic Church, at 8:30 a. m. Saturday. Mrs. Holdenried is survived by five sons and a daughter.

RADIO BOARD REJECTS MONOPOLY COMPLAINT

General Council Declines Chicago Association's Request to Close 11 Big Stations.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Resolutions by the Radio Protective Association of Chicago asking for revocation of the licenses of 11 of the nation's largest broadcasting stations were ignored by the Federal Radio Commission today through its general counsel, Louis G. Caldwell.

The association charged that the General Electric Co., Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co. and the Radio Corporation of America, which own the stations, control an interest in radio patents owned by the American Telephone and Telegraph Co. under agreements "exposed on the floor of both houses of Congress, which notoriously lessen competition and restrain commerce, and the purpose and effect of which are to create a monopoly in the manufacture of radio apparatus."

Stations named were KOA, Denver; KGO, Oakland, Cal., and WGY, Schenectady, N. Y., owned by General Electric; KDKA, Pittsburgh; KTW and KFKX, Chicago; WBB, Springfield, Mass., and WBBZ, Boston, owned by the Westinghouse company; WJZ, Bound Brook, N. J., and WRC, Washington, owned by the Radio Corporation; and WEAF, Bellmore, N. Y., owned by the National Broadcasting Co., which the resolution recites is owned jointly by the other three concerns.

Caldwell held that sections 13, 14, 15 and 17 of the radio act, apparently referred to in the resolutions, had not been violated by the companies. He declared the rule prohibiting companies from combining ownership of wireless with other forms of communication, thereby creating monopolies, had not been violated as the stations engaged in broadcasting only and not point-to-point communication.

He also ruled that, if there were a monopoly in the manufacture of radio apparatus, it was not increased by licensing of a station or lessened by revoking the license.

IMPORTS OF TEA DECREASE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Invasion of the restaurant business by drug, cigar and other stores is said to be responsible in part for a noticeable decline in United States imports of tea.

More than 91,000,000 pounds was imported during the fiscal year ended June 30, the Government's supervising tea examiner reports, but this represents a decrease of 7 per cent, which the Department of Agriculture is inclined to attribute to the fact that lunch-counter diners are drinking more caffeine-containing drinks other than tea and coffee. Furthermore, a large proportion of the imports is used in the form of iced tea, and a smaller quantity is needed for a cup of glass.

no flies no mosquitoes all summer

Happy days. Happy evenings. Happy nights. Not a bite nor a sting all summer. Flit spray clears the house in a few minutes of disease-bearing flies and mosquitoes. It searches out the cracks where roaches, bed bugs and ants hide and breed, destroying their eggs. Fatal to insects, harmless to you. Will not stain.

Do not confuse Flit with any other product. Greater killing power insures satisfaction with Flit. One of the largest corporations in the world guarantees Flit to kill insects, or money back. Buy Flit and a Flit sprayer today.

...if you spray

KILLS Flies Mosquitoes Mites Bed Bugs Ants

"The yellow can with the black band"

SALESMEN WANTED
SALESMEN—If you live in St. Louis and have ability to sell, a 37-year-old corporation, capitalized at \$31,000,000, wants you to sell. You can write your own

MILSMAN-Large manufacturer desires experienced man to handle the exclusive distribution of our patented product in territory. This will net man income \$12,000 annually. He must be financially responsible. Our manager is specially responsible. Our headquarters are at the Marine Hotel to which applicants by appointment only.

SALESMEN — for Star Square has positions for several salesmen in the auto accessories department. Only those who have had experience need respond. Salary and benefits excellent. Salary wanted and then interview. No experience necessary. Opportunity granted for advancement. Write for information. Box 2-536, Post-Dispatch, (C2)

SALESMEN — 2, real, with automobiles, who desire to earn \$6000 a year and want only real, real effort to make real money. If you believe you can qualify apply. Write to: Roosevelt Hotel, Thursday and Friday, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m.

SALESMEN
Experienced men's furnishings, clothing, shoes, hardware and more. Write for information. Army Store, 820 Washington. Call for information. (C6)

SALESMEN
for training in electric radio

Apply Mr. Lloyd, 1506 Pine. (c4)

SALESMEN

The Laclede Gas Light Company has inaugurated a new sales policy.

Starting Sept. 1, we will increase our sales organization to meet this new policy.

salesmen will be received by Mr. Jeffris promptly at 11 A.M. Friday on mezzanine floor Main Office, Olive at 11th. (c)

PAPER JOBBER wants one salesman; one experienced and one new, with following: Best of all, Post-Dispatch. (ca)

FIFTY-FIFTY PROPOSITION To a good printing business. Have 25% of stock. Particulars write Bob A-48 Post-Dispatch. (c)

THE ST. PAUL CHURCHYARD WANTS THREE MEN TO SELL LOTS. Nonsectarian, perpetual charter. See carefully located. Make funeral home. See business manager. 307 TIA GUARANTY Bldg. B-15.

COLORED MEN Wanted for dignified sales work as commission receiving representatives. A commission on sales. Make application to

for canvassing; must be neat and willing to work hard; sales experience necessary; must submit resume. Apply room 213 Peoples Bldg., 11 N. Jefferson, C. C. Williams, 6:30 p. m. 1c-60

Men's Clothing Salesmen

THOSE WHO CAN SELL DIRECT TO WEARER: LARGE BONUS AND COMMISSION. PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. MUST BE WELL RECOMMENDED. OUT-OF-TOWN APPLICANTS WRITE H. J. BERNARD, 318 N. 8TH. 7TH FLOOR. (encl)

**EARN \$3 EVERY HOUR
SELL XMAS CARDS**

The most beautiful line in America and the most unusually large commissions; cards sell on sight; we deliver and collect; call for samples.

PROCESS ENGRAVING CO. 388 Arcade
Bldg. 8th and Olive. Use east elevator
(ca)

SPECIAL WORK

Three serious minded men with
sales experience who will ap-
preciate a real opportunity. Ex-
perience not necessary. Earnings
very large. From 1 to 3 P. M.
1101 LOCUST STREET (80)

**ADVERTISING SALESMAN
WHO CAN PRODUCE**

A real opportunity and a lasting com-
pensation is possible with the largest and fore-
most manufacturers in the United States. We
are now seeking experienced Salesmen and
Saleswomen. Dr. J. C. Drayton & Biglow of
St. Paul, Minn., with a record of 35 years
of successful and continuous experience, de-
sire to add to their sales force men and
women of proven ability and character. We
pay for city and country territories. Our
offer is an unusually attractive propo-
sition to salesmen whose ability to estab-
lish themselves in a permanent business and
increase their earning capacity annually.
Call on **CLARK T. COOPER,**
Sales Manager
1319 Syndicate Trust Bldg., St. Louis 6

Make
\$1000
a Month

Why waste time and effort making only \$150 to \$300 a month when, with the same efforts, you can make \$1000 a month and more. We have five men who average that much and better because they are selling ground in our new subdivision, just opened, close to the new huge General Electric. Experience not necessary. Will take you. See us. 9:00 to 2:00 only.

WHEATON C. FERRIN
1601 Boatmen's Bank Building

HELP WTD.—MISCELLANEOUS
MEN AND WOMAN.—Full or spare time
one application a day will earn \$10 a
week. Prospects furnished. Call 408 L
German Bldg.

ARTIST
Experienced on furniture wanted at once
Apply MAY-STEIN & CO., 15th and O
C

HAUTY OPERATOR—Expert marcel
and trim operator. Call Jefferson 03
800.
BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR
Young lady not over 28 years with a
verbal bookkeeping experience on Under-
wood bookkeeping machine, high school gra-
duate preferred. Salary at figuring; sta-
tion, 10 days employed and salary de-
pendent on Fast-Division.
MILWAUKEE
Business Service Co., 28 years Cham-
berlain
MILWAUKEE

BOOKKEEPING CALCULATOR—Experienced
2nd class Business Service Co., 28 years
Chamberlain
MILWAUKEE

CLOAK—Insurance claim experience; U.S. 1219 Washington.

CLOAK AND TYPIST—Experienced; salary \$20 per week; references; East District.

COOK—Colored; experienced; stay place; city drive; Cabau 1934.

COOK—White, all meals with housework; salary \$30; references required; Fairview 4030.

COOK—And a second maid; for country home; Waverly 678.

Apply 6319 Southwood.

WATCH THE HELP WANTED ADS

A FAMILY LOAN
IN ANY AMOUNT UP TO \$300—AT LEGAL RATES
You don't have to spend your last cent every day at the store to get a loan. You can get a loan from a family loan company. The amount that will be repaid to you by your family loan company is \$300.00. The amount that will be repaid to you by your family loan company is \$300.00. The amount that will be repaid to you by your family loan company is \$300.00.

THE CAPITOL LOAN CO.

The Twenty Payment Plan
\$100—\$200—\$300
At Lawful Interest Rates
We will lend you \$10 to \$300 at the lowest rate of interest. Loans made on furniture, pianos, victrolas, etc. You keep possession of your property until the loan is paid. No interest charged in advance. We are under State supervision.

Loans Made Same Day
You apply. The signature of husband and wife is sufficient. Confidential service guaranteed. No need to leave home. Friendly human organization. Established over forty-one years. Call, Write or Telephone.

Metro Loan Company
1025 Ambassador Bldg.
(Tenth Floor)
COR. SEVENTH & LOCUST STS.
UNDER STATE SUPERVISION
(21)

Loans—Loans
Get together all your small bills, use our money to pay them off, keep your word and credit good, owe just one and let it be repaid.

CLEVELAND LOAN & MORTGAGE CO.
485 Arcade Bldg., 2nd & Olive St.
Phone CH 2114 (27)

24-Hour READY CASH Service
If you can use a little money now and any cash at any time, in amounts up to \$300, why not call or phone us, as our method is QUICK, COURTEOUS and CONFIDENTIAL. We lend on household furniture without removal, and allow you to keep your goods in your home. No other charges of any kind.

CHARTER LOAN CO.
315-16 Missouri Bldg.
GRAND & LOCUST
Jefferson 7444 (21)

AUTO LOANS, READ MONEY—MONEY—MONEY
Get all the money you need. Don't leave your car in the shop. We will finance your car. No red tape. No delay. No need to leave your car. We will finance your car. No red tape. No delay. No need to leave your car.

AUTO LOANS
\$25 to \$1000
Bring your title and get the money. We will finance your car. No red tape. No delay. No need to leave your car. We will finance your car. No red tape. No delay. No need to leave your car.

Yahlem Finance Corp.
1035 N. Grand, Opp. St. P. M.
See M. G. BOWEN, Mgr.

Loans on Cars
Under the Plan you can borrow money on your car in a short time and at a low rate of interest. The money is repaid to you by your family loan company. The amount that will be repaid to you by your family loan company is \$300.00.

PHOENIX FINANCE SYSTEM
3225 Locust St.
Phone CH 2114 (27)

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LOCAL STOCK PRICES
MIXED ON EXCHANGE

[illegible][illegible]

Grain and stock trading was rather quiet in New York today. The grain market was active, calling of upwards of \$300,000 in bank and brokers' loans today. The increase in brokers' loans tended to stimulate the activity of the general list.

Announcement of the Federal Reserve Bank was expected, probably some \$100,000,000 in additional credit. The United States Government obligation which showed the first service of new money in its history.

Trading in the Public Service of New York which has been advancing steadily this week in sympathy with the rise of the stock on buying encouraged by the fact that the company has been fertilized today, and of merger plans, accounted for a large proportion of the volume of the market. The price of the point higher, however, at 133, according to the market, and the price advanced a few days ago. Coppers were in demand, reflecting the strength of copper mines and the fact that the market was closing up more than 3 points.

Today's market was rather quiet. The Rails were somewhat irregular. The St. Paul slumped under profit taking. The Erie was supported by a small amount of buying more than 3 points and smaller amounts of buying in the Erie and the Erie.

The foreign list was erratic.

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

Chicago Provisions

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—Provision markets
firm and clear:

	Card	Reg.	Low.	Clear.
Beef	\$17.35		\$18.15	\$17.90 1/2
Pork	12.27 1/2 @		12.20	12.35 1/2 @
Bacon				
No. 1	14.15		14.10	14.15
No. 2	14.00		13.95	14.00
No. 3				
No. 4				
No. 5				
No. 6				
No. 7				
No. 8				
No. 9				
No. 10				
No. 11				
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No. 95				
No. 96				
No. 97				
No. 98				
No. 99				
No. 100				

13.82	13.80	13.80
13.87	13.83	13.87

PRICES OF WHEAT CLOSES STRONG ON LOCAL EXCHANGE

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.—The local wheat market today was mixed, with prices for hard red winter wheat closing strong, while soft red winter wheat was lower. The local market was active, with a large volume of business transacted. The following are the closing prices for the principal grades of wheat:

Grade	Price
Hard Red Winter Wheat	1.10 1/2
Soft Red Winter Wheat	1.08 1/2
Hard Red Spring Wheat	1.12 1/2
Soft Red Spring Wheat	1.10 1/2
White Wheat	1.11 1/2
Yellow Wheat	1.10 1/2

The following are the closing prices for the principal grades of wheat:

Grade	Price
Hard Red Winter Wheat	1.10 1/2
Soft Red Winter Wheat	1.08 1/2
Hard Red Spring Wheat	1.12 1/2
Soft Red Spring Wheat	1.10 1/2
White Wheat	1.11 1/2
Yellow Wheat	1.10 1/2

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Grade	Price
Hard Red Winter Wheat	1.10 1/2
Soft Red Winter Wheat	1.08 1/2
Hard Red Spring Wheat	1.12 1/2
Soft Red Spring Wheat	1.10 1/2
White Wheat	1.11 1/2
Yellow Wheat	1.10 1/2

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Hard Red Spring Wheat	1.12 1/2
Soft Red Spring Wheat	1.10 1/2
White Wheat	1.11 1/2
Yellow Wheat	1.10 1/2

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Soft Red Spring Wheat	1.10 1/2
White Wheat	1.11 1/2
Yellow Wheat	1.10 1/2

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Hard Red Spring Wheat	1.12 1/2
Soft Red Spring Wheat	1.10 1/2
White Wheat	1.11 1/2
Yellow Wheat	1.10 1/2

NEW YORK BONDS (COMPLETE)

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Total transactions in bonds on the New York Stock Exchange today amounted to \$7,372,000; previous day's sales \$6,820,000; week ago \$7,143,000; year ago \$7,143,000, compared with \$2,241,536,000 a year ago and \$2,015,769,000 two years ago. With quotations on all Liberty bonds in dollars and thirty-cent fractions, the following is a complete list of transactions giving sales, highest, lowest and closing prices.

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

Security	High	Low	Close
U.S. 4 1/2% 1937	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1942	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4
U.S. 4 1/2% 1947	100 1/4	100 1/8	100 1/4

NEW YORK CURB (COMPLETE)

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The following is a complete list of securities traded on the New York Curb Exchange today, giving sales, highest, lowest and closing prices on all stocks, and rights, "cents a share."

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

By the Associated Press. ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.—The following is a complete list of securities traded on the St. Louis Curb Exchange today, giving sales, highest, lowest and closing prices on all stocks, and rights, "cents a share."

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

Security	High	Low	Close
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10
Alumina Co.	1.10	1.08	1.10

% 181.4	Prudential CO	21.30	21.30	21.30	On Rk 45 51	6.100	100
% 180.4	Ramsey & Bklyn	104.78	104.78	104.78	Gas & E	8.97	97
% 178.1	Better Foster	97.13	97.13	97.13	Inc 45 57	1.98	96
% 171.7	Richfield Oil	50.21	50.21	50.21	Phl 45 57	10.102	107
% 171.3	Royal Bk. Pot.	3.99	3.99	3.99	Ed 50 55	5.101	104
% 169.2	Rubercord CO	90.002	90.002	90.002	Yenn Pk 51	4.99	96
% 165.2	Sat T St Nat Co	47.47	47.47	47.47	Phl 5 57	10.100	106
% 162.3	Shawmut Stores	7.27	7.27	7.27	Pitts 45 57	4.99	96
% 162.2	Safeway Opt war	80.77	80.77	80.77	Pot 45 57	1.99	98
% 162.1	St. Regis Paper	3.34	3.34	3.34	Phl 45 57	3.100	100
% 152.2	Salt-Creek	200.77	200.77	200.77			
% 148.4	Schiff & Co	139.139	139.139	139.139			

ADVERTISEMENT

Hunts 2 Years
for the Right
Tobacco

Dallas, Texas
March 22, 1927

Larus & Bro. Co.
Richmond, Va.
Gentlemen:

The worst thing in the world to try to find is a good pipe tobacco that is well within the reach of everybody, and at the same time does not taste like it had just come out of the cabbage patch.

I have been smoking a pipe for two years and have just this month started to smoke a real smoke, Edgeworth. If at first you don't succeed, try, try again. Believe me, I tried for two years, but finally success is more than mine. I have just been looking around, and have found to my delight that I can get Edgeworth practically anywhere. I even found it out at the lake near Dallas where I go fishing. Oh boy, what a combination—a perfect day, a can of good tobacco, and your pipe. I always thought these ad letters were the bunk, but this time I know somebody is wrong and that is me. Here's to old Edgeworth.

Edmund Condon

Edgeworth
Extra High Grade
Smoking Tobacco

EAST ST. LOUIS ATTORNEY
GETS DEMOCRATIC POST

Bruce Campbell Appointed Chairman of Speakers' Bureau for Central Western States.

Appointment of Bruce Campbell, East St. Louis attorney, as chairman of the Speakers' Bureau for the Central Western States in the Smith campaign for the presidency, was announced today by Senator Hawes.

Campbell will have supervision of speaking activities in Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Kentucky and Tennessee, and will have headquarters in Hotel Jefferson.

Dr. William J. Thompson of Kansas City, health commissioner of the Negro Elks, has been appointed regional director of the Smith-for-President Colored League for the Central Western States.

John Coolidge Gets a Job.
By the Associated Press.
SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 22.—John Coolidge has a job, he has notified the president of the Fergus Falls, Minn., National Bank, O. E. Olund. Olund recently wrote the President's son, offering him a position in his bank. John, in answering the letter, said he appreciated the offer, but already had accepted a position. He did not say where.

15,000 Acres Leased for Preserve.

CASSVILLE, Mo., Aug. 22.—It is announced here that the State has completed the leasing of 15,000 acres of rugged land near here for a game preserve. Deer, turkey and other small game will be placed in the inclosure this fall.

Indicted for Dice Game Killings.
By the Associated Press.
GRAYS SUMMIT, Mo., Aug. 22.—Glenn Davis, an engineer, and

Len Huddleston, a construction worker, were shot and killed here Tuesday night by Mont F. Cauley, another construction worker, who

was indicted yesterday on a charge of first degree murder. Cauley told county officers at Union, Mo., and officers he shot in self-defense.

ADVERTISEMENT

MAVRAKOS

1945 DELMAR BLVD.
217 NORTH 7TH ST. CANDIES OLIVE AT BRD'Y
GRAND & WASH'N.

LIGHT and DARK CHOCOLATES

Assortment of twenty different kinds, comprising Honey Nougats, Caramels, Coconut Bars, Molasses Chips and a variety of Fruit Milk Chocolate Creams....the lb.

SPECIAL
FRI. & SAT.

Pecan Nougat Roll;
Chocolate Cherries;
Fruit Milk Chocolate
Creams; Caramels;
Nougats and Fudges.

The Pound 50c

75c ASSORTED
TAFFY

A variety of delicious
Taffy. Four different
kinds, Mint, Lemon,
Molasses and Vanilla,
assorted.

The Box 25c

Our Peanut Candy 20c lb. Fri. & Sat. Only

Manufacturing and Sales, 4709-17 Delmar Blvd.

WE SHIP AND DELIVER SAFELY ANYWHERE

A Better Man at Fifty
Than He Was at Thirty

Healthier, heartier, and happier than
he ever was as a youngster. Able
to do more, and do it better.

Gives all credit to marvelous tonic

How long is it since you've felt equal to your weight in wildcats? Do you think that because you're past the age of thirty, you have no more right to the energy and vitality you once had?

If you do, you're wrong and you're denying yourself much of the success and pleasure of life. You're no older than you feel, and now it's easy for you to regain that feeling of vibrant health, tireless energy, and endless pep. Read this amazing offer: Walgreen Drug Stores guarantee 100% increase in your pep in twelve days! Phospho-Cod, a fine old tonic does it. If, after taking

Phospho-Cod for twelve days, you don't feel that your pep has doubled, the Walgreen Stores will refund what you paid for it. How can you afford to pass up such an offer? You can't lose by it, and you stand to gain immensely. From the potentest of cod livers in Phospho-Cod you'll gain increased pep and energy, and from its purifying extracts and hypophosphites you'll gain freedom from the poisons and impurities that weaken the system. And, in Phospho-Cod you'll find a flavor like rare old wine. Here's a tonic that is a pleasure to take. Phospho-Cod is priced well within the means of everybody, and is on sale at all

Walgreen Drug Stores

UNION'S
3 STORES

Easy Terms

Easy Terms

FURNITURE BARGAINS

3-PC. DAVENETTE SET

8-PC. DINING SUITES

Heavy oak frames, leatherette covered. Davenport opens into full-size bed. Easy Terms \$1475

Beautiful styles. Buffet, extension table, best chair and 5 side chairs. Oak China cabinets in fine condition. Oak Extension Tables. Easy Terms \$4975 \$10.00 \$5.00

2 and 3 Piece Living-Room Suites \$19.75

Odd Davenettes, in good condition \$5.00

3-Piece Living-Room Suite \$25.00

3-Piece Bed-Davenport Suites \$69.75

3-Piece Bed-Davenport Suites \$69.75

2-Piece Mohair Living-Room Suite \$85.00

2-Piece Mohair Living-Room Suite \$85.00

Floor Lamps, in many styles. Easy Terms \$5.95

Parlor Suites Sacrificed \$250

3-Piece Bedroom Suites \$99.75

Seventh and Market Store Only

3-Piece Bedroom Suites \$99.75

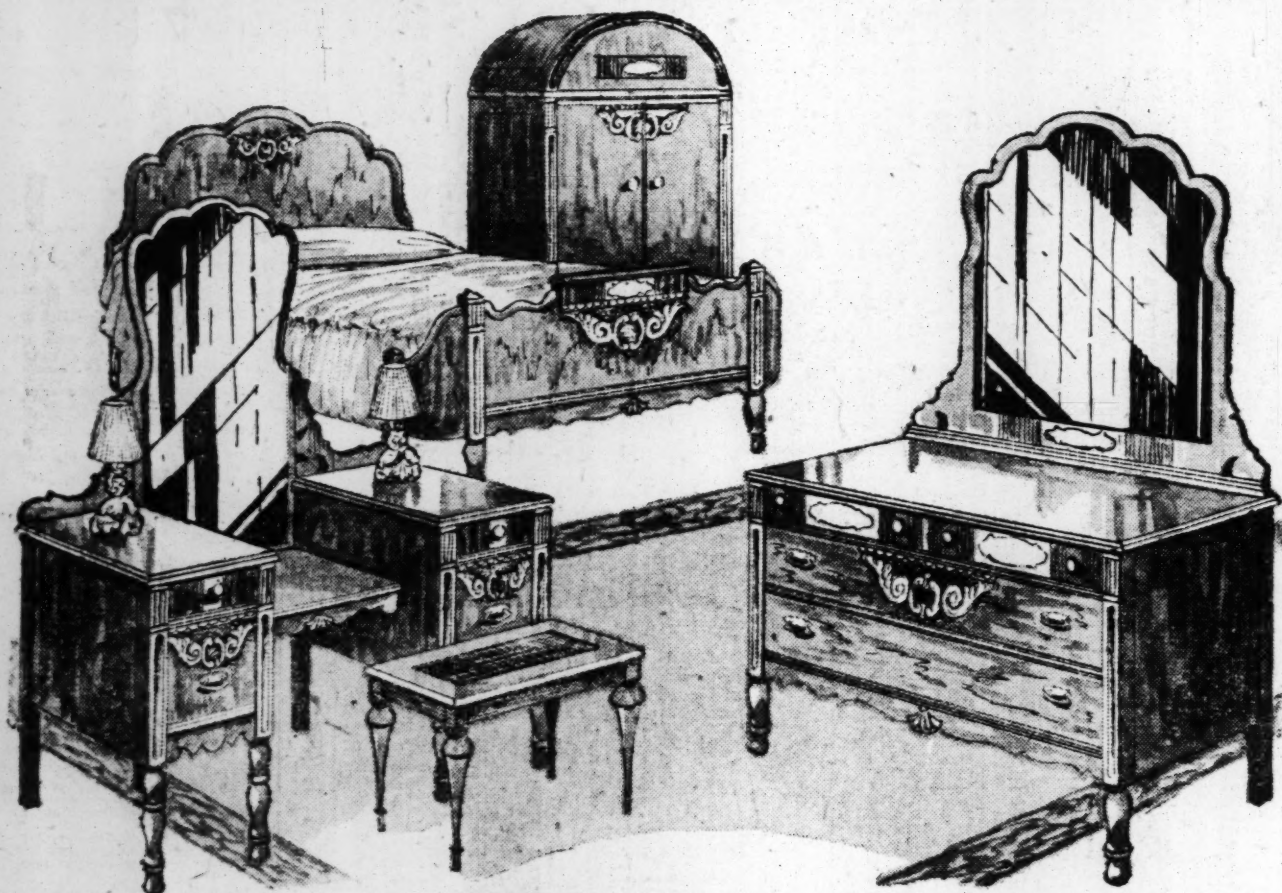
1118 Olive :: 7th and Market :: 206 N. 12th St.

4-Piece Bedroom Suites \$78.00

Odd Wood Full-Size Beds \$7.00

Odd Dressers are specially priced at \$12.75

outfits at very special prices

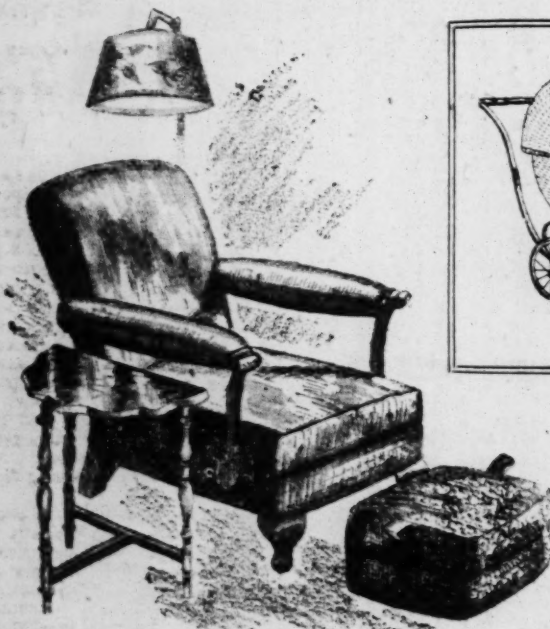


14 Pieces for the Bedroom

Including a Beautiful Room-Size Velvet Rug

A wonderfully complete Bedroom group of fine furnishings, consisting of a four-piece Bed-room Suite... bow-end bed, dresser, French vanity and canopy-top chifforobe of exquisite design, in genuine walnut veneers with beautifully decorated panels. Fine coil spring, felt mattress, two feather pillows, bedspread, two boudoir lamps, bed lamp, vanity bench and a room-size velvet rug! Everything exactly as pictured!

Just \$10 Monthly Pays for This Outfit!



Coxwell Chair Group
\$29⁷⁵

A cozy, comfortable group for the living room, consisting of Coxwell Chair, upholstered in colorful tapestry, pretty lacquered and decorated end table, bridge lamp with shade, and an attractively covered hassock.

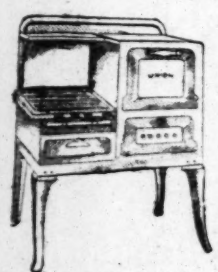
\$2 Monthly Pays for It!



Baby Carriage
\$18⁷⁵

Big and roomy and splendidly built of close woven reed fiber, with adjustable hood. Lined with rep. With easy rolling rubber tired wheels.

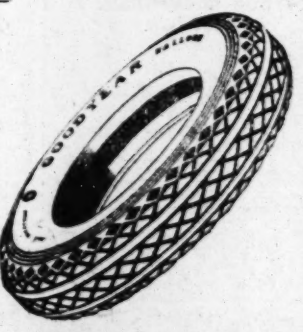
\$2 Monthly



All-White Porcelain
Gas Range
\$49⁷⁵

A beautiful Range in all-white porcelain with full-size four-burner top, large oven and broiler. A good cooker and baker.

\$4 Monthly



CHOICE OF THESE
BEAUTIFUL OUTFITS
\$195

GOOD YEAR
TIRES on Easy Terms

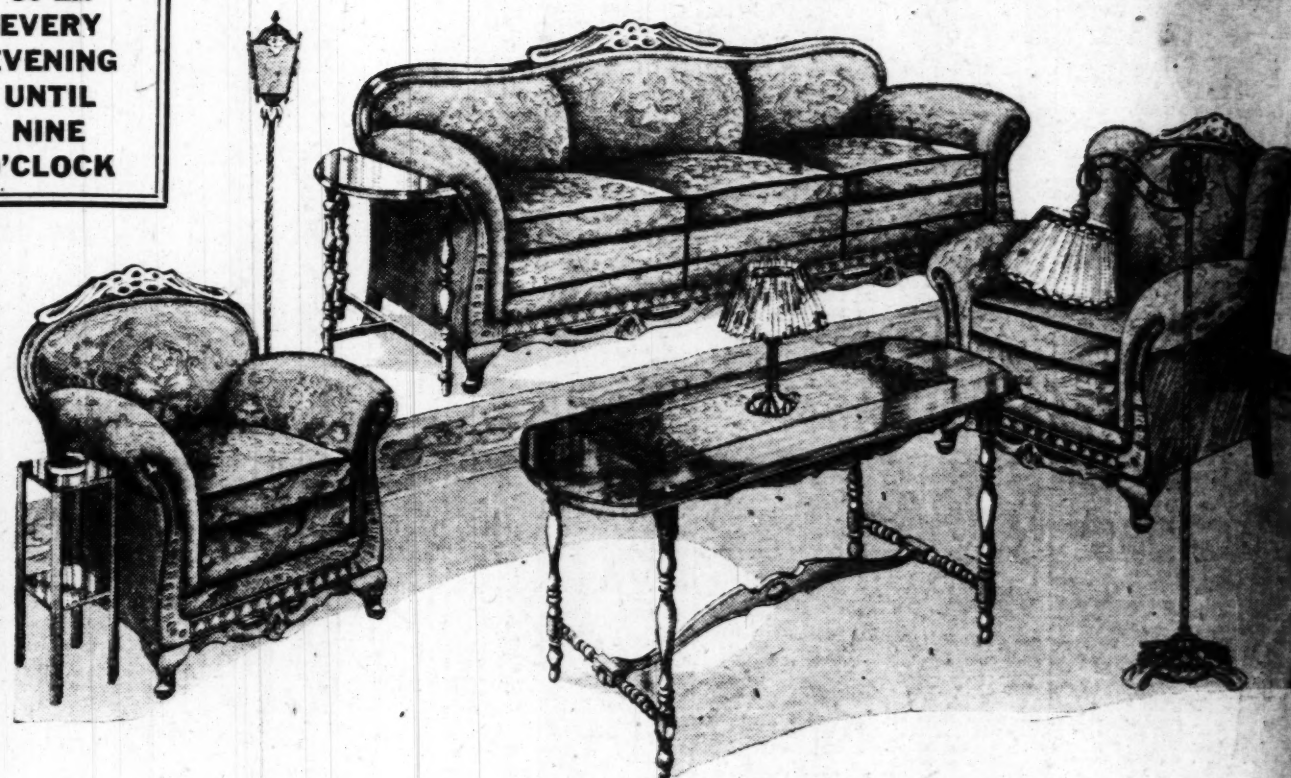
Pay for them as you ride! A reasonable deposit will deliver to you one, two, or a complete set of brand-new guaranteed Goodyear Tires... The balance you can pay in weekly or monthly installments convenient to you! Quick service... no red tape... no extra charge.

UNION

HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY

1120-22-24-26-28-30 OLIVE STREET

OPEN
EVERY
EVENING
UNTIL
NINE
O'CLOCK



11 Pieces for the Living-Room

Including a Beautiful Room-Size Velvet Rug

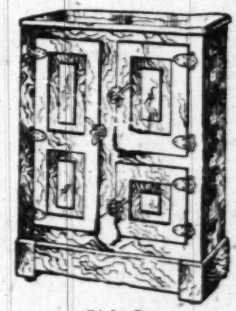
A complete living-room group of really high-grade furnishings, consisting of davenport which opens into full-size bed, wing chair and club chair with richly carved frames, upholstered in fine Jacquard velour, bridge lamp with shade, table lamp with pleated shade, davenport table, smoker, end table, two rayon sofa pillows and a beautiful room-size velvet rug. Everything exactly as illustrated!

Just \$10 Monthly Pays for This Outfit!

Dresserobe
\$19⁷⁵

A nicely made, generously proportioned Dresserobe with large mirror, plenty of drawer space and roomy clothes cabinet. In oak or walnut finish.

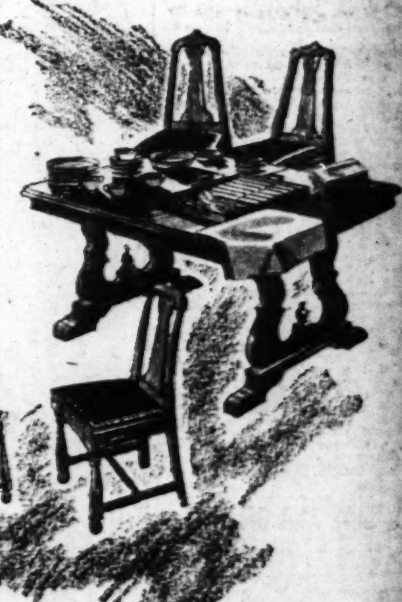
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Side-Ice
Refrigerator
\$17⁵⁰

A genuine Gibson Refrigerator in heavy oak case, well insulated and finished inside in spotless white enamel. Three doors. Side-ice.

\$2 Monthly



56-Pc. Breakfast Outfit
\$59⁷⁵

Wonderfully complete... including a handsome extension table in gray oak with four upholstered chairs to match, genuine Congoleum rug, 26-piece set of Wm. Rogers silver-plated ware, 19-piece set of china, linen tablecloth and four napkins.

\$5 Monthly Pays for It!

Fiction—Fashions
Household Topics
Women's Features

THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1928

WHEN GO

Governor Smith
of acceptance.

GERMA

One of the floats

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A Hoover
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Fiction—Fashions
Household Topics and
Women's Features

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH DAILY MAGAZINE

Popular Comics
News Photographs

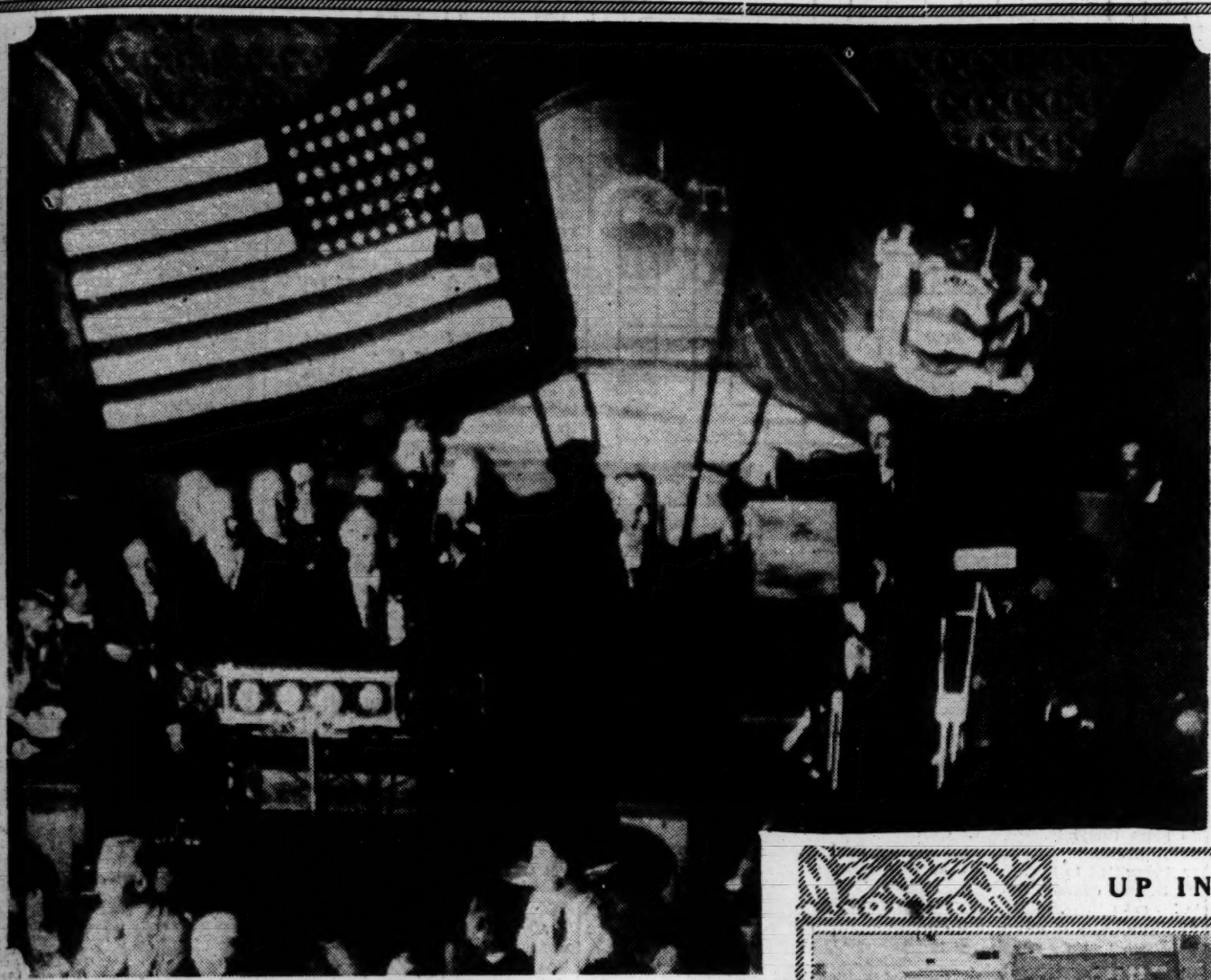
THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1923.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1923.

PAGE 9

WHEN GOVERNOR SMITH ACCEPTED THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION IN THE ASSEMBLY CHAMBER AT ALBANY

—Photos by wire to the Post-Dispatch from P. & A.

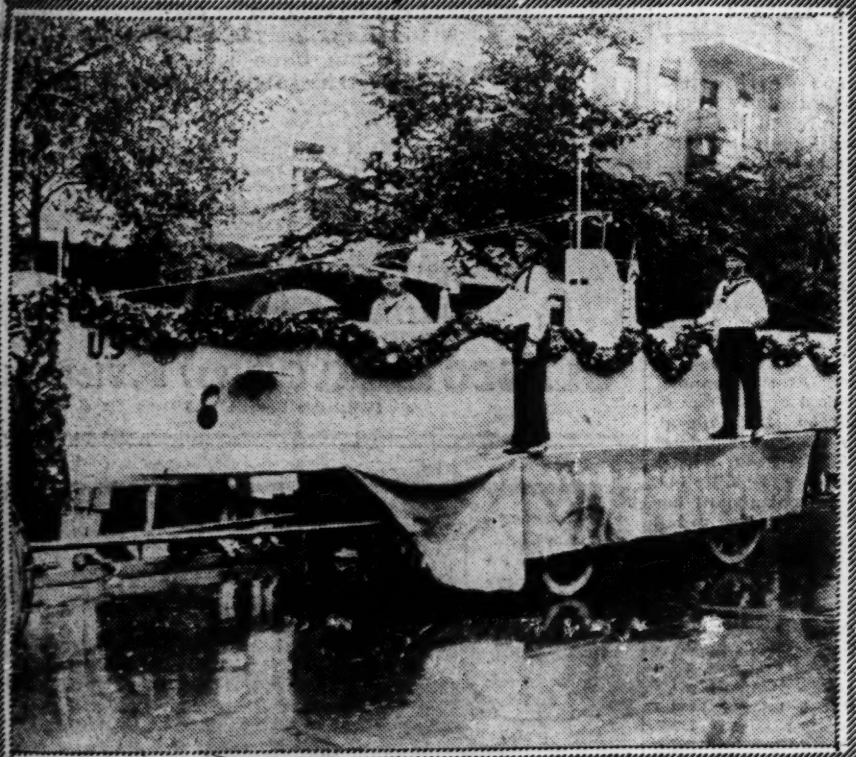


Governor Smith on the speaker's stand about to begin his speech of acceptance.



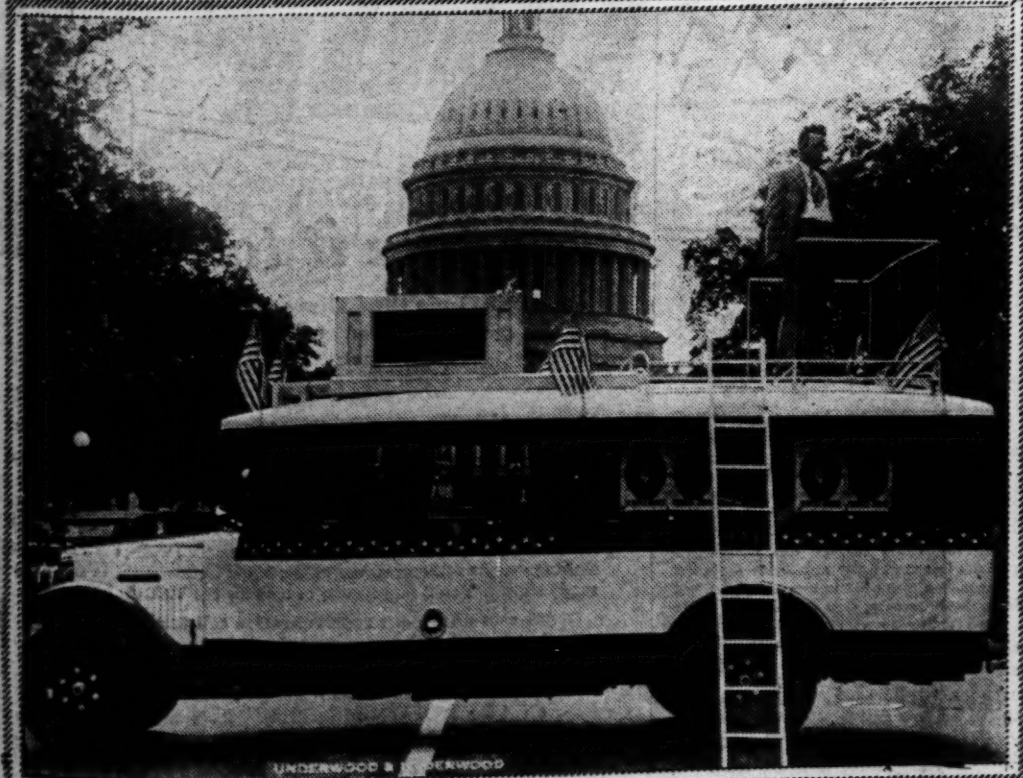
The Democratic nominee during his speech.

GERMAN MEMORIAL DAY



One of the floats in the recent ceremonies held in Berlin.
—Underwood & Underwood photo.

ADVERTISING THE TICKET



A Hoover and Curtis bus which is equipped with a motion picture machine and a speaker's stand which is to make a tour of the East and Middle West.
—P. & A. photo.

UP IN THE AIR



An exhibit of airplanes on top of a large building in Los Angeles.
—Underwood & Underwood photo.

THE BOTTLE TREE



One of the sights which attracts many tourists near Queensland, Australia.
—International photo.

LEADING THE PROCESSION



The Prince of Wales (at left) and Prince Charles of Belgium (at right) in the parade of 30,000 war veterans at Ypres recently.
—Associated Press photo.

ALMOST REAL ENOUGH TO LIVE



Lifelike dolls which walked and talked, after a fashion, at the recent technical fair at Leipsic, Germany.
—P. & A. photo.

THE WAY —OF— A WOMAN

—By—
Marguerite Mooers Marshall

Mr. Coolidge and Mr. Hoover's eagle-eyed scouts from the press have told the country just how a man goes fishing—from a man's point of view. Nevertheless, every woman with a fisherman in the family knows how much has been left out of these pictorial dispatches. Today THE WOMAN OF IT supplies some of the missing data.

A WOMAN GOES FISHING.

THERE'S nothing a man wants so much as a chance to go fishing. He says so, from November to May. The deeper the more the harsher he recalls how he used to whip a Maine trout brook, or the wonderful fishing he had on Cape Cod. "And this year," he always ends up, "I'm going to get the boat over early in May, while the fluke are running and the water is still cold. You get GOOD fishing then!"

First, however, the boat must be painted. When we remark that last year was his first season and she looked as good as new when he laid up the boat, the Skipper grins scornfully at our marine intelligence. "Don't you know," he demands, "that a boat has to be painted EVERY YEAR?" We blink meekly, and then revive enough to suggest that the two of us do the job on the first weekend in May, so that the rest of the month can be devoted to fishing.

"Not this week-end!" regrets the Skipper. "I haven't got the right kind of paint. Merwin's going to bring me a special waterproof mixture, but he can't get it over for a few days. Next week will be plenty of time."

Next week-end it rains, and, as the Skipper explains, anybody but a woman would understand that you can't put out a boat on the St. Louis club porch and paint it in the rain.

The week-end after that it blows and as the Skipper points out with some acerbity, painting a boat out in a gale means sand blown into all the crevices. "But why not do the job under cover—the club house isn't cleared up yet, and nobody would care," we suggest. "It won't dry so well," grumbles the Skipper; nevertheless, he yields the point. There's only one May week-end left for fishing.

He would go out then, of course, but his mooring isn't out. It has to be picked up and attached to the buoy during the 20 minutes when tide is lowest, and did you ever notice how low tide (or high tide, for that matter) always comes on some ghastly early or late hour, when you specially want to take advantage of it? So the mooring doesn't get out, or the boat either, and there's no May fishing trip.

The next time the Skipper starts fishing, having planned to put the mooring before he takes the boat down, he can't go because a cubelidlow has "borrowed" his mooring buoy.

The time after that he dives for the mooring and finds that the Atlantic Ocean has eaten his chain in two and carried it off. So he has to buy a new chain and a 50-pound mushroom anchor, and at last Gallezle II goes out to his mooring. But that day it's too late to fish.

It rains next week-end, and to take out a portable motor when it rains is like dropping the baby into a snowdrift. The Skipper grins his teeth with rage, for a neighbor down the boardwalk caught a six-pound fluke the other morning—to hear him tell it—and the Skipper couldn't get a fish.

But next week it blows so heavy whitecaps all over the bay and you can't get anywhere with a 14-foot boat in a half-gale, as the Skipper elucidates from the Gloucester hammock on the bungalow piazza.

It's so darned hot the following week-end that the Skipper isn't going out in that open boat and roast for anybody—certainly not for a tactless brute or a wife, who says something about it's being now the middle of July and weren't we going out fishing in May?

At last, though, comes the Perfect Fishing Day—calm water, cool air, no sign of rain. Of course, the Skipper's tackle isn't exactly right—no fisherman ever gets the time, the place and the exact size of hooks all together. And the bait isn't what it should be—only killies, since spearing (there's hoping we've spelled it right) is small and scarce, worms require too much manual labor and nobody thought to get sea clams when the tide was low. Nevertheless, and despite the lure of the cool and shady hammock, AT LAST WE GO FISHING—there's nothing a man enjoys so much, you know, and he never puts off or lets anything interfere with his favorite sport.

P. S. The catch consists of nine dogfish (one of which revenges his tribe by sticking his tail-thorn half an inch into the Skipper's hand), four crabs, a fine case of sunburn and two slim little one-pound mackerel—perfectly delicious.

FOLLIES OF FASHION

By Marguerite Barnes.



IN PLANNING your camp outfit three things should be considered. First, all clothes should be extremely simple. Next, give your attention to the material and color. The girl in Fig. 1 has not thought of these things and, as a result, her costume is most inappropriate. Her hat is too large; her hair is too fussily arranged and she is highly rouged. She has on a blouse of soft embroidered material, silk stockings and high-heeled shoes. She is wearing too much jewelry. The girl in Fig. 2 is correctly and smartly garbed. Camp costumes should be of materials that do not fade and of neutral shades. Ties and head bands should be colorful. If all the outside garments are waterproof, they are, naturally, more desirable. A manish shirt with a convertible collar and long sleeves, which may be rolled up if desired, is worn. Wool or heavy cotton socks should be worn with low-heeled walking shoes. The only jewelry appropriate with the camp leather wrist-band and, possibly, outfit is a plain watch with a pin for the tie.

Children's Bedtime Story

By THORNTON W. BURGESS.

CHATTERER TAKES TO THE TREETOPS.

When danger threatens run away; 'Tis naught but folly if you stay.

—Chatterer the Red Squirrel

CHATTERER the Red Squirrel was motionless with fright as he stared from a little round hole in a certain stub in the Green Forest down into the fierce, hungry, yellow eyes of Mrs. Yowler the Bobcat. Chatterer seemed to suddenly grow cold all over. He seemed to have lost the power of movement. He watched Mrs. Yowler slowly rise to her feet and begin to move silently toward that stub. Nearer she came and nearer. He saw her gather her stout hindfeet under her in readiness for a spring. And then, just before she did spring, Chatterer came to himself. He turned and darted down through that hollow stub and into the little gallery in the ground beneath it. And just as he darted into this little underground gallery he heard the splintering of wood, just after he felt the jar caused by Mrs. Yowler landing on that old dead stub of a tree. She was tearing that old stub to pieces, for it was soft and much decayed.

How thankful Chatterer was that there was that underground gallery! Had there not been, he would have been certainly would have had him. There would have been no escape. Along the little underground gallery raced Chatterer until he came to a hole in the ground that opened into the outside world. It was the same hole in which he had sought safety only a short time before. He paused only long enough to make sure that no one was watching that hole. Then he darted out and up a tree. Up he raced and out along a long branch. From this he leaped to the branch of an adjoining tree. He didn't even look down to see what Mrs. Yowler and the little Yowlers were doing. From tree to tree he leaped. He was traveling through the treetops, his favorite way of traveling. All he could think of now was home. Yes, sir, that is all he could think of. "I want to get home! I want to get home!" he kept saying over and over, as he raced along through the treetops, making some jumps that would have taken your breath away, could you have seen them.

Meanwhile, Mrs. Yowler had



Along the little underground gallery raced Chatterer.

broken over that old stub of a tree and torn it open. She snarled as her nose told her that Chatterer the Red Squirrel had been there so short a time before. Her nose told her just how he had escaped. She snarled as for a moment she tried to dig open that underground gallery. Then she realized how useless this would be and stopped.

"What was it?" asked one of the kittens.

"It was a Red Squirrel," replied Mrs. Yowler. "Some day when you are a little older, you may catch a Red Squirrel for yourself."

"But why didn't you catch this one for us?" asked the other kitten.

Mrs. Yowler pretended not to hear. "Yes," she continued, "Squirrels are very good eating. I must certainly see to it that you have a Squirrel dinner before long. Now, my dears, we will go back to our den. The den is the proper place for young Bobcats at this time of day. I don't know what your father would say if he should come along and discover you out here. Now follow me and don't either one of you dare to drop behind."

So Mrs. Yowler led the way back to the ledge where their home was and the two kittens obediently followed her.

(Copyright, 1928.)

"Healed Like Magic"

Detroit, Mich.—"My boy was covered with eczema and I seemed powerless to relieve him. I had spent about \$100.00 for various prescribed treatments, but none of them did him any good. Finally I sent for samples of Resinol Soap and Ointment and they proved to me that this was the treatment my child needed. I bought the Soap and Ointment from my druggist, and after using them as directed, the trouble healed like magic." (Signed) Thos. Saunders.

Thousands of mothers have found the soothing, healing action of Resinol ideal for keeping baby's skin clear and normal. Many wonder at the QUICKNESS of its action. For adults, too! Try it. At all drug stores.

For free sample of each, write Resinol, Dept. 34, Baltimore, Md.

Resinol

The Mind And Health

By Chas. A. L. Reed, M. D.
Former President of the American Medical Association.

YOU are constantly searching for more knowledge.

Why? Is it to satisfy curiosity? Probably. Is it to increase your power? Possibly. Is it to maintain your health? Certainly.

What is health? Health is complete harmony between yourself and the resistless natural forces that control your being.

Whether at any period in history perfect health was universal it is impossible to say. But there can be little doubt that the occurrence of ill health has been for thousands of years one of the chief motives behind man's desire and search for knowledge concerning his own structure and function. In other words, the desire to combat disease by both prevention and cure, has been largely responsible for what insight we have obtained into the anatomy and physiology of our various organs.

It may be questioned whether the stimulus of curiosity without ill health would have provided the necessary incentive. In this way it has come about that the problem of understanding the mechanism underlying mental processes is being approached by many avenues.

Behavior, as an indication of mental activity, heretofore has been regarded as a special province of the psychologist. Now, however, the whole problem is one for the physiologist. Evidence is accumulating to show that in the future, with the passing of the psychologist, the study of mental phenomena must depend more and more on the co-operation of other workers in different branches of science.

The study of diseased conditions has many facts to contribute as its share of this co-operative undertaking. Anatomy and physiology have also something to say. But the chief object of the scientific study of disease, both from its bedside and laboratory aspects, is to correlate disorder of function with that of structure. This is the work of the pathologist, who is trying to determine how far disease of the mind can be correlated with disorders of the structure of the brain. On that our conception of the mind and its workings must to a large extent ultimately depend.

Philosophers regarded the soul, or mind, as an immortal, supernatural, indefinable form of energy hovering about the head, or the liver or the heart as the case might be. Nowadays we tend to regard it as a function of the structure of the brain, or the structure of the brain as the case might be. It is to that of the heart, or digestion to the stomach.

A still more advanced view is that mind is the supreme function of the general body as manifested chiefly through the brain system. A close parallel is found between the development of the brain and the degree of development of intelligence and mental activity. The new-born infant possesses a brain, in structure, to be more primitive in structure than that of the adult. Large numbers of the nervous elements of which it is composed seem to be immature and, therefore, incapable of taking their part in those activities for which they are designed.

As months pass, more and more of these elements become mature, with the result that millions of cells, constituting the "gray matter," are brought into physiological connection with each other by means of the nerves and their branches. This is continued far into adult life and corresponds with the increase of knowledge and intelligence characteristic of those years. The complexities of structure, and the multiplicity of nervous connection found in the brain in the prime of life, are only comparable with the intricacies of memory, thought and expression of which the human mind is capable.

(Copyright, 1928.)

When baking any kind of spiced cake or cookie, substitute cold coffee for the liquid mentioned. It will add flavor and enhance the spices.

The Supreme Sea Food

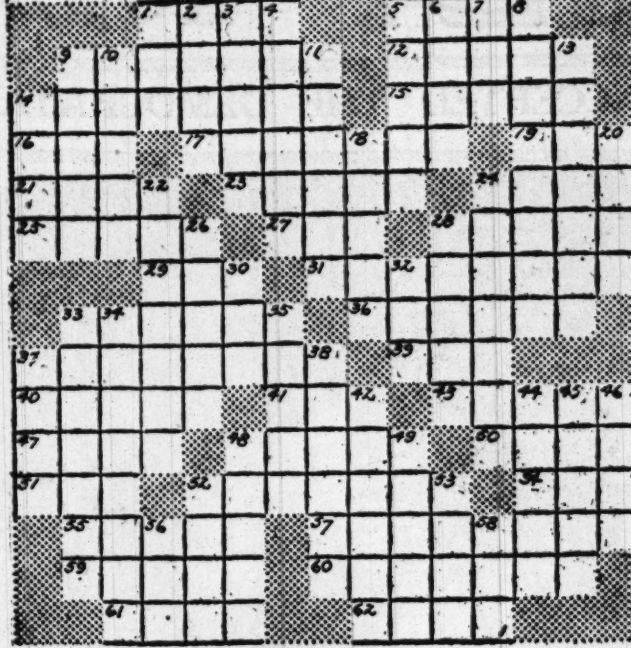
Tempting, delectable, with the tang of cool ocean depths. No wonder GEISHA Brand Crabmeat is the choice of epicures!

"Gosh!" Crab in Tomatoes. Cut a thin slice from stem and at tomato, remove center, and fill with seasoned crab flake. Cover with mayonnaise, garnish with sprig of parsley or with slices of pickles. Serve on lettuce leaf.

DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVE, Stanton Brokerage Co., 823 Spruce St., St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE AT LEADING GROCERS

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE



- ACROSS.**
1. Dash.
 2. Grain (pl.).
 3. Stouts.
 14. Characteristic of the time of year.
 15. Idiom of Southern India.
 16. Stray.
 17. Aborigines.
 18. Mark with ridges.
 21. Deceived.
 23. Type of chair.
 24. Split.
 25. Garden dormouse.
 27. Things.
 28. Coupled.
 29. Seize furtively.
 31. Retrieves.
 32. Permitted to live.
 36. Dinner course (pl.).
 37. Frustrates.
 39. Excuse for an action.
 40. Vetches.
 41. Daughter of Hypperton.
 43. Whey.
 47. Leavings.
 48. Agreements.
 50. Exhausted.
 51. Beverage.
- DOWN.**
1. Measure.
 2. Carnivorous.
 3. Coin of British India.
 4. More shapely.
 5. Repeated.
 6. Exclamation of regret.
 7. Headgear.
 8. Animated.
 9. Weird.
 10. Cholera.
 11. Red-bellied terrapin.
 13. Breaks off.
 14. Find a market.
 18. Urns.
 20. Foundations.
 22. Bestows.
 24. Despoiled.
 25. Pastries.
 26. Breakwaters.
 30. Hymenopterous insect.
 32. Complete.
 33. Color.
 34. Level plot.
 35. Lifeless (post.).
 37. Covered colonnade.
 38. Football.
 42. Pits.
 44. Mediaeval instrument (pl.).
 45. Euse.
 46. Administrator.
 48. Submultiples.
 49. Sense.
 52. Essence.
 53. Scope.
 56. Streak of mahogany.
 58. Measure used in the Netherlands.

LITTLE MONKEY LIKE A BABY

A MONKEY incident that might make him suspect that perhaps Darwin was right after all is told by Martin Johnson, the famous camera explorer, in the Delinquent.

"Once," he writes, "while we were watching them on a clear afternoon near sunset, we suddenly started one of the old females who had been prinking herself off to one side. With a scream of fear she dashed off, followed by all the rest, loudly complaining at the disturbance. One little fellow, too young to run fast, was suddenly left in the stampede. Hoping to catch him for a pet, I ran after him. He glanced over his shoulder, squealing with terror, as he saw me overtaking him. Suddenly he decided it was no use, he didn't have a chance to escape. He stopped, lay down on the rock and covered his eyes with his tiny hands. Trembling all over, he lay there sobbing like a child and waited for the end. The little fellow acted exactly as if he knew I was going to kill him and couldn't bear to see my hand upraised to strike."

He moved his hand a bit from one eye and peered at me. The sight of my face so close was too much. He pressed his hand quickly back and cried out in desperation. When I found I couldn't soothe him I carefully set him down and backed off. Again he peeked at me from behind one hand. He gave a sort of gasp as if he didn't believe his eyes. He jerked both hands down. Yes, both eyes told him I was too far away to grab him. He moved first to the left, then the other. Both worked all right. With a yell he turned and ran. At this moment a fuzzy face peeked around one of the rocks about 50 feet ahead. When the baby reached this point a body followed the head, apparently the mother, for the little one had released himself from her back and rode happily away to tell his playmates of his frightful adventure with a giant."

Creamed Carrots.

Wash and scrape carrots. Dice, cover with boiling water and cook until tender. Drain and mix with a rich cream sauce. Garnish with chopped parsley. A mighty pretty and healthful dish.

LIPTON'S TEA

THE IDEAL SUMMER DRINK

COOLING and refreshing for these warm summer days.

When baking any kind of spiced cake or cookie, substitute cold coffee for the liquid mentioned. It will add flavor and enhance the spices.



"I Was Proud of Your Slender Figure Tonight, Dear"

These were the thrilling words of dear old Jack on our way home from the first bridge party of the season. For years I had been as large and as overweight as any woman there. Tonight I was the slenderest. Mary's husband, to her annoyance, said I was the youngest looking woman at the party. (Mary is seven years younger than I am.)

It's all because I lost the distressing surplus fat that had begun to accum-

ulate after our first baby came. But now I have a figure that is the envy of my friends and the pride of my husband. How did I lose weight? Easy enough! I learned of an amazing new fat reducer—FAT-O-NO—intended to correct the condition in women that causes fat.

FAT-O-NO is a new reducing tablet for women only and can be taken privately in your home. It is guaranteed to cause no harmful or habit-forming drugs and to be absolutely safe to use. Its basic preparation actually builds strength and energy. It tends to correct faulty metabolism and other conditions that cause women to get fat without starvation, diets or exercises. When you reduce to your desired weight, stop taking FAT-O-NO. Your corrected condition should keep you normal. FAT-O-NO is a little higher in price but worth more. It is sold on the basis of money-back if not satisfied. At most first-class drug stores and always in stock at

Walgreen Stores and Wolff-Wilson Drug Stores

FAT-O-NO

A SUMMER USE FOR RADIATORS

ALTHOUGH welcomed during a part of the year for its comforting warmth, the unsightly radiator constitutes, during the longer months when it is not in use, a glaring note which vexes the housewife who takes pride in the decorative harmony and atmosphere of her home.

One solution to which many are turning helps materially in adding to the appearance of a room and at the same time provides a practical use for the radiator in summer.

A sheet of polished plate glass slipped into wooden brackets grooved to fit the glass will make a shelf which can be fastened to the wall a few inches above the radiator top. A decorative cretonne hung in front from a rod fitted into the same wooden brackets, and at the sides tacked directly to the wood, will completely disguise the radiator until it is needed again in the fall.

A bowl of flowers, or growing plants, and a pair of candlesticks will complete the transformation. A cool effect will be given by the lustrous sheen of the plate glass. Furthermore, the glass will prove strong enough to bear any reasonable weight and it will not be marred by spilled water. The glass may easily be kept clean with a damp cloth.

A mirror, hung on the wall back of the radiator will further brighten the room and add greatly to the pleasing effect of the arrangement.

Scrambled Eggs and Chicken Livers.

Two chicken livers, three tablespoons butter, four eggs, one-half cup milk, one teaspoon salt, one-eighth teaspoon pepper. Clean and cut livers into cubes. Cook in melted butter for three minutes. Pour over the eggs which have been beaten with milk and seasonings. Cook as you would plain scrambled eggs until eggs are set. A dish that is bound to interest the convalescent. Of course, garnish it tastily with sprigs of parsley.

A solution of baking soda and water left to stand in baby's bottles after they are washed will keep them sweet.

Hemstitching Is Back

HEMSTITCHING has returned with a vengeance in Paris for the simple warm-weather frock. It is particularly favored for the sleeveless frock in crepe de chine, voiles, linen, wool crepes and thin woolen fabrics. Turkish point which permits curved lines is a favorite variation of plain hemstitching. Many of these dresses are set on a plain round yoke, and this handwork is their only trimming.



My Bleach for Tan and Freckles

"I continue my photographic posing all through the summer," says Miss Emily Boyle, noted New York camera model, "and being inclined to tan and freckle, I have to have a bleach that will tone my skin white and flawless and at the same time be harmless."

"For my bleach I use a ready-made preparation, but simply set three ounces of Orchard White at the drug store and mix it with the juice of two lemons. This makes a quart of a perfectly marvelous bleach for a few cents. Rubbed into the face, neck and arms, it washes away tan and freckles and makes my skin clear and white. This is the bleach all studio models learn about soon after they begin posing. No ready-to-use preparation can equal it, because for one person, you use it while it is still fresh."

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Dad or Bill don't have to be urged to clean the inside of the car when it's so easy to make it spic and span with the VAC-ALL.

Air bathing the mattresses—cleaning and moth protecting the upholstered furniture, the suits and dresses. Removing dust from lamp shades—walls—tapestry—rugs—brocade walls; sanitizing and making every nook and corner of the house immaculate. It is fascinatingly simple. You'll find no end of uses for the VAC-ALL.

Ask us to have our representative call to show you the real help and assistance that the VAC-ALL can be to you—Phone Jefferson 2275

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Price \$26.36 Complete

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TRUE LIFE

By WALTER AND LEONARD TOWNSEND

CHAPTER III SCHOOL DAYS

WITH the death of Queen Victoria the young Prince David quickly transferred his affection to his grandmother, Queen Alexandra, and she consciously or unconsciously followed in the footsteps of his mother, spending more hours than could perhaps spare with her six grandchildren.

"Grandma said I could do it!" he came a favorite excuse proffered by David to his mother when he was caught doing something which had brought reproach down on his head, and on his mother's side, Queen Alexandra "Did you say David could do so-and-so?" The Queen would smile and perhaps a little sheepishly reply that she had given the necessary permission thus saving her favorite grandchild from a scolding.

On one occasion Queen Alexandra, while at Sandringham, was taking the little Prince Edward on a drive in her landau when suddenly he jumped up and pointed to a collection of school children who were holding an impromptu cricket match.

"Grandma, look," he cried. "I go and play, too?" But "Grandma" shook her head negatively, and so the little Prince had to continue his drive with many wistful glances backward. On the return journey the Queen stopped her carriage to call and see one of the villagers in whom she had taken an interest for many years. The little Prince she led in the carriage in charge of the attendant footman.

When Her Majesty emerged from the cottage some quarter of an hour later it was to find the little Prince missing and after glancing round she saw a very distressed footman expostulating with Prince Edward, who was trying to escape from the cricket team. "I have previously inspired his interest," she allowed him to join the game. However, stood back rather frightened and respectful. Smiling slightly, Queen Alexandra relieved the unhappy footman of his mischievous charge and carried "David" back, much amused, to the carriage. The drive home was a little one and was only broken by a whispered request from the little Prince:

"Please, Grandma, don't Mamma."

Although the young Prince enjoyed himself to the full in his boyhood, spending his time between Frogmore (near Windsor), York Cottage, Sandringham and Marlborough House, London, there were times, in even the most carefree days, when he felt the irksome pressure of sterner duties which were so to cut short his boyhood days. One early occasion when standing beside his father who was reviewing troops, sheer physical fatigue made him drop his little rifle from the saddle, but a look from his father brought his hand quickly back to his forehead. But even though, from the time he was given into the care of his tutor, Mr. Hansell, and he was being prepared for a wider life than could be obtained within the shelter of the Royal Residence, the Prince enjoyed to the full every hour of his existence, and the possession of his first cricket bat and tennis racket he has always been devoted to every kind of sport.

Queen Mary is responsible for the love of tennis—a game at which she is extraordinarily proficient, which of late years has been somewhat neglected in favor of the hunting and point-to-point races. The Duchess of York (now Queen Mary) was passionately fond of game, and had special courts on which the Royal children played. In these days "David" more force into his play than as his father learned one day to cost when a tennis ball came through the window of his study at York Cottage and played him on his writing table. When Duke went in search of the offender he was nowhere to be found. His sister Mary was at that time more proficient at the game and today owes her skill to coaching of Mrs. Lambert Clarke.

The Prince of Wales was the leading actor in the game of the Royal children. Cycling was submitted by "Rude" to the strenuous tests. Many were races which he arranged, sometimes, not exactly with his mother's consent—or knowledge? They were "The Ascot Cycle Stakes"—distance, held during an early week to celebrate perhaps a first bet at Ascot. During this particular race the young Prince acted like fury to make up for start which, chivalrously he allowed his sister, Mary, to win. He, too, was an "elder" Prince did not always "count first" in the races he planned. Princess Mary proved a rival to his brother Albert. A favorite pastime of the children at Sandringham was play follow-my-leader on the cycles—pedalling in and out the flower beds. "David" imitated, with Princess Mary behind, and Prince Albert in rear.

The flower beds usually suffered since "spills" were common. It was only when parent governesses were out of the that the "happy trio" could indulge in their favorite sport. Prince Edward was always

TRUE LIFE STORY OF THE PRINCE OF WALES

By WALTER AND LEONARD
TOWNSEND

CHAPTER III SCHOOL DAYS

WITH the death of Queen Victoria the young Prince David quickly transferred his affection to his grandmother, Queen Alexandra, and she consciously or unconsciously followed in the footsteps of his mother by spending more hours than she could spare with her eldest grandchild.

"Grandma said I could do it!" became a favorite exclamation of David to his mother when he was caught doing something which had brought reproach down on his head, and on his mother asking Queen Alexandra "Did you say David could do so-and-so?" the Queen would smile and perhaps a little sheepishly reply that she had given the necessary permission thus saving her favorite grandchild from a scolding.

On one occasion Queen Alexandra, while at Sandringham, was taking the little Prince Edward out for a drive in her landau when suddenly he jumped up and pointed to a collection of school children who were holding an impromptu cricket match.

"Grandma, look," he cried. "May I go and play, too?" But "Grandma" shook her head negatively, and so the little Prince had to continue his drive with many wistful glances backward. On the return journey the Queen stopped her carriage to call and see one of the villagers in whom she had taken an interest for many years. The little Prince sat left in the carriage in charge of the attendant footman.

When His Majesty emerged from the cottage some quarter of an hour later it was to find the little Prince missing, and after searching round she saw a very distressed footman expostulating with Prince Edward, who was trying to induce the small cricket team that had previously inspired his interest to allow him to join the game. They, however, stood back rather frightened and respectful. Smiling slightly Queen Alexandra relieved the unhappy footman of his mischievous charge and carried "David" back, much abashed, to the carriage. The drive home was a silent one and, was only broken by a whispered request from the little Prince:

"Please, Grandma, don't tell Mamma."

Although the young Prince enjoyed himself to the full in his boyhood, spending his time between Frogmore (near Windsor), York Cottage, Sandringham and Marlborough House, London, there were times, in even these carefree days, when he felt the inescapable pressure of sterner duties which were soon to cut short his boyhood days. On one early occasion when standing beside his father who was reviewing troops, sheer physical fatigue made him drop his little arms from the salute, but a look from his father brought his hand quickly back to his forehead. But even though from the time he was first given into the care of his father, Mr. Hansell, and he was being prepared for a wider life than could be obtained within the shelter of the Royal Residence, the boy Prince enjoyed to the full every hour of his existence, and since the possession of his first cricket bat and tennis racket he has always been devoted to every kind of sport.

Queen Mary is responsible for his love of tennis—a game at which he is extraordinarily proficient, but which of late years has been somewhat neglected in favor of golf, hunting and point-to-point racing. The Duchess of York (now Queen Mary) was passionately fond of the game, and had special courts laid on which the Royal children practiced. In these days "David" put more force into his play than skill, as his father learned one day to his cost when a tennis ball came through the window of his study at York Cottage and played havoc on his writing table. When the Duke went in search of the offender he was nowhere to be found.

His sister Mary was at that time much more proficient at the game and today owes her skill to the coaching of Mrs. Lambert Chambers.

The Prince of Wales was always the leading spirit in the games of the Royal children. Cycling was a favorite pastime of his, and he submitted his "Rude" to the most strenuous tests. Many were the races which he arranged, sometimes, not exacting of his mother's consent—or knowledge! There were "The Ascot Cycle Stakes," for instance, held during an early Ascot week to celebrate perhaps his first bet at Ascot. During this particular race the young Prince pedaled like fury, making up the start which, chivalrously he had allowed his sister, Mary; but for once, he, too, was an "also ran." Indeed, though the eldest, the Prince did not always "come in first" in the races he planned in youthful athletic attainments. Princess Mary proved to be a rival to his brother Albert.

A favorite pastime of the Royal children at Sandringham was to play follow-my-leader on their bicycles—pedaling in and out of the flower beds. "David" invariably led, with Princess Mary close behind, and Prince Albert in the rear.

The flower beds usually suffered since "spills" were common. It was only when parents and governesses were out of the way that the "happy trio" could indulge in this most favorite of sports. Prince Edward was always ready



The Prince when a boy learning to play golf.

to admit his sister's superiority in many ways. He had an wholesome admiration for her cleverness, both in lessons and sports, over his possibly more brilliant and impetuous, though sometimes less well-thought-out achievements. The little Prince, however, had even then a characteristic which may be called, to use his own favorite expression, "neck or nothing."

The story is told of an adventure which very well illustrates this trait. During an official visit to Bangor University, by David's strategy, the young Prince and his sister Mary escaped from the Royal party just as the climax of interest was reached in the Royal speech-making, to explore a nearby tower which had caught their interest.

Little Princess Mary, however, began to grow timid as they neared the top, for she was beginning to realize the enormity of their offense in breaking away from the ceremony. Her elder brother also respected authority, but his love of adventure got the better of him, on this occasion, and he assured his companion that, having gone so far, they might as well "be hanged for sheep as a lamb."

Reaching the top of the tower they looked down on the brilliant assemblage below.

Unhappily the crowd spotted them and the enthusiastic pointing upward caused the royal party to glance at the top of the tower, and before David and Mary could hide they were spotted. A few minutes later an eagerly fetched expression, "neck or nothing," was heard from the Prince.

Parental chastisement, however, was never administered merely because of the breaking of some point of Royal etiquette, for the Duke and Duchess of York brought up their family in an atmosphere of remarkable simplicity, observing all that was best and most suitable in the traditions of English family life. "David" was expected to conduct himself the same as would the son of any well-bred family, and so was not deterred from participation in games, sports and adventures which would have appeared at some continental courts to be "too democratic."

From his earliest days, he and his brother, Albert, fished, climbed, played "one wicket cricket," and took swimming lessons. So far, the Prince's education

had been entrusted to Madame Bricks, the governess companion of his own mother, the late Mr. H. G. Hus, French tutor (Eton), and Mr. Cecil J. Sharp, the famous expert in folk lore, song and dancing, who ably undertook his social education and assisted as a coach in games.

It is interesting to know that in 1928 "Cecil Sharp" Fund was inaugurated to provide a national headquarters for the folk music, country dances, and other traditional arts of the English people. "David" was only allowed one servant, Mr. Frederick Finch, who acted as a valet and who, later, became His Royal Highness's "batman" in France during the great war. Today Mr. Finch is Steward of York House, the Prince of Wales' London residence.

King George has been given too little credit for the part he played in forming the character of the Prince of Wales. He paid the closest attention to the way in which his eldest son acquitted himself in this elementary schooling, but did not use the lever of reminding the young boy of his position to enforce a strict attention to his lessons.

Little news of the great outside world entered the happy life which the Prince and his sister and brothers were enjoying until the news came round the "nursery" that King Edward, their grandfather, was to be crowned King of England. The Governor had already instructed his royal charges in the elements of the British Constitution, but when the actual coronation ceremony drew near, the children were all excitement.

Prince Edward was at his time "cautioned" as to his important future position and his remarks, shortly afterwards, to Princess Mary, as he surveyed the mechanical railway, out of which he had extracted many interesting and happy hours at Marlborough House, were somewhat lugubrious. It seemed as though, for the first time, "David" was realizing already

the barrier which the State was merging faintly between himself and his younger brother, Albert. Princess Mary, as the only Princess in the family, herself held a unique position, and this tie drew brother and sister even closer together.

In the midst of preparations for the Coronation, King Edward fell seriously ill and, for a while, a shadow cast its gloom upon the children.

"David" was jubilant when he was told that the King was quite well again. He had a wholesome admiration for his illustrious grandfather—"Grandfather Marlborough," as he called him because his earliest memories of the King—then Prince of Wales—were gained at Marlborough House.

(To Be Continued Tomorrow.)
(Copyright, 1928.)

THE BEAUTY SHOP

By Frances Olivier.

WHEN MAKING THE MOTIONS OF BEAUTY.

COUSIN ALICE was "creaming" her face. And here is how she did it. She dipped four fingers of one hand into the luscious white cream, scooped up a good, big blob, screwed up her face and pushed it every which way. Yes, her face. Cousin Alice isn't half bad looking now, but she is going to be a sight five years from now, if she continues this daily mis-treatment.

And doubtless there are hundreds and hundreds of women who do so daily likewise. Not that we have statistics on the matter, but we know how very typical a woman Cousin Alice is.

Facial massage is a job for expert fingers, only. The proper way for the amateur to cream-cleanse her face is this: First of all, the cream must be generously smoothed over the hands themselves, then with two or three broad sweeps, in an upward and outward direction, smoothed over the entire face, from chin to forehead, and finally, the cream should be wiped away in the same manner, up and out, with the aid of a soft towel, on cleansing tissues.

Two or three generous downward strokes will take care of the neck.

Now, about skin foods, nourishing creams and the correct employment of them. Apply them in the way just suggested for cleansing cream, but instead of immediately removing a nourishing

cream, let it remain on the skin for five or ten minutes, and in the meanwhile give the face a gentle spanking with the fingertips. If crowsfeet is the problem, gently pat the skin around the eyes. If general starvation and dryness is the chief trouble, pat, pat, pat all over the face. And if the difficulty happens to be a scrawny neck, then multiply the usual two or three down-strokes by five.

And, oh, please, ladies, so through the beauty motions before a mirror, always. We know perfectly well that had Cousin Alice been a witness to the faces she was making when she pummeled and scoured herself with cream—well, the fact of the matter is, she simply wouldn't have made such faces in the first place.

Deep creases in the forehead? If you promise to exercise extreme care in the practice of it, we will go so far as to describe a simple massage movement—one that does not necessarily belong to expert fingers exclusively: Brace the thumbs at each temple, then with the middle finger of each hand slowly "iron" the horizontal lines in a horizontal direction.

For the unlovely little vertical lines between the eyebrows, brace the thumb at the top center of the forehead and iron the vertical lines upward. And it takes only a very few minutes each day to smooth away these forehead "designs."

(Copyright, 1928.)

A DISH FOR TODAY Honey Mousse.

Beat the yolks of four fresh eggs well, then work in gradually a cupful of strained honey, heat slowly until thickened, stirring constantly; then remove from the fire and set to cool. When cold fold in the stiffly beaten whites of the eggs, one cupful of whipped cream and one of plain heavy cream. Blend and add two teaspoonfuls of rum flavoring. Turn into the vacuum freezer or pack in a mould and bury in salt and ice for four hours. Do not freeze in a paddle freezer.

Molded Spinach Salad.
One pint cooked spinach, one teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon pepper, one tablespoon lemon juice, two chopped hard-boiled eggs, mayonnaise. Chop spinach and press out all water. Add salt, pepper and lemon juice and pack into molds that have been wet with cold water. Chill. Serve on beds of lettuce with finely chopped hard-boiled eggs over the top of each serving. Serve mayonnaise separately.

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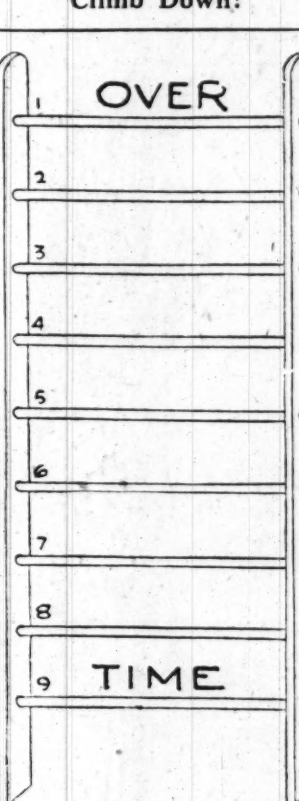
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Molded Spinach Salad.

One pint cooked spinach, one teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon pepper, one tablespoon lemon juice, two chopped hard-boiled eggs, mayonnaise. Chop spinach and press out all water. Add salt, pepper and lemon juice and pack into molds that have been wet with cold water. Chill. Serve on beds of lettuce with finely chopped hard-boiled eggs over the top of each serving. Serve mayonnaise separately.

WHAT TO DO FOR PRICKLY HEAT

By Emilie Hoffman

PRICKLY HEAT is a prevalent affliction during hot weather or as an aftermath of a hot spell. If not properly treated it may develop into a very annoying inflammatory eruption.

When adults are the victims their suffering will hasten their seeking relief, but babies and small children are at the mercy of their caretakers and these often overlook or neglect to take proper measures to allay the trouble, with the consequence that serious troubles result. With proper care, however, prickly heat may be entirely avoided even in babies. The first essential is absolute cleanliness, and on hot days children should be lightly clothed and all garments should be free circulation of air on the surface of the body will produce rapid evaporation of heat and perspiration and prevent the occurrence of prickly heat.

Special baths are good preventives of prickly heat. For babies the bran baths are highly recommended. To give these the cupful of bran in a cheese-cloth bag. You can make several filled bran bags to have them on hand when required. Fill baby's tub two-thirds full with water at a temperature of 90 to 95 degrees Fahrenheit, then squeeze the bag under the water until latter attains a milky color. Keep the child in this bath three or four minutes, gently bathing him with the water. Use no soap and do not rub. Pat the child dry with a soft towel and freely dust with a good talcum powder. As a preventive treatment this bath is excellent.

Soda sponge baths are particularly cooling and very effective in

prickly heat. Two heaping (tablespoonfuls of the baking soda (sodium bicarbonate) in the tubful of water may be used as a regular bath, but in hot weather and where there is an outbreak of prickly heat the soda should be used as a sponge bath two or three times a day.

Some mothers keep the affected parts well with warm water and Castile soap and then gently rubbing cooler water diluted with a little vinegar, then after patting dry, dusting with borated talcum. Sponging with little water will also give relief but never rub the skin. Any of these treatments will also prove effective in adults, but a good antiseptic solution followed by a liberal application of antiseptic powder will give quick relief to adults.

However, neither you nor the babies will get prickly heat if you apply preventive measures during the hot weather and these are simple: absolute cleanliness, wear clothing of such texture that allows free circulation of air on the skin, frequent cooling sponge baths and the liberal use of dusting powder.

(Copyright, 1928.)

Cream Filling.

Two eggs, one cup scalded milk, one cup sugar, two tablespoons cornstarch, a pinch of salt, one tablespoon butter, one teaspoon vanilla extract. Mix sugar, cornstarch, beaten eggs and salt. Add melted butter and scalded milk. Cook in a double-boiler until thick and smooth. Add flavoring after removing from stove. Cool and spread between layers of the cake.

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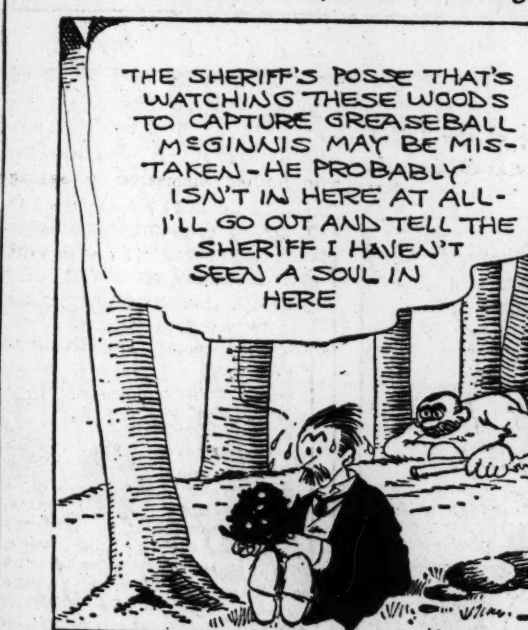
The Secret Mission



This Comic Appears as a Full Page in One of the TWO Comic Sections of the Sunday Post-Dispatch



Bobo Baxter—By Rube Goldberg



Unpleasant Company



Mutt and Jeff—By Bud Fisher



Mutt's Mother-in-Law Must Be a Flat Tire



This Comic Appears in One of the TWO Comic Sections of the Sunday Post-Dispatch



WHERE IS SHE? I'LL TELL HER SOME FUNNIER ONES!



Bringing Up Father—By George McManus



This Comic Appears in One of the TWO Comic Sections of the Sunday Post-Dispatch



LOOK - HE LEFT ONE OF HIS CIGARS FOR YOU.



WELL, THAT WUZ NICE OF HIM.



KELLOGG IN PARIS TO SIGN PACT AGAINST WAR

U. S. Secretary of State Arrives Ahead of Schedule to Avoid Crowd and Demonstration.

15 NATIONS TO JOIN IN TREATY MONDAY

Official to Be Guest of American Embassy—Declares He Will Make No Speeches in Europe.

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, Aug. 24.—Secretary of State Kellogg arrived in Paris today to participate in the signing of his renunciation of war treaty on Monday. He was accompanied by Premier MacKenzie King, of Canada, who made the voyage to France aboard the Ile de France, which landed at Havre this morning.

With the arrival of the United States Secretary of State, plans for the historic ceremonies Monday got into full swing. The representatives of the 15 States which will sign the treaty are arriving steadily, and numerous welcomes were the order of the day. Peace enthusiasts, women's rights proponents and specialists in international political speculation were busy all day.

The arrival of Kellogg was in marked contrast with the fanfare of newspaper comment with which the newspapers had heralded his coming. He reached Paris at 10:15 a. m. in three quarters of an hour before the announced time as a police precaution to avoid any possible hostile demonstration by Communists and other extremists in remembrance of Sacco and Vanzetti or on general principles.

Japanese First to Arrive.
Although most of the attention naturally centered on Secretary Kellogg, Count Uchida of Japan was the first to arrive in Paris for the signing, reaching here at dawn. Becu de Fouquieres, master of ceremonies of the French Foreign Office, consequently was the busiest man in Paris. He had to get up in the dark to meet the Japanese representative, and then rushed back to greet Kellogg and the Canadian Premier. Other welcomes were on his program for tomorrow and Sunday until all the statesmen have assembled.

Various world feminists have gathered in Paris in an effort to get on a bona fide conference with the various statesmen, in their fight for equal rights. The French have said they are willing if Kellogg and the others are agreeable, but that is as far as matters have gone.

Secretary Kellogg is remaining briefly at the American Embassy. He and Mrs. Kellogg, after being photographed by movie men in the garden, had breakfast, having had nothing since coffee and toast on shipboard at 6 a. m.

Meets Briand for First Time.
Secretary Kellogg went immediately after his arrival this morning. Among them were Hugh R. Wilson, Minister to Switzerland; Hugh C. Wallace, former Ambassador to France, and Mrs. Wallace.

Maurice Bunau-Varilla, proprietor of the Paris Matin and a warm friend of America, and Stephane Lacomme, editor of the paper, also called.

The Secretary found time to drive out to the American hospital to ask for J. Theodore Mariner, chief of the Western European division of the State Department, who is ill.

To Meet Poincare Sunday.
Premier Poincare sent word that he would be free to receive Secretary Kellogg at any time Sunday. The Secretary of State has appointed 5 o'clock for his call on the Prime Minister, which will be in the reception rooms of the Louvre. The Kelloggs will have their lunches and dinners at the Embassy with the Herick family quite informally.

The treaty, which will be signed

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.